

## COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

### 17 CFR Parts 4, 145, and 147

RIN 3038–AD30

#### Commodity Pool Operators and Commodity Trading Advisors: Amendments to Compliance Obligations

**AGENCY:** Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** The Commodity Futures Trading Commission is proposing to amend its existing regulations and proposing one new regulation regarding Commodity Pool Operators and Commodity Trading Advisors. The Commission is proposing a new data collection for CPOs and CTAs that is consistent with the data collection required under the Dodd-Frank Act. The proposed amendments would: Rescind the exemptions from registration provided in the Commission's regulations; rescind the relief from the certification requirement for annual reports provided to operators of certain pools only offered to qualified eligible persons ("QEPs"); modify the criteria for claiming relief under the Commission's regulations; and require the annual filing of notices claiming exemptive relief. Finally, the proposal includes new risk disclosure requirements for CPOs and CTAs regarding swap transactions.

**DATES:** Comments must be in writing and received on or before April 12, 2011.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments, identified by RIN number 3033–AD30, by any of the following methods:

- *Agency Web site, via its Comments Online process:* <http://comments.cftc.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments through the Web site.

• *Mail:* David A. Stawick, Secretary of the Commission, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC 20581.

• *Hand Delivery/Courier:* Same as mail above.

• *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

Please submit your comments using only one method.

Please specify the regulation(s) to which your comment refers in the subject field of comments submitted by e-mail, and otherwise clearly indicate the regulation(s) on written

submissions. All comments must be submitted in English, or if not, accompanied by an English translation. Comments will be posted as received to <http://www.cftc.gov>. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. If you wish the Commission to consider information that you believe is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, a petition for confidential treatment of the exempt information may be submitted according to the procedure established in 17 CFR 145.9.

The Commission reserves the right, but shall have no obligation, to review, pre-screen, filter, redact, refuse or remove any or all of your submission from <http://www.cftc.gov> that it may deem to be inappropriate for publication, including, but not limited to, obscene language. All submissions that have been redacted or removed that contain comments on the merits of the rulemaking will be retained in the public comment file and will be considered as required under the Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws, and may be accessible under the Freedom of Information Act.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** For further information about the proposed amendments to existing §§ 4.5, 4.7, 4.13, 4.14, 4.24, 4.34, or 145.5, contact Kevin P. Walek, Assistant Director, Telephone: (202) 418–5463, E-mail: [kwalek@cftc.gov](mailto:kwalek@cftc.gov), or Amanda Lesher Olear, Special Counsel, Telephone: (202) 418–5283, E-mail: [aolear@cftc.gov](mailto:aolear@cftc.gov), Division of Clearing and Intermediary Oversight, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC 20581.

For further information about proposed § 4.27 or proposed Forms CPO–PQR or CTA–PR, contact Kevin P. Walek, Assistant Director, Telephone: (202) 418–5463, E-mail: [kwalek@cftc.gov](mailto:kwalek@cftc.gov), or Daniel Konar, Attorney-Advisor, Telephone: (202) 418–5405, E-mail: [dkonar@cftc.gov](mailto:dkonar@cftc.gov), Division of Clearing and Intermediary Oversight, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC 20581.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Statutory and Regulatory Background

On July 21, 2010, President Obama signed the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act ("Dodd-Frank Act").<sup>1</sup> The legislation

<sup>1</sup> See Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Public Law 111–203, 124 Stat. 1376 (2010). The text of the Dodd-Frank Act

was enacted to reduce risk, increase transparency, and promote market integrity within the financial system by, *inter alia*, enhancing the Commodity Futures Trading Commission's (the "Commission" or "CFTC") rulemaking and enforcement authorities with respect to all registered entities and intermediaries subject to the Commission's oversight.

The preamble of the Dodd-Frank Act explicitly states that the purpose of the legislation is:

To promote the financial stability of the United States by improving accountability and transparency in the financial system, to end 'too big to fail', to protect the American taxpayer by ending bailouts, to protect consumers from abusive financial services practices, and for other purposes.<sup>2</sup>

Pursuant to this stated objective, the Dodd-Frank Act has expanded the scope of Federal financial regulation to include instruments such as swaps, enhanced the rulemaking authorities of existing Federal financial regulatory agencies including the Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and created new financial regulatory entities.

The Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA")<sup>3</sup> empowers the Commission with the authority to register Commodity Pool Operators ("CPOs") and Commodity Trading Advisors ("CTAs"),<sup>4</sup> exclude any entity from registration as a CPO or CTA,<sup>5</sup> and to require "[e]very commodity trading advisor and commodity pool operator registered under [the CEA] to maintain books and records and file such reports in such form and manner as may be prescribed by the Commission."<sup>6</sup> The Commission also has the power to "make and promulgate such rules and regulations as, in the judgment of the Commission, are reasonably necessary to effectuate the provisions or to accomplish any of the purposes of [the CEA]."<sup>7</sup> The Commission's discretionary power to exclude or exempt persons from registration was intended to be exercised "to exempt from registration those persons who otherwise meet the criteria for registration \* \* \* if, in the opinion of

may be accessed at <http://www.cftc.gov/LawRegulation/OTCDERIVATIVES/index.htm>.

<sup>2</sup> Id.

<sup>3</sup> 7 U.S.C. 1, *et seq.*

<sup>4</sup> 7 U.S.C. 6m.

<sup>5</sup> 7 U.S.C. 1a(11) and 1a(12).

<sup>6</sup> 7 U.S.C. 6n(3)(A). Under part 4 of the Commission's regulations, entities registered as CPOs have reporting obligations with respect to their operated pools. See 17 CFR 4.22. Although CTAs have recordkeeping obligations under part 4, the Commission has not required reporting by CTAs. See generally, 17 CFR part 4.

<sup>7</sup> 7 U.S.C. 12a(5).

the Commission, there is no substantial public interest to be served by the registration.”<sup>8</sup> It is pursuant to this authority that the Commission has promulgated the various exemptions from registration as a CPO that are enumerated in § 4.13 of its regulations as well as the exclusions from the definition of CPO that are delineated in § 4.5.

Following the recent economic turmoil, and consistent with the tenor of the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act, the Commission has reconsidered the level of regulation that it believes is appropriate with respect to entities participating in the commodity futures and derivatives markets. The Commission believes that it is necessary to rescind or modify several of its exemptions and exclusions to more effectively oversee its market participants and manage the risks that such participants pose to the markets. Additionally, the Commission has re-evaluated its prior decision not to require reporting by CTAs and has concluded that additional information regarding CTAs’ activities is needed to provide the Commission with a more complete understanding of such activities’ effects on commodities and derivatives markets.

In addition to the expansion of the Commission’s jurisdiction to include swaps under Title VII of the Dodd-Frank Act, Title I of the Dodd-Frank Act created the Financial Stability Oversight Council (“FSOC”).<sup>9</sup> The FSOC is composed of the leaders of various State and Federal financial regulators and is charged with identifying risks to the financial stability of the United States, promoting market discipline, and responding to emerging threats to the stability of the country’s financial system.<sup>10</sup> The Dodd-Frank Act anticipates that the FSOC will be supported in these responsibilities by the Federal financial regulatory agencies.<sup>11</sup> The Commission is among those agencies that could be asked to provide information necessary for the FSOC to perform its statutorily mandated duties.<sup>12</sup>

Consistent with the Commission’s view regarding the appropriate level of regulation for its registrants in light of the recent economic turmoil and the current regulatory environment, and in anticipation of any requests for information from the FSOC, the

<sup>8</sup> See H.R. Rep. No. 93–975, 93d Cong., 2d Sess. (1974), p. 20.

<sup>9</sup> See section 111 of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>10</sup> See section 112(a)(1)(A) of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>11</sup> See sections 112(a)(2)(A) and 112(d)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>12</sup> See section 112(d)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Act.

Commission is performing two tasks. First, the Commission is working with the SEC to jointly promulgate the rules and forms needed to gather the data required under section 406 of Title IV of the Dodd-Frank Act.<sup>13</sup> Second, the Commission is re-evaluating its regulation of CPOs and CTAs to ensure that its regulatory structure is appropriately designed to effectuate its views regarding the necessary level of regulation in the current economic environment and to be responsive to any informational requests made to the Commission by other governmental agencies or FSOC.

#### A. Title IV of the Dodd-Frank Act

Title IV of the Dodd-Frank Act requires advisers to large private funds<sup>14</sup> to register with the SEC.<sup>15</sup> Through this registration requirement, Congress sought to make available to the SEC “information regarding [the] size, strategies and positions” of large private funds, which Congress believed “could be crucial to regulatory attempts to deal with a future crisis.”<sup>16</sup> In section 404 of

<sup>13</sup> The Commission and the SEC are jointly proposing Form PF with respect to entities registered with both agencies in a forthcoming release.

<sup>14</sup> Section 202(a)(29) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (“Investment Advisers Act”) defines the term “private fund” as “an issuer that would be an investment company, as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–3), but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of that Act.” 15 U.S.C. 80a–3(c)(1), 80a–3(c)(7). Section 3(c)(1) of the Investment Company Act provides an exclusion from the definition of “investment company” for any “issuer whose outstanding securities (other than short term paper) are beneficially owned by not more than one hundred persons and which is not making and does not presently propose to make a public offering of its securities.” 15 U.S.C. 80a–3(c)(1). Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act provides an exclusion from the definition of “investment company” for any “issuer, the outstanding securities of which are owned exclusively by persons who, at the time of acquisition of such securities, are qualified purchasers, and which is not making and does not at that time propose to make a public offering of such securities.” 15 U.S.C. 80a–3(c)(7). The term “qualified purchaser” is defined in section 2(a)(51) of the Investment Company Act. See 15 U.S.C. 80a–2(a)(51).

<sup>15</sup> The Dodd-Frank Act requires private fund adviser registration by amending section 203(b)(3) of the Advisers Act to repeal the exemption from registration for any adviser that during the course of the preceding 12 months had fewer than 15 clients and neither held itself out to the public as an investment adviser nor advised any registered investment company or business development company. See section 403 of the Dodd-Frank Act. There are exemptions from this registration requirement for advisers to venture capital funds and advisers to private funds with less than \$150 million in assets under management in the United States. There also is an exemption for foreign advisers with less than \$25 million in assets under management from the United States and fewer than 15 U.S. clients and private fund investors. See sections 402, 407 and 408 of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>16</sup> See S. Conf. Rep. No. 111–176, at 38 (2010).

the Dodd-Frank Act, Congress amended section 204(b) of the Investment Advisers Act to direct the SEC to require private fund advisers registered solely with the SEC<sup>17</sup> to file reports containing such information as is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for investor protection or for the assessment of systemic risk. These reports and records must include a description of certain prescribed information, such as the amount of assets under management, use of leverage, counterparty credit risk exposure, and trading and investment positions for each private fund advised by the adviser.<sup>18</sup> Section 406 of the Dodd-Frank Act also requires that the rules establishing the form and content of reports filed by private fund advisers that are dually registered with the SEC and the CFTC be issued jointly by both agencies after consultation with the FSOC.<sup>19</sup>

To fulfill this statutory mandate, the Commission and the SEC today are jointly proposing sections 1 and 2 of Form PF in a forthcoming proposal. Additionally, to ensure that necessary data is collected from CPOs and CTAs that are not operators or advisors of private funds, the Commission is proposing a new § 4.27, which would require quarterly reports from all CPOs and CTAs to be electronically filed with NFA. The Commission is promulgating proposed § 4.27 pursuant to the Commission’s authority to require the filing of reports by registered CPOs and CTAs under section 4n of the CEA.<sup>20</sup> In an effort to eliminate duplicative filings, proposed § 4.27(d) would allow certain CPOs and/or CTAs that are also registered as private fund advisers with the SEC pursuant to the securities laws to satisfy certain of the Commission’s systemic reporting requirements by completing and filing the appropriate sections of Form PF with the SEC with respect to advised private funds.

#### B. Reason for Amending Existing CPO and CTA Regulations

In order to ensure that the Commission can adequately oversee the commodities and derivatives markets and assess market risk associated with pooled investment vehicles under its jurisdiction, the Commission is re-

<sup>17</sup> In this release, the term “private fund adviser” means any investment adviser that is (i) registered or required to be registered with the SEC (including any investment adviser that is also registered or required to be registered with the CFTC as a CPO or CTA) and (ii) advises one or more private funds (including any commodity pools that satisfy the definition of “private fund”).

<sup>18</sup> See section 404 of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>19</sup> See section 406 of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>20</sup> 7 U.S.C. 6n(3)(A).

evaluating its regulation of CPOs and CTAs. Additionally, the Commission does not want its registration and reporting regime for pooled investment vehicles and their operators and/or advisors to be incongruent with the registration and reporting regimes of other regulators, such as that of the SEC for investment advisers under the Dodd-Frank Act.

Ultimately, the Commission has determined that to address these concerns it will be necessary to amend certain sections of its existing regulations. These proposed amendments are designed to (1) bring the Commission's CPO and CTA regulatory structure into alignment with the stated purposes of the Dodd-Frank Act; (2) encourage more congruent and consistent regulation of similarly-situated entities among Federal financial regulatory agencies; (3) improve accountability and increase transparency of the activities of CPOs, CTAs, and the commodity pools that they operate or advise, and (4) facilitate a collection of data that will assist the FSOC, acting within the scope of its jurisdiction, in the event that the FSOC requests and the Commission provides such data. Additionally, these proposed amendments will have the added benefit of enabling the Commission to more efficiently deploy its regulatory resources and to more expeditiously take necessary action to ensure the stability of the commodities and derivatives markets, thereby promoting the stability of the financial markets as a whole. The existing regulations that the Commission proposes to amend are enumerated below.

## II. The Proposals

The Commission's proposed amendments are designed to (1) bring the Commission's CPO and CTA regulatory structure into alignment with the stated purposes of the Dodd-Frank Act; (2) encourage more congruent and consistent regulation of similarly situated entities among Federal financial regulatory agencies; (3) improve accountability and increase transparency of the activities of CPOs, CTAs, and the commodity pools that they operate or advise; and (4) facilitate a collection of data that will assist the FSOC, acting within the scope of its jurisdiction, in the event that the FSOC requests and the Commission provides such data. The proposed amendments will also allow the Commission to more effectively oversee its market participants and manage the risks posed by the commodities and derivatives markets. To those ends, the amendments: (A) Require the periodic

reporting of data by CPOs and CTAs regarding their direction of commodity pool assets; (B) identify certain proposed filings with the Commission as being afforded confidential treatment; (C) revise the requirements for determining which persons should be required to register as a CPO under § 4.5; (D) require the filing of certified annual reports by all registered CPOs; (E) rescind the exemptions from registration under §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4); (F) require periodic affirmation of claimed exemptive relief for both CPOs and CTAs; (G) require an additional risk disclosure statement from CPOs and CTAs that engage in swaps transactions; and (H) make certain conforming amendments to the Commission's regulations as described below in subsection (H) of this preamble. In addition, the proposed amendments make conforming changes to the Commission's regulations in light of certain provisions in the Dodd-Frank Act, including updating the accredited investor definition, which the Commission has incorporated into the definition of QEP in § 4.7.

The Commission requests comment on all aspects of the proposal, as well as comment on the specific provisions and issues highlighted in the discussion below.

### A. Proposed New § 4.27 and Appendices A and C: Data Collection for CPOs and CTAs

#### 1. General Purpose of Forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR

Section 4n of the CEA empowers the Commission to require all registered CPOs and CTAs to file such reports as the Commission deems necessary.<sup>21</sup> Following the recent economic turmoil, and consistent with the tenor of the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act, the Commission has determined that the reports currently required of Commission registrants do not provide sufficient information regarding their activities for the Commission to effectively monitor the risks posed by those participants to the commodity futures and derivatives markets. Moreover, the Commission has re-evaluated its prior decision not to require reporting by CTAs and has concluded that additional information regarding CTAs' activities is needed to provide it with a more complete understanding of such activities.

Therefore, the Commission is proposing Forms CPO–PQR (proposed to appear in the Commission's regulations as appendix A to part 4),

and CTA–PR (proposed to appear in the Commission's regulations as appendix C to part 4) to collect information from CPOs and CTAs that are solely registered with the Commission to permit the Commission to more effectively oversee participants acting within its jurisdiction. The information that the Commission currently receives is limited, not designed to measure systemic or market risk in any meaningful way, and is only submitted by registered CPOs on an annual basis. In addition, the annual financial reports filed by CPOs do not disclose information regarding CPOs' use of stress testing or the tenor of fixed income assets held by commodity pools.

The Commission proposes Forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR to solicit information that is generally identical to that sought through Form PF, which is being jointly promulgated in a forthcoming release in conjunction with the SEC. These forms were developed in consultation with other financial regulators tasked with overseeing the financial integrity of the economy. Through the collection of the data delineated in proposed Forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR, the Commission will be able, if requested, by other financial regulators or FSOC, to provide them with the information needed to identify whether any commodity pools are systemically relevant and, as a result, warrant additional examination or scrutiny.

The amount of information that a CPO or CTA will be required to disclose on proposed Forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR will vary depending on both the size of the operator or advisor and the size of the advised pools. This tiered approach to disclosure acknowledges the fact that smaller operators, advisors, and pools are less likely to present significant risk to the stability of the commodities futures and derivatives markets and the financial market as a whole, and therefore, such entities should have a lesser compliance burden. As detailed infra, the Commission is proposing to collect more detailed information from operators and advisors managing a large amount of commodity pool assets.

#### 2. Persons Required To Report on Proposed Forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR

Pursuant to proposed § 4.27, any CPO or CTA that is registered or required to be registered must complete and submit proposed Forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR, respectively, with NFA as the Commission's delegatee.<sup>22</sup> As discussed

<sup>21</sup> In a forthcoming release, the Commission and the SEC will be jointly promulgating Form PF with respect to the advisers to private funds that are

<sup>22</sup> 17 U.S.C. 6n(3)(A).

infra, only certain large CPOs and CTAs would have to complete the sections of Forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR that require the most detailed information. It is expected that most CPOs would only have to complete schedule A of form CPO-PQR, which contains essentially the same information that NFA currently collects through form PQR. In addition, the Commission expects that most CTAs only would have to complete schedule A of form CTA-PR, which consists of limited questions regarding self-identification, general operations of the CTA, and whether the CTA directs assets for commodity pools equal to or exceeding \$150 million.

Those CPOs with assets under management equal to or greater than \$150 million would be required to complete schedule B of form CPO-PQR, which solicits basic information regarding the commodity pools operated by such CPOs. CPOs with assets under management equal to or greater than \$1 billion would be required to complete schedule C of form CPO-PQR, which solicits aggregate information regarding the commodity pools operated by such CPOs and commodity pools with a net asset value exceeding \$500 million. Similarly, a CTA with commodity pool assets under management equal to or exceeding \$150 million would be required to complete schedule B of form

CTA-PR, which solicits basic information regarding the CTA's trading program, the identification of the CTA's client pool(s), and the position data of each commodity pool advised by the CTA.

The Commission estimates that the number of CPOs that would have to file schedule C of form CPO-PQR will be relatively small. The Commission believes that it is appropriate to limit the more extensive reporting obligations to the large entities detailed above because it would provide information about those entities that are most likely to pose market and systemic risk, and it minimizes the burden on smaller registrants that are less likely to pose such risk.

The Commission requests comment on the proposed reporting scheme. Should the Commission require that all CPOs and CTAs registered or required to be registered with the Commission complete all of the information on their respective forms regarding the pools that they operate or advise? Please provide detail supporting your position. Are there more appropriate thresholds for determining which CPOs and CTAs must report more extensive information? Should the assets under management thresholds be lower or higher? Is there additional information that should be requested?

### 3. Frequency of Reporting

The Commission proposes to require the completion and filing of the required section(s) of forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR on a quarterly basis, with the exception of mid-sized CPOs filing schedule B of form CPO-PQR on an annual basis. The Commission believes that the proposed frequency of reporting would permit the Commission to effectively monitor key information relevant to the assessment of market risk posed by the advisors and operators of commodity pools both on an individual and aggregate basis. The proposal would require CPOs and CTAs to file the appropriate reports within 15 days of each quarter end as set forth in proposed § 4.27. Additionally, proposed form CPO-PQR would require schedule B to be filed by mid-sized CPOs within 90 days of the end of the calendar year. The Commission believes that this periodic reporting for CPOs and CTAs is necessary to provide the Commission with timely data to effectively monitor CPOs' and CTAs' activities and to identify emerging market issues. It is expected that this reporting would coincide with registrants' existing internal reporting and risk assessment system cycles. The various reporting schedules for Commission registrants are set forth in the charts below.

	Form PF and Form ADV	PQR Schedule A	PQR Schedule B	PQR Schedule C
Dual Registrant CPO for Private Funds Only (Assets under Management equal to or exceeding \$1 Billion).	Quarterly .....	Quarterly.		
Dual Registrant CPO for Private Funds Only (Assets under Management less than \$1 Billion).	Annually .....	Quarterly.		
Large CPO—Not Dual .....	.....	Quarterly .....	Quarterly .....	Quarterly.
Mid-size CPO .....	.....	Quarterly .....	Annually.	
Small CPOs .....	.....	Quarterly .....		

  

	Form PF and Form ADV	PR Schedule A	PR Schedule B
Dual Registrant CTA (Assets under Management equal to or exceeding \$1 Billion) .....	Quarterly .....	Quarterly.	
Dual Registrant CTA (Assets under Management less than \$1 Billion) .....	Annually .....	Quarterly.	
Large and Mid-size CTAs .....	.....	Quarterly .....	Quarterly.
Small CTAs .....	.....	Quarterly .....	

The Commission requests comment on the proposed filing frequency. Is quarterly reporting an appropriate amount of time to gather the information necessary to assess risk posed by filers? Is the 15-day deadline for reports too long to ensure reporting of timely information by filers?

### 4. Implementation of Reporting Obligation

The Commission currently anticipates that the proposed rules requiring the filing of forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR would become effective six months after the adoption of the proposed forms, which will allow sufficient time for the registrants to develop any systems necessary to collect the information

requested on the forms and prepare them for filing. This effective date will also provide NFA with sufficient time to modify its "EasyFile" system to enable registrants to file the forms through that system.

The Commission has determined to authorize NFA to maintain and serve as official custodian of record for the filings, notice, reports, and claims

registrants with both agencies. CPOs and CTAs that are dual registrants and that operate or advise

commodity pools that are not private funds will

still be required to file the proposed reports required in this release.

required by § 4.27. This designation is consistent with the Commission's prior designation of NFA as the official custodian of record for the financial information filed as part of the annual reports required under §§ 4.7(b)(3) and 4.22(c).<sup>23</sup> This determination is based upon NFA's representations regarding procedures for maintaining and safeguarding all such records, in connection with NFA's assumption of the responsibilities for the activities referenced herein. In maintaining the Commission's records, NFA shall be subject to all other requirements and obligations imposed upon it by the Commission in existing or future orders or regulations. In this regard, NFA shall also implement such additional procedures (or modify existing procedures) as are acceptable to the Commission and as are necessary to: Ensure the security and integrity of the records in NFA's custody; to facilitate prompt access to those records by the Commission and its staff, particularly as described in other Commission orders or rules; to facilitate disclosure of public or nonpublic information in those records when permitted by the Commission concerning disclosure of nonpublic information; and otherwise to safeguard the confidentiality of records.<sup>24</sup>

The Commission requests comment as to when proposed § 4.27 should become effective, requiring the filing of forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR.

## 5. Information Required on Form CPO-PQR

The questions contained in form CPO-PQR reflect the experience of the Commission in regulating CPOs, in consultation with staff of the FSOC, the SEC, and NFA,<sup>25</sup> as well as the purpose and requirements of the Dodd-Frank Act. The information that the Commission proposes to collect from CPOs is largely identical to that required under form PF for private fund advisers and incorporates the information already being collected by NFA in its form PQR. As stated previously, the Commission expects that the collection of the data required by form CPO-PQR

would enhance the Commission's oversight of CPOs. A discussion of the information required by form CPO-PQR follows.

### a. Proposed Schedule A

Generally, the information required under proposed schedule A will be substantially similar to that required under form PF. Proposed schedule A would be required of all CPOs that are registered or required to be registered and incorporates all of the information currently required by NFA's PQR data collection instrument. Proposed part 1 of schedule A seeks basic identifying information about the CPO, including its name, NFA identification number, and the CPO's assets under management. Proposed part 2 of schedule A requires the reporting of information regarding each of the CPO's pools, including the names and NFA identification numbers for the pools operated during the reporting period, position information for positions comprising five percent or more of each pool's net asset value, and the pool's key relationships with brokers, other advisors, administrators, etc. CPOs that advise multiple pools will be required to complete and file a separate part 2 of schedule A for each pool that they advise.

Proposed part 2 also requires the identification of each operated pool's carrying brokers, administrators, trading managers, custodians, auditors, and marketers. This information would enable the Commission to determine which entities are exposed and connected to commodity pools. The Commission is also proposing to include quarterly and monthly performance information about each pool. This information would permit the Commission to monitor trends regarding the commodity pool industry, such as whether certain funds are engaging in investment strategies that include significant risks having marketwide or even systemic implications. Finally, the Commission is proposing to collect information regarding a pool's subscriptions and redemptions, and any restrictions thereon. The Commission believes that this information is important to ensure adequate oversight of a CPO's decision to restrict pool participants' access to their funds, given the recent economic conditions that gave rise to the imposition of restrictions on redemptions by CPOs.

The Commission is requesting comment on the appropriateness and completeness of the information requested in proposed schedule A of form CPO-PQR. Is there additional basic information that the Commission should

require of all CPOs filing form CPO-PQR or regarding the commodity pools that they operate? Is there any information that is included in schedules B and C for larger CPOs that should be included in schedule A for all CPOs? Conversely, is there any information in schedule A that the Commission should not require or that the Commission should only require of large CPOs and, if so, why?

### b. Proposed Schedule B

The Commission is proposing that all CPOs that are registered or required to be registered that have assets under management equal to or exceeding \$150 million be required to file schedule B of form CPO-PQR. CPOs satisfying the assets under management threshold would be required to report detailed information for all operated pools, including information regarding each pool's investment strategy; borrowings by geographic area and the identities of significant creditors; credit counterparty exposure; and entities through which the pool trades and clears its positions. The Commission believes that this more detailed pool information is necessary from mid-sized and large CPOs as these CPOs and their pools are more likely to be a source of risk to both the commodity futures and derivatives markets and the financial markets as a whole.

The Commission is requesting comment on the appropriateness and completeness of the information proposed to be requested from all CPOs with assets under management equal to or exceeding \$150 million. Is there additional information that the Commission should request of mid-sized and large CPOs? Is there information that the Commission should not require to be reported? Should the Commission set a threshold net asset value for pools for which CPOs must report information under proposed schedule B, and if so, what threshold would be appropriate?

### c. Proposed Schedule C

The Commission is also proposing that all CPOs with assets under management equal to or exceeding \$1 billion be required to file schedule C of proposed form CPO-PQR. Part 1 of schedule C would require certain aggregate information about the commodity pools advised by large CPOs, such as the market value of assets invested, on both a long and short basis, in different types of securities and derivatives, turnover in these categories of financial instruments, and the tenor of fixed income portfolio holdings, including asset-backed securities. This

<sup>23</sup> 67 FR 77470, Dec. 18, 2002.

<sup>24</sup> *Id.*

<sup>25</sup> NFA is currently the only registered futures association under the CEA and is the self regulatory organization overseeing all CPOs and CTAs registered with the Commission. It is also responsible for the administration of the Commission's registration program and exemptions therefrom. See the Commission's delegation order regarding the registration of CPOs and CTAs at 49 FR 39593, Oct. 9, 1984. Additionally, NFA currently collects certain data from CPOs that are NFA members on its form PQR under NFA Rule 2-46.

information will assist the Commission in monitoring asset classes in which commodity pools may be significant investors and trends in pools' exposures to allow the Commission to identify concentrations in particular asset classes that are building or transitioning over time. It also would aid the Commission in examining large CPOs' roles as a source of liquidity in different asset classes.

Proposed part 2 of schedule C would require large CPOs to report certain information about any commodity pool that they advise with a net asset value of at least \$500 million as of the end of any business day during the reporting period. The Commission has selected \$500 million as a threshold for more extensive individual commodity pool reporting because the Commission believes that a pool with \$500 million in net asset value is a substantial fund whose activities could have an impact on particular markets in which it invests or on its counterparties. The Commission further believes that setting \$500 million as the threshold will lessen the reporting burdens on smaller or start-up pools that are less likely to pose systemic risk. This threshold is the same threshold proposed by the Commission and the SEC in their joint release for form PF.

Proposed part 2 would require information on the individual pool level that is substantially similar to that requested in part 1 of schedule C on an aggregate level. Part 2, however, would also require additional information. The CPO would be required to report a geographic breakdown of the reportable pool's assets as well as information regarding asset liquidity, concentration of positions, material investment positions, collateral practices with significant counterparties, and clearing relationships. This information is designed to assist the Commission in monitoring the composition of commodity pool exposures over time as well as the liquidity of those exposures.<sup>26</sup>

Proposed part 2 of schedule C also proposes to require the reporting of data regarding commodity pool risk metrics, financial information, and investor information. If during the reporting period the CPO regularly calculated a value at risk ("VaR") metric for the

<sup>26</sup> It is noteworthy that the information in this proposed part 2 also could aid the FSOC, if it so requests such information from the Commission and such request is granted, in monitoring: (1) Credit counterparties' unsecured exposure to commodity pools, as well as the pools' exposure; (2) a CPO's ability to respond to market stresses; and (3) a CPO's interconnectedness with certain central clearing counterparties.

reportable pool, the CPO would have to report VaR for each month of the reporting period.<sup>27</sup> Form CPO-PQR would also require the CPO to report the impact on the pool's portfolio when stressing certain identified market factors, if applicable, broken down by the long and short components of the reportable pool's portfolio. It also requires the CPO to note whether it regularly performed stress tests in which that market factor was considered as part of its risk management process.<sup>28</sup> This information is designed to allow the Commission to track basic sensitivities of the commodity pool to common market factors, correlations in those factor sensitivities, and trends in those factor sensitivities among large commodity pools.

Proposed part 2 of schedule C would require a CPO to report certain financing information for its reportable pool, including a monthly breakdown of its secured, unsecured, and synthetic borrowing, as well as information about the collateral supporting the secured and synthetic borrowing and the types of creditors. It also would require certain information about the term of the fund's committed financing. This information would assist the Commission in monitoring the reportable pool's leverage, credit counterparties' unsecured exposure to the pool, and the committed term of that leverage, which the Commission may find important in monitoring if the pool comes under stress.

Finally, proposed part 2 of schedule C would require a CPO to report information about the reportable pool's investor composition and liquidity. For example, proposed part 2 contains questions regarding the pool's use of side pockets and gates, as well as information relating to investor liquidity. The Commission believes this information may be important in enabling the Commission to monitor the commodity pool's susceptibility to failure through investor redemptions in the event that the pool experiences stress due to market risks or other factors.

The Commission requests comment on the information proposed in schedule C for large CPOs. Is there

<sup>27</sup> If VaR was calculated, the CPO would have to report the confidence interval, time horizon, whether any weighting was used, and whether VaR was calculated using historical simulation or Monte Carlo simulation. If historical simulation was used, the CPO would have to report the historical lookback period used.

<sup>28</sup> The market factors are changes in: Equity prices; risk-free interest rates; credit spreads; currency rates; commodity prices; implied volatilities; implied correlations; default rates; and prepayment speeds.

additional information that should be included and, if so, why? Is there information that should be omitted and, if so, why? Is there information that the Commission should require only on an aggregate basis that the Commission is proposing to require CPOs to report on an individual pool basis? Are there additional risk metrics or market factors that the Commission should require CPOs to employ? Should the Commission require the proposed market factors but with different parameters? Is there information currently proposed that would not result in comparable or meaningful information for the Commission? If so, how can changes to the questions or instructions improve the utility of the information? Is there information that should be broken down further and reported as of smaller time increments, such as weekly? Is there information that should be reported to show ranges, high points, or low points during the reporting period, rather than as of the last day of the month or quarter? Should clearing information be collected with respect to pools with a net asset value less than \$500 million?

## 6. Information Required on Proposed Form CTA-PR

The questions contained in proposed form CTA-PR reflect the experience of the Commission in regulating CTAs, its knowledge regarding how pools allocate funds among various CTAs, and the purpose and requirements of the Dodd-Frank Act. The Commission is proposing that all CTAs that direct commodity pool assets would be required to report on form CTA-PR. As stated previously, the Commission expects that the collection of the data required by form CTA-PR would enhance the Commission's oversight of CTAs and its information regarding the role that CTAs play in the investment of pool assets. A discussion of the information required by form CTA-PR follows.

### a. Proposed Schedule A

Proposed schedule A of form CTA-PR would collect general information about the CTA and the pool assets under management by that CTA. All CTAs that are registered or required to be registered would be required to file proposed schedule A. Proposed schedule A consists of general information, including: The name of the CTA; the CTA's NFA identification number; the number of offered trading programs and whether any pool assets are directed under those trading programs; the total assets directed by the CTA; and the total pool assets

directed by the CTA. The Commission believes that this information will assist the Commission in gaining a more complete understanding of CTAs and their relationships with commodity pools without imposing any significant burden on CTAs that do not manage a substantial amount of pool assets. The Commission is proposing that all CTAs be required to file proposed schedule A because the Commission believes that basic information about entities registered as CTAs will assist the Commission in making future determinations regarding their regulatory obligations.

The Commission is seeking comment on the content of proposed schedule A and which entities would be required to report under form CTA-PR. Should all CTAs be required to file proposed schedule A of form CTA-PR? If not, what criteria would be appropriate for limiting which CTAs are required to file proposed schedule A of form CTA-PR?

#### b. Proposed Schedule B

Under the Commission's proposal, CTAs that direct pool assets equal to or exceeding \$150 million would be required to complete and file proposed schedule B with details regarding the CTA's trading program(s). CTAs would be required to file detailed position, performance, and trading strategy information for each trading program. CTAs also would be required to identify the pools advised under each program and the percentage of the pool's assets that are directed by the CTA. Finally, the CTA would be required to disclose whether it uses the services of an administrator. Through analysis of the information collected on form CTA-PR, in conjunction with that collected through form CPO-PQR, the Commission will obtain a more complete understanding of the relationships between CTAs and pools and interconnectedness of the Commission's registrants. This information will also assist the Commission in determining whether there is concentration of pool assets with particular CTAs that could result in market risk.

The Commission is seeking comment on the information proposed to be required under schedule B of form CTA-PR. Is there additional information that should be included and, if so, why? Is there information that should be omitted and, if so, why? Is there information currently proposed that would not result in comparable or meaningful information for the Commission? If so, how can changes to the questions or instructions improve the utility of the information?

#### B. Amendments to §§ 145.5 and 147.3: Confidential Treatment of Data Collected on Forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR

##### 1. Proposed Amendments to § 145.5

The Commission's collection of certain proprietary information through proposed forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR raises concerns regarding whether the Commission could protect such information from public disclosure. If publicly disclosed, this proprietary information could put reporting entities at a significant competitive disadvantage. Certain questions in both proposed forms request information on pool assets under management, key service providers used by operators and advisors, position-level information, pool performance, pool subscriptions and redemptions, and the market value of pool assets invested in different types of securities and swaps. The Commission has determined that at least one of the nine exemptions to the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552 *et seq.*, ("FOIA")<sup>29</sup> and section 8(a)(1) of the CEA<sup>30</sup> protect certain proprietary information like the information described above that the Commission would obtain through proposed forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR.<sup>31</sup> A discussion of the specific exemption from FOIA disclosure and the privacy protections afforded under section 8(a)(1) of the CEA is described immediately below.

In general, FOIA requires the Commission and other Federal agencies to provide the fullest possible disclosure of information unless such information is otherwise exempted pursuant to one (or more) of nine exemptions under FOIA.<sup>32</sup> Accordingly, the Commission is required by FOIA to make public its

<sup>29</sup> The nine exemptions are found in 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(1)-(7).

<sup>30</sup> See 7 U.S.C. 12(a)(1).

<sup>31</sup> Section 16 of the CEA, 7 U.S.C. 20, also prohibits the Commission from disclosing such data and information in market reports furnished to the public under that section. Section 16 is not, however, applicable to the proposed rulemaking because the reports to which it refers are investigations of such conditions as supply, demand, and prices in the markets for "goods, articles, services, rights, and interests which are the subject of futures contracts."

<sup>32</sup> Section 552(b)(3) of FOIA provides that another statute may provide a FOIA exemption. Section 404 of the Dodd-Frank Act sets out such an exemption. Specifically, section 404 precludes the SEC from being compelled under FOIA to reveal proposed Form PF or information contained therein required to be filed with the SEC except to Congress upon agreement of confidentiality or to comply with a court order or other regulatory request. As noted above, the Commission and SEC are jointly proposing Form PF in a forthcoming release. The Dodd-Frank Act does not include similar language precluding the Commission from being compelled to reveal similar information to the public.

records and actions unless a specific exemption is available.

Commercial and financial information and trade secrets are generally exempted from public disclosure under FOIA.<sup>33</sup> Information will qualify for this exemption if the public disclosure of such information would cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the person from whom the information was obtained.<sup>34</sup> As noted above, the Commission believes that proposed forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR would require CPOs and CTAs, respectively, to report a great deal of proprietary information that, if publicly disclosed, would cause substantial harm to the competitive positions of those entities.

Section 8(a)(1) of the CEA provides, in relevant part, that "except as otherwise specifically authorized in the [CEA], the Commission may not publish data and information that would separately disclose the business transactions or market positions of any person and trade secrets or names of customers."<sup>35</sup> The CEA does not specifically authorize the Commission to disclose to the public the type of proprietary information collected in proposed forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR.

Currently, § 145.5 of the Commission's regulations sets out the Commission's general policy to protect from public disclosure those portions of "nonpublic records"<sup>36</sup> filed with it, which are exempted under the commercial and financial information exemption from FOIA.<sup>37</sup> Specifically, § 145.5 provides that "[t]he Commission shall publish or make available reasonably segregable portions of 'nonpublic records' \* \* \*" subject to a FOIA request if those portions are not listed in § 145.5.<sup>38</sup>

To clarify the Commission's determination to treat certain proprietary information collected in proposed forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR as nonpublic records—thereby protecting such information from public disclosure—the Commission proposes

<sup>33</sup> See 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4). "Commercial" and "financial" are given "ordinary meanings." See *Bd. of Trade of the City of Chicago v. CFTC*, 627 F.2d 392, 394–95 (DC Cir. 1980).

<sup>34</sup> See, e.g., *Pub. Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA*, 704 F.2d 1280, 1291 (DC Cir. 1983).

<sup>35</sup> 7 U.S.C. 12(a)(1).

<sup>36</sup> Nonpublic records are defined as, among other things, information published in the **Federal Register**, final Commission opinions, orders, statements of policy and interpretations, administrative manuals and instructions, indices, and records released in response to FOIA requests that have been, or the Commission anticipates will be, the subject of additional FOIA requests.

<sup>37</sup> See 17 CFR 145.5.

<sup>38</sup> *Id.*

to list such information in § 145.5(d).<sup>39</sup> Specifically, the Commission proposes to list the following schedules and questions in proposed forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR, the responses to which the Commission would deem to be nonpublic records:

Proposed form CPO–PQR:

- Proposed schedule A: Question 2, subparts (b) and (d); Question 3, subparts (g) and (h); Question 10, subparts (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g); Question 11; Question 12; and Question 13.

• Proposed schedule B: All.

• Proposed schedule C: All.

Proposed form CTA–PR:

- Proposed schedule B: Question 4, subparts (b), (c), (d), and (e); Question 5; and Question 6.

## 2. Proposed Amendments to § 147.3

The Commission's collection of certain proprietary information through proposed forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR raises concerns regarding whether the Commission could protect such information from public disclosure under The Government in the Sunshine Act, 5 U.S.C. 552b (“Sunshine Act”), which are substantively identical to those discussed above with respect to FOIA. The Sunshine Act was enacted to ensure that agency action is open to public scrutiny and contains exceptions to publication to the extent that such agency actions, or portions of them, are protected by one or more exemptions,<sup>40</sup> which are identical to those under FOIA, discussed above. Accordingly, the Commission is required by the Sunshine Act to make public its records and actions unless a specific exemption is available. Commission meetings, or portions thereof, may be “closed” under the Sunshine Act where the Commission determines that open meetings will likely reveal information protected by an exemption.<sup>41</sup>

The Commission believes that portions of the filings required by proposed § 4.27 through proposed forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR are protected from disclosure as confidential commercial or financial information under Sunshine Act exemption (c)(4), which prohibits the disclosure of “trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential,”<sup>42</sup> for reasons that are substantively identical

<sup>39</sup> Section 145.5(d) tracks the language of its FOIA counterpart, exemption (b)(4).

<sup>40</sup> The exemptions from disclosure set forth in the Sunshine Act are codified in 5 U.S.C. 552b(c). There are 10 listed exemptions.

<sup>41</sup> The Commission's Sunshine Act obligations are codified in its part 147 rules, 17 CFR part 147.

<sup>42</sup> 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(4).

to the rationale discussed supra with respect to FOIA.

The Commission further believes that the portions of forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR that are protected under Sunshine Act exemption (c)(4) are also protected from disclosure by Sunshine Act exemption (c)(8), pursuant to which the Commission is authorized to withhold from the public matter “contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions.”<sup>43</sup> Section 147.3(b) of the Commission's regulations provides that the Commission generally will not make public matters that are “contained in or related to examinations, operating, or conditions reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of the Commission or any other agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions.” The Commission is aware that no court has considered directly whether Commission registrants are financial institutions for the purposes of Sunshine Act exemption (c)(8). The Commission believes, however, that the language of the Sunshine Act's legislative history contemplates the inclusion of commodities professionals, including futures commission merchants, designated contract markets, derivatives transaction execution facilities, CPOs, and CTAs.<sup>44</sup>

In light of the foregoing considerations, the Commission is proposing to amend § 147.3 to exempt from mandatory disclosure, pursuant to Sunshine Act exemptions (c)(4) and (c)(8), the portions of proposed forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR as set forth below:

Proposed form CPO–PQR:

- Proposed schedule A: Question 2, subparts (b) and (d); Question 3, subparts (g) and (h); Question 10, subparts (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g); Question 11; Question 12; and Question 13.

• Proposed schedule B: All.

• Proposed schedule C: All.

Proposed form CTA–PR:

- Proposed schedule B: Question 4, subparts (b), (c), (d), and (e); Question 5; and Question 6.

<sup>43</sup> 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(8).

<sup>44</sup> See S. Rep. No. 354, 94th Cong., 1st Sess. 24 (1975) (stating that “financial institution” is “intended to include banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, brokers and dealers in securities or commodities, exchanges dealing in securities and commodities, such as the New York Stock Exchange, investment companies, investment advisors, self-regulatory organizations subject to 15 U.S.C. 78s, and institutional managers as defined in 15 U.S.C. 78m.”).

## C. Proposed Amendments to § 4.5: Reinstating Trading Criteria for Exclusion From the CPO Definition

The exclusion from the CPO definition under § 4.5 is available to certain otherwise regulated persons, including investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940,<sup>45</sup> in connection with their operation of specified trading vehicles. Prior to amendments that the Commission made in 2003, § 4.5 required entities to file a notice of eligibility that contained a representation that the use of commodity futures for non bona fide hedging purposes will be limited to five percent of the liquidation value of the qualifying entity's portfolio and that the entity will not market the fund as a commodity pool to the public.<sup>46</sup>

The 2003 amendments revised § 4.5 to require that notices of eligibility only include representations that:

[T]he qualifying entity: (i) Will disclose in writing to each participant, whether existing or prospective, that the qualifying entity is operated by a person who has claimed an exclusion from the definition of the term ‘commodity pool operator’ under the [Commodity Exchange] Act, and therefore, who is not subject to registration or regulation as a pool operator under the [Commodity Exchange] Act \* \* \* and (ii) Will submit to special calls as the Commission may require.<sup>47</sup>

When adopting the final amendments, the Commission explained that its decision to delete the prohibition on marketing was driven by comments claiming that “the ‘otherwise regulated’ nature of the qualifying entities \* \* \* would provide adequate customer protection, and, further, that compliance with the subjective nature of the marketing restriction could give rise to the possibility of unequal enforcement where commodity interest trading was restricted.”<sup>48</sup>

In 2010, the Commission became aware of certain registered investment companies that were offering series of de facto commodity pool interests claiming exclusion under § 4.5. The Commission consulted with market participants and NFA regarding this practice. Following this consultation, NFA submitted a petition for rulemaking in which NFA suggested certain revisions to § 4.5 with respect to registered investment companies.<sup>49</sup> On September 17, 2010, the Commission solicited comments from the public on

<sup>45</sup> 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 *et seq.*

<sup>46</sup> 50 FR 15868, 15883, Apr. 23, 1985.

<sup>47</sup> 17 CFR 4.5(c)(2).

<sup>48</sup> 68 FR 47221, 47223, Aug. 8, 2003.

<sup>49</sup> 75 FR 56997, Sept. 17, 2010.

NFA's petition for rulemaking, which proposed the reinstatement of the pre-2003 operating restrictions in § 4.5. In its petition, NFA proposed that § 4.5(c)(2) be amended to read as follows:

(iii) Furthermore, if the person claiming the exclusion is an investment company registered as such under the Investment Company Act of 1940, then the notice of eligibility must also contain representations that such person will operate the qualifying entity as described in [Rule] 4.5(b)(1) in a manner such that the qualifying entity: (a) Will use commodity futures or commodity options contracts solely for bona fide hedging purposes within the meaning and intent of [Rule] 1.3(z)(1)<sup>50</sup>; Provided, however, That in addition, with respect to positions in commodity futures or commodity option contracts that may be held by a qualifying entity only which do not come within the meaning and intent of [Rule] 1.3(z)(1), a qualifying entity may represent that the aggregate initial margin and premiums required to establish such positions will not exceed five percent of the liquidation value of the qualifying entity's portfolio, after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such contracts it has entered into; and, Provided further, That in the case of an option that is in-the-money amount as defined in [Rule] 190.01(x) may be excluded in computing such [five] percent; (b) Will not be, and has not been, marketing participations to the public as or in a commodity pool or otherwise as or in a vehicle for trading in (or otherwise seeking investment exposure to) the commodity futures or commodity options markets.<sup>51</sup> (Emphasis removed).

To stop the practice of registered investment companies offering futures-only investment products without Commission oversight, the Commission is proposing to amend § 4.5 to reinstate the pre-2003 operating criteria consistent with the language proposed by NFA in its petition. The Commission believes that NFA's proposed language is an appropriate point at which to begin discussions regarding the Commission's concerns. Moreover, the Commission believes that imposing such restrictions would limit the possibility of entities engaging in regulatory arbitrage whereby operators of otherwise regulated entities that have significant holdings in commodity interests would avoid registration and compliance obligations under the Commission's regulations. The Commission believes that this is

<sup>50</sup>The revisions to § 4.5 proposed herein contain a reference to the definition of "bona fide hedging" as it is currently set forth in § 1.3(z) of the Commission's regulations. The Commission notes that rules proposed in the future regarding "bona fide hedging" may require the proposed revisions to be amended to reflect such new regulations.

<sup>51</sup>75 FR 56997, 56998, Sept. 17, 2010.

appropriate to ensure consistent treatment of operators of commodity pools regardless of registration status with other regulators. In addition, the Commission has determined that adopting the restrictions proposed by NFA would ensure that entities that operate funds that are de facto commodity pools would be required to report the activities of such pools on the proposed form CPO-PQR. The Commission, however, is cognizant of the fact that the structure of these otherwise regulated entities may result in operational difficulties with respect to compliance with part 4 of the Commission's regulations. To that end, the Commission poses several questions, immediately below, derived from comments received with respect to NFA's petition to solicit comments regarding what the Commission should consider with respect to the regulation of such entities:

- Several commenters to NFA's petition have suggested that the marketing strategies used by entities claiming relief under § 4.5 would be prohibited under NFA's proposal. Specifically, it has been argued that marketing these funds under proposed § 4.5 would be impossible, or nearly impossible, as it would be cost prohibitive. The Commission solicits comments on how these marketing strategies would be affected by the proposed rule change. Specifically, should the proposed restriction on marketing as a commodity pool or as a vehicle for providing exposure to commodity interests be broader or more narrow?

- It has been suggested that funds operated pursuant to relief under § 4.5 are now following numerous trading strategies, including "life cycle" fund strategies, which are set to maximize trading successes for certain trading periods, or horizons. The Commission seeks comment on the differential impact the proposed rulemaking would have on the various trading strategies implemented by funds operated under § 4.5, including which types of funds might be more severely impacted than others, and, if so, why?

- Some commenters to the NFA petition have suggested that the term "marketing" needs to be clarified. What considerations should be made with respect to such a definition? Further, what specific areas related to marketing are most problematic and, if so, why?

- Commenters to the NFA petition have suggested that the changes to § 4.5 would result in direct conflicts with SEC regulations relating to registered investment companies. Please detail which rules and regulations are in

conflict, and indicate how these could be best addressed by the two Commissions.

- Is a limit of five percent of the liquidation value of the portfolio attributable to non-bona fide hedging purposes the appropriate threshold? Should a higher or lower limit apply? Should the calculation of the limit include swaps, or be limited to futures and options? Is a portfolio based criterion appropriate or is there another more effective means for identifying entities that should be registered as CPOs?

- Additionally, the Commission is soliciting comment regarding the implementation of the proposed changes to § 4.5. What issues should the Commission consider with respect to the ability of registered investment companies to comply with the disclosure document and reporting delivery requirements; recordkeeping; and related fund performance disclosure requirements under part 4 of the Commission's regulations? How much time will be necessary for entities that have previously claimed exclusion under this section to comply with the proposed changes? Should any entities that have previously claimed exclusion under this section be exempted from compliance with the proposed revisions to § 4.5?

#### *D. Proposed Amendments to § 4.7: Removing Exemptive Relief From the Certification Requirement for Pool Annual Reports and Incorporating Accredited Investor Definition*

##### **1. Removing Exemptive Relief From the Certification Requirement for Financial Statements in Pool Annual Reports**

In 1992, the Commission proposed and adopted § 4.7, which provided relief from disclosure, reporting, and recordkeeping obligations under part 4 of the Commission's regulations for CPOs and CTAs that are privately offered to sophisticated persons.<sup>52</sup> Section 4.7(b)(3) provides relief from the certification requirement for financial statements contained in annual reports distributed to participants and filed with NFA.<sup>53</sup>

Despite the availability of the exemption from the audit requirement under § 4.7(b)(3)(i), the vast majority of CTAs and CPOs that operate commodity pools under § 4.7 have their annual reports for those pools audited by certified public accountants. For example, 759 of the 892 pools that operated pursuant to exemptive relief

<sup>52</sup>See 17 CFR 4.7.

<sup>53</sup>See 17 CFR 4.7(b)(3).

under § 4.7 in fiscal year 2009 (*i.e.*, 85% of all pools operated under § 4.7 in that year) filed certified annual reports despite being eligible for exemptive relief from certification in § 4.7(b)(3).

In light of the stated purposes of the Dodd-Frank Act (*i.e.*, transparency and accuracy of information across market participants), the Commission proposes to extend the requirement for certified financial statements in commodity pool annual reports to commodity pools with participants who are QEPs. The Commission believes that requiring certification of financial information by an independent accountant in accordance with established accounting standards will ensure the accuracy of the financial information submitted by its registrants. Accordingly, proposed section 3 of the amendatory text would remove the exemption in § 4.7(b)(3)(C)(ii) from the requirement that certified financial statements be included in the annual reports to participants in their commodity pools. Commission staff will continue to consider requests for exemption from the audit requirement pursuant to the general exemptive provisions of § 4.12(a), in accordance with the criteria under which such relief previously has been granted.<sup>54</sup>

## 2. Incorporating by Reference the Accredited Investor Standard

The Commission is also proposing to amend §§ 4.7(a)(3)(ix) and (a)(3)(x), which list those persons required to satisfy the portfolio requirement to be QEPs.<sup>55</sup> In 1992, when the Commission proposed and adopted § 4.7, it stated that the relief provided in § 4.7 was intended for persons who were “highly accredited investors”,<sup>56</sup> which was defined as “accredited investors”, per the terms of § 230.501 of regulation D<sup>57</sup> under the Securities Act of 1933,<sup>58</sup> who also satisfy a portfolio value requirement.<sup>59</sup> Section 4.7(a)(3)(ix) incorporates the specific net worth provision set forth in § 230.501(a)(5) of the SEC’s regulations.<sup>60</sup> Similarly, § 4.7(a)(3)(x) incorporates the income standards of § 230.501(a)(6) of the SEC’s regulations.<sup>61</sup>

<sup>54</sup> See, e.g., CFTC Staff Letters 10–02, Feb. 23, 2010; 10–07, Jan. 7, 2010; 10–08, Feb. 23, 2010; 10–09, Feb. 25, 2010; 10–11, Mar. 3, 2010; 10–18, Apr. 12, 2010, at: <http://www.cftc.gov/LawRegulation/CFTCStaffLetters/LettersArchive/2010/index.htm>.

<sup>55</sup> See 17 CFR 4.7(a)(3)(ix).

<sup>56</sup> See 57 FR 34853, Aug. 7, 1992.

<sup>57</sup> See 17 CFR 203.501.

<sup>58</sup> See 15 U.S.C. 77a, *et seq.*

<sup>59</sup> See 57 FR at 34855.

<sup>60</sup> See *id.* at 34855.

<sup>61</sup> See *id.*

Section 413 of the Dodd-Frank Act instructs the SEC to examine and adjust the threshold for “accredited investor” status under its regulations and initially increases the threshold amount so that it is significantly greater than the current provisions of regulation D. Because the Commission has incorporated the “accredited investor” definition from regulation D into its definition of QEP, the Commission has determined that it is necessary to amend §§ 4.7(a)(3)(ix) and (a)(3)(x) to incorporate the new accredited investor standard. Thus, the Commission’s proposal seeks to amend § 4.7 to incorporate the accredited investor standard from Regulation D by reference, rather than by direct inclusion of its terms. Incorporation by reference will permit the Commission’s definition of QEP to continue to include the specific terms of the accredited investor standard in the event that it is later modified by the SEC without requiring the Commission to amend § 4.7 each time to maintain parity.

## E. Proposed Amendments to §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4): Rescission of Exemption From Registration

The Commission proposes to rescind certain exemptions from registration provided in §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4). Section 4.13(a)(3) of the Commission’s regulations currently provides that a person is exempt from registration as a CPO if the interests in the pool are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and offered only to QEPs, accredited investors, or knowledgeable employees, and the pool’s aggregate initial margin and premiums attributable to commodity interests do not exceed five percent of the liquidation value of the pool’s portfolio.<sup>62</sup> Section 4.13(a)(4) of the Commission’s regulations provides that a person is exempt from registration as a CPO if the interests in the pool are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and the operator reasonably believes that the participants are all QEPs.<sup>63</sup>

As a result of the creation of exemptions from registration as a CPO

<sup>62</sup> See 17 CFR 4.13(a)(3). CPOs claiming relief under § 4.13 are required to submit to special calls by the Commission to demonstrate eligibility, however, even if the Commission determined to make a special call, it would not be entitled to information regarding the pool’s activities beyond those implicated by the claim for exemptive relief. Therefore, the efficacy of special calls as a tool to gain any information on par with that required by Part 4 of the Commission’s regulations is limited.

<sup>63</sup> See *id.* 4.13(a)(4). Natural persons who are required to satisfy the portfolio requirement to be considered QEPs are not included in the persons to whom a pool operating under this exemption may be offered.

under §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4), a large group of market participants have fallen outside of the oversight of regulators (*i.e.*, there is very little if any transparency or accountability over the activities of these participants). The Commission has concluded that continuing to grant an exemption from registration and reporting obligations for these market participants is outweighed by the Commission’s concerns of regulatory arbitrage.

To address the lack of transparency and accountability, the Commission’s proposal would eliminate the exemption under § 4.13(a)(3). Indeed, the Commission believes that it is possible for a commodity pool to have a portfolio that is sizeable enough that even if just five percent of the pool’s portfolio were committed to margin for futures, the pool’s portfolio could be so significant that the commodity pool would constitute a major participant in the futures market.

In addition, the Commission proposes to eliminate the exemption in § 4.13(a)(4) because there are no limits on the amount of commodity interest trading in which pools operating under this regulation can engage. That is, it is possible that a commodity pool that is exempted from registration under § 4.13(a)(4) could be invested solely in commodities.

With the passage of the Dodd-Frank Act, the regulatory environment has changed from that which was in existence when §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4) were promulgated in 2003. As stated previously, one of the primary purposes of the Dodd-Frank Act is to promote transparency with respect to the activities of participants in the financial markets. Sections 403 and 404 of the Dodd-Frank Act generally require registration and reporting by investment advisers to private funds.<sup>64</sup> Many private funds claim an exemption from SEC registration under sections 3(c)(1) and (7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Investment Company Act”).<sup>65</sup> The Dodd-Frank Act, although not rescinding these exemptions from registration under the Investment Company Act, requires the advisers of such funds to register with the SEC as “private fund investment advisers”.<sup>66</sup> The Commission’s proposal seeks to eliminate the exemptions under

<sup>64</sup> See sections 403 and 404 of the Dodd-Frank Act. The Dodd-Frank Act does grant a few exemptions from the registration requirement. For example, section 407 provides that [venture capital] funds are not required to register with the SEC.

<sup>65</sup> See 15 U.S.C. 80a–3.

<sup>66</sup> See sections 403 and 404 of the Dodd-Frank Act for the general registration provisions for private fund investment advisers.

§§ 4.13(a)(3) and (4) for operators of pools that are similarly situated to private funds that previously relied on the exemptions under §§ 3(c)(1) and (7) of the Investment Company Act and § 203(b)(3) of the Investment Advisers Act. It is the Commission's view that the operators of these pools should be subject to similar regulatory obligations, including proposed form CPO-PQR, in order to provide improved transparency and increased accountability with respect to these pools. The Commission has determined that it is appropriate to limit regulatory arbitrage through harmonization of the scope of its data collection with respect to pools that are similarly situated to private funds so that operators of such pools will not be able to avoid oversight by either the Commission or the SEC through claims of exemption under the Commission's regulations.

The Commission is soliciting comment regarding the implementation of the proposed rescission of §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4). How much time will be necessary for entities that have previously claimed exemption under these sections to comply with the proposed changes? How should the Commission address entities whose activities do not require registration; i.e., should such entities be required to file notice with the Commission to avoid registration? Should any entities that have previously claimed exemption under these sections be exempted from compliance with the proposed revisions to §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4)? Should the Commission consider an alternative de minimis exemption under § 4.13, and, if so, what criteria should be required to claim such exemption?

#### *F. Proposed Amendments to §§ 4.5, 4.13, and 4.14: Requiring Annual Filings of Notices of Claims of Exemption*

The Commission has the power to "make and promulgate such rules and regulations as, in the judgment of the Commission, are reasonably necessary to effectuate the provisions or to accomplish the purposes of [the CEA]."<sup>67</sup> It is pursuant to this authority that the Commission promulgated the various exemptions from registration set forth in §§ 4.5, 4.13, and 4.14. It is also pursuant to this authority that the Commission may revise the criteria for claiming such exemptive relief.

Under the current provisions of part 4 of the Commission's regulations, persons claiming exemptive relief from inclusion in the definition of a CPO or from registration as a CPO or CTA are required to file only a notice of such

claim with NFA and to comply with a few ministerial requirements.<sup>68</sup> For entities claiming relief under §§ 4.5, 4.13, or 4.14, the filing of an exemption notice is the end of these entities' interaction with the Commission or NFA (in the absence of a special call or their capture by the large trader reporting system). The Commission's regulations do not explicitly require these entities to inform the Commission in the event that these entities cease operating as a going concern.<sup>69</sup>

Based on the foregoing, the Commission proposes to require all persons claiming exemptive or exclusionary relief under §§ 4.5, 4.13, and 4.14 of the Commission's regulations to confirm their notice of claim of exemption or exclusion on an annual basis.<sup>70</sup> The Commission believes that an annual notice requirement would promote improved transparency regarding the number of entities either exempt or excluded from the Commission's registration and compliance programs, which is consistent with one of the primary purposes of the Dodd-Frank Act. An annual notice requirement would enable the Commission to determine whether exemptions and exclusions should be modified, repealed, or maintained as part of the Commission's ongoing assessment of its regulatory scheme. If a person chooses to withdraw their certification other than due to the cessation of activities requiring registration or exemption therefrom, the Commission's proposal would require such person to file a registration application with NFA within 30 days of the anniversary date of the initial claim for exemptive relief. Because persons are required to file electronically with NFA, NFA would conduct the annual confirmation process through its electronic system, similar to the annual updates to registration information that

<sup>68</sup> Under the Commission's regulations, persons claiming such relief remain subject to special calls (17 CFR 4.5(c)(2)(ii), 4.13(c)(2), 4.14(a)(8)(iv)(B)) and remain subject to all requirements applicable to traders on our markets (i.e., large trader reporting position limits, anti-fraud provisions, etc.).

<sup>69</sup> Since 2003, the Commission, through NFA, has received over 10,000 notices of claim for exemptive relief under §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4), which represent approximately 30,000 pools. The Commission has no simple and economical way of determining whether all of the approximately 10,000 entities filing the notices claiming relief remain going concerns. Therefore, it is difficult to estimate the number of exempt entities currently operating in the derivative markets.

<sup>70</sup> If the proposed repeal of §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4) is adopted, annual notices will still be required to be filed pursuant to §§ 4.13(a)(1) and (a)(2) under this proposal. Regardless of whether the repeal of §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4) is adopted, all CPOs will be required to file annual notices in order to claim exemptive relief under all provisions of § 4.13.

are required of registered firms under § 3.10(d). The Commission's proposal would make the failure to comply with the annual notice requirement result in a deemed withdrawal of the exemption or exclusion and under those circumstances could result in the initiation of an enforcement action.

The Commission invites comment on whether 30 days is an adequate period of time in which to affirm. Does it make sense to require a filing within 30 days of the anniversary date of the initial filing, or within 30 days of the end of the calendar year?

#### *G. Proposed Amendments to §§ 4.24 and 4.34: New Risk Disclosure Statement for CPOs and CTAs*

The enactment of the Dodd-Frank Act expanded the scope of the Commission's authority to include swaps.<sup>71</sup> In light of this expansion of the Commission's jurisdiction, the Commission has determined that it is necessary to amend the mandatory Risk Disclosure Statements<sup>72</sup> under §§ 4.24(b) and 4.34(b) for CPOs and CTAs to describe certain risks specific to swaps transactions. Specifically, the Commission believes that it is critical that registered CPOs and CTAs inform pool participants and clients about the potential risks that swaps may have limited liquidity and may be hard to value, which may result in difficulties regarding the pool participants' ability to redeem their interests in the pool and clients' ability to liquidate their accounts. The Commission believes that the significance of these risks should be appropriately highlighted by including a discussion in the Risk Disclosure Statement at the beginning of the document.

The Commission is specifically soliciting comment as to whether the risks discussed in the proposed Risk Disclosure Statement are the significant risks to pool participants and clients that are posed by the use of swaps by CPOs and CTAs? Should any other risks be included in the proposed Risk Disclosure Statement? Should any proposed language be omitted?

#### *H. Proposed Amendments to Part 4: Conforming Amendments*

As a result of the amendments discussed in this proposal, the Commission proposes to amend various provisions of part 4 of the Commission's regulations for the purposes of making confirming changes. Specifically, the proposal would delete references to repealed rules (e.g., §§ 4.13(a)(3) and

<sup>71</sup> See generally Title VII of the Dodd-Frank Act.

<sup>72</sup> See 17 CFR 4.24(b), 4.34(b).

(a)(4), *etc.*) in other sections of the Commission's regulations.

### III. Related Matters

#### A. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA)<sup>73</sup> requires that agencies, in proposing rules, consider the impact of those rules on small businesses.

**CPOs:** The Commission has determined previously that registered CPOs are not small entities for the purpose of the RFA.<sup>74</sup> With respect to CPOs exempt from registration, the Commission has previously determined that a CPO is a small entity if it meets the criteria for exemption from registration under current Rule 4.13(a)(2).<sup>75</sup> Such CPOs will continue to qualify for either exemption or exclusion from registration and therefore will not be required to report on proposed form CPO-PQR; however, they will have an annual notice filing obligation confirming their eligibility for exemption or exclusion from registration and reporting. The Commission estimates that the time required to complete this new requirement will be approximately 0.25 of an hour, which the Commission has concluded will not be a significant time expenditure. The Commission has determined that the proposed regulation will not create a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

**CTAs:** The Commission has previously decided to evaluate, within the context of a particular rule proposal, whether all or some CTAs should be considered to be small entities, and if so, to analyze the economic impact on them of any such rule.<sup>76</sup> Schedule A of proposed form CTA-PR is proposed to be required of all registered CTAs, which necessarily includes entities that would be considered small. The majority of the information requested on schedule A is information that is readily available to the CTA or readily calculable by the CTA, regardless of size. Therefore, the Commission estimates that the time required to complete the items contained in schedule A will be approximately 0.5 hours as it is comprised of only two questions, which solicit information that is expected to be readily available. The Commission has determined that proposed schedule A will not create a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. With respect to proposed form CTA-PR,

only CTAs directing pool assets equal to or in excess of \$150 million will be obligated to file schedule B. The Commission is hereby determining that for purposes of this rulemaking that CTAs directing pool assets equal to or in excess of \$150 million are not small entities for RFA purposes. Accordingly, the Chairman, on behalf of the Commission hereby certifies pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that the proposed rules, will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

#### B. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act ("PRA") imposes certain requirements on Federal agencies in connection with their conducting or sponsoring any collection of information as defined by the PRA.<sup>77</sup> An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number from the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB"). The Commission is proposing to amend Collection 3038-0023 to allow for an increase in response hours for the proposed rulemaking resulting from the rescission of §§ 4.13(a)(3) and (a)(4) and the modification of § 4.5. The Commission is also proposing to amend Collection 3038-0005 to allow for an increase in response hours for the proposed rulemaking associated with new and modified compliance obligations under part 4 of the Commission's regulations resulting from this proposal. The Commission, therefore, is submitting this proposal to the OMB for its review in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 3507(d) and 5 CFR 1320.11. The titles for these collections are "Part 3—Registration" (OMB Control number 3038-0023) and "Part 4—Commodity Pool Operators and Commodity Trading Advisors" (OMB Control number 3038-0005). Responses to this collection of information would be mandatory.

The Commission will protect proprietary information according to the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") and 17 CFR part 145, "Commission Records and Information." In addition, section 8(a)(1) of the CEA strictly prohibits the Commission, unless specifically authorized by the CEA, from making public "data and information that would separately disclose the business transactions or market position of any person and trade secrets or names of customers."<sup>78</sup> The Commission is also required to protect certain information contained in a government

system of records according to the Privacy Act of 1974.<sup>79</sup>

#### 1. Additional Information Provided by CPOs and CTAs

##### a. OMB Control Number 3038-0023

Part 3 of the Commission's regulations concern registration requirements. Existing Collection 3038-0023 has been amended to reflect the obligations associated with the registration of new entrants, *i.e.*, CPOs that were previously exempt from registration under §§ 4.5, 4.13(a)(3) and 4.13(a)(4), that had not previously been required to register. Because the registration requirements are in all respects the same as for current registrants, the collection has been amended only insofar as it concerns the increased estimated number of respondents and the corresponding estimated annual burden.

*Estimated number of respondents:*

77,857.

*Annual responses by each respondent:* 78,109.

*Annual reporting burden:* 7,029.8.

##### b. OMB Control Number 3038-0005

Part 4 of the Commission's regulations concerns the operations of CTAs and CPOs, and the circumstances under which they may be exempted from registration. Under existing Collection 3038-0005 the estimated average time spent per response has not been altered; however, adjustments have been made to the collection to account for current information available from NFA concerning CPOs and CTAs registered or claiming exemptive relief under the part 4 regulations, and the new burden expected under proposed § 4.27. The total burden associated with Collection 3038-005 is expected to be:

*Estimated number of respondents:*

31,322.

*Annual responses by each respondent:* 69,082.

*Estimated average hours per response:* 8.77.

*Annual reporting burden:* 272,419.6.

Proposed § 4.27 is expected to be the main reason for the increased burden under Collection 3038-005.

Specifically, the Commission expects the following burden with respect to the various schedules of proposed forms CPO-PQR and CTA-PR:

Form CPO-PQR: Schedule A:

*Estimated number of respondents:* 4,060.

*Annual responses by each respondent:* 4.

*Estimated average hours per response:* 8.

<sup>73</sup> See 5 U.S.C. 601, *et seq.*

<sup>74</sup> See 47 FR 18618, 18619, Apr. 30, 1982.

<sup>75</sup> See 47 FR at 18619–20.

<sup>76</sup> See 47 FR at 18620.

<sup>77</sup> See 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

<sup>78</sup> See 7 U.S.C. 12.

<sup>79</sup> See 5 U.S.C. 552a.

*Annual reporting burden:* 129,920.

Form CPO–PQR: Schedule B:

*Estimated number of respondents:* 920.

*Annual responses by each respondent:*

4.

*Estimated average hours per response:*

4.

*Annual reporting burden:* 14,720.

Form CPO–PQR: Schedule C:

*Estimated number of respondents:* 260.

*Annual responses by each respondent:*

4.

*Estimated average hours per response:*

18.

*Annual reporting burden:* 18,720.

Form CTA–PR: Schedule A:

*Estimated number of respondents:* 450.

*Annual responses by each respondent:*

4.

*Estimated average hours per response:*

0.5.

*Annual reporting burden:* 900.

Form CTA–PR: Schedule B:

*Estimated number of respondents:* 150.

*Annual responses by each respondent:*

4.

*Estimated average hours per response:*

7.

*Annual reporting burden:* 4,200.

## 2. Information Collection Comments

The Commission invites the public and other Federal agencies to comment on any aspect of the reporting and recordkeeping burdens discussed above. Pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(B), the Commission solicits comments in order to: (i) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information will have practical utility; (ii) evaluate the accuracy of the Commission's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (iii) determine whether there are ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (iv) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments may be submitted directly to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, by fax at (202) 395–6566 or by e-mail at

*OIRAsubmissions@omb.eop.gov.* Please provide the Commission with a copy of submitted comments so that they can be summarized and addressed in the final rule. Refer to the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice of proposed rulemaking for comment submission instructions to the Commission. A copy of the supporting statements for the collections of

information discussed above may be obtained by visiting RegInfo.gov. OMB is required to make a decision concerning the collection of information between 30 and 60 days after publication of this release.

Consequently, a comment to OMB is most assured of being fully effective if received by OMB (and the Commission) within 30 days after publication of this notice of proposed rulemaking.

### C. Cost-Benefit Analysis

Section 15(a) of the CEA<sup>80</sup> requires the Commission to consider the costs and benefits of its actions before issuing rules, regulations, or orders under the CEA. By its terms, section 15(a) does not require the Commission to quantify the costs and benefits of its rules, regulations or orders or to determine whether the benefits outweigh the costs. Rather, section 15(a) requires that the Commission "consider" the costs and benefits of its actions. Section 15(a) further specifies that the costs and benefits shall be evaluated in light of the following five broad areas of concern: (1) Protection of market participants and the public; (2) efficiency, competitiveness and financial integrity of futures markets; (3) price discovery; (4) sound risk management practices; and (5) other public interest considerations. The Commission may in its discretion give greater weight to any one of the five enumerated areas and could in its discretion determine that, notwithstanding the costs, a particular rule, regulation, or order is necessary or appropriate to protect the public interest or to effectuate any of the provisions or accomplish any of the purposes of the CEA.

The proposed amendments to the Commission's regulations require CPOs and CTAs registered with the CFTC to file in an electronic format the proposed forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR, respectively. Under the proposed rule, most CPOs and CTAs would be required to provide quarterly a limited amount of basic information on forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR about the operations of their commodity pools. Only large CPOs and CTAs would have to submit on a quarterly basis the full complement of systemic risk related information required by forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR.

With respect to costs, the Commission has determined that: (1) Although they are necessary to U.S. financial stability, the proposed reporting requirements will create additional compliance costs for these registrants; (2) without the

proposed reporting requirements imposed on CPOs and CTAs, the Commission may not have sufficient information to provide effective oversight of participants in the futures and derivatives markets; and (3) the proposed reporting requirements, once finalized, will provide the Commission with better information regarding the business operations, creditworthiness, use of leverage, and other material information of certain registered CPOs and CTAs.

In addition to the costs associated with the proposed data collection instruments, the Commission has determined the following with respect to the costs of the other proposed changes to part 4 of the Commission's regulations impacting entitlement to exemptive relief from registration:

(1) Unless the Commission rescinds the exemptive relief delineated in §§ 4.13(a)(3) and 4.13(a)(4), the information collected under proposed forms CPO–PQR and CTA–PR will not provide a complete understanding of the risks arising from the activities of CPOs and CTAs in the commodity derivatives markets; (2) failing to adopt revisions to § 4.5 that are substantively similar to those proposed in NFA's petition for rulemaking would result in disparate treatment of similarly situated collective investment schemes; (3) requiring the filing of an annual notice to claim exemptive relief under §§ 4.5, 4.13, and 4.14 enables the Commission to better understand the universe of entities claiming relief from the Commission's regulatory scheme; and (4) although the Commission believes that the abovementioned amendments are necessary, the proposed changes will result in additional costs to certain market participants due to registration and compliance obligations.

The Commission has determined that the proposed changes will provide a benefit to all investors and market participants by providing the Commission and other policy makers with more complete information about these registrants. In turn, this information would enhance the Commission's ability to form and frame appropriately tailored regulatory policies to the commodity pool industry and its operators and advisors. As mentioned above, the Commission does not have access to this information today and has instead made use of information from other, less reliable sources.

The Commission invites public comment on its cost-benefit considerations. Commenters are also invited to submit any data and other information that they may have

<sup>80</sup> See 7 U.S.C. 19(a); see also 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(B)(i).

quantifying or qualifying the costs and benefits of this proposed rule with their comment letters.

## List of Subjects

### 17 CFR Part 4

Advertising, Brokers, Commodity futures, Commodity pool operators, Commodity trading advisors, Consumer protection, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

### 17 CFR Part 145

Commission records and information, Confidential business information.

### 17 CFR Part 147

Open commission meetings, Sunshine Act.

Accordingly, 17 CFR chapter I is proposed to be amended as follows:

## PART 4—COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS AND COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

1. The authority citation for part 4 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 4, 6(c), 6b, 6c, 6l, 6m, 6n, 6o, 12a, and 23.

2. In § 4.5, add paragraphs (c)(2)(iii) and (c)(5) to read as follows:

### § 4.5 Exclusion from the definition of the term “commodity pool operator.”

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(2) \* \* \*

(iii) Furthermore, if the person claiming the exclusion is an investment company registered as such under the Investment Company Act of 1940, then the notice of eligibility must also contain representations that such person will operate the qualifying entity as described in Rule 4.5(b)(1) in a manner such that the qualifying entity:

(A) Will use commodity futures or commodity options contracts, or swaps solely for bona fide hedging purposes within the meaning and intent of [Rule] 1.3(z)(1); Provided however, That in addition, with respect to positions in commodity futures or commodity option contracts, or swaps that may be held by a qualifying entity only which do not come within the meaning and intent of Rule 1.3(z)(1), a qualifying entity may represent that the aggregate initial margin and premiums required to establish such positions will not exceed five percent of the liquidation value of the qualifying entity's portfolio, after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such contracts it has entered into; and, Provided further, That in the case of an option that is in-the-money at the time of purchase, the in-the-money amount

as defined in Rule 190.01(x) may be excluded in computing such five percent;

(B) Will not be, and has not been, marketing participations to the public as or in a commodity pool or otherwise as or in a vehicle for trading in (or otherwise seeking investment exposure to) the commodity futures, commodity options, or swaps markets.

\* \* \* \* \*

(5) Annual notice: Each person who has filed a notice of exclusion under this section must affirm the notice of exemption from registration, withdraw such exemption due to the cessation of activities requiring registration or exemption therefrom, or withdraw such exemption and apply for registration within 30 days of the anniversary of the initial filing date through National Futures Association's electronic exemption filing system.

\* \* \* \* \*

3. In § 4.7, revise paragraphs (a)(3)(ix) and (x) and (b)(3) to read as follows:

### § 4.7 Exemption from certain part 4 requirements for commodity pool operators with respect to offerings to qualified eligible persons and for commodity trading advisors with respect to advising qualified eligible persons.

\* \* \* \* \*

(a) \* \* \*

(3) \* \* \*

(ix) A natural person whose individual net worth, or joint net worth with that person's spouse at the time of either his purchase in the exempt pool or his opening of an exempt account would qualify him as an accredited investor as defined in Sec. 230.501(a)(5) of this title;

(x) A natural person who would qualify as an accredited investor as defined in Sec. 203.501(a)(6) of this title;

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(3) Annual report relief. (i) Exemption from the specific requirements of § 4.22(c) of this part; *Provided*, that within 90 calendar days after the end of the exempt pool's fiscal year or the permanent cessation of trading, whichever is earlier, the commodity pool operator electronically files with the National Futures Association and distributes to each participant in lieu of the financial information and statements specified by that section, an annual report for the exempt pool, affirmed in accordance with § 4.22(h) which contains, at a minimum:

(A) A Statement of Financial Condition as of the close of the exempt pool's fiscal year (elected in accordance with § 4.22(g));

(B) A Statement of Operations for that year;

(C) Appropriate footnote disclosure and such further material information as may be necessary to make the required statements not misleading. For a pool that invests in other funds, this information must include, but is not limited to, separately disclosing the amounts of income, management and incentive fees associated with each investment in an investee fund that exceeds five percent of the pool's net assets. The income, management and incentive fees associated with an investment in an investee fund that is less than five percent of the pool's net assets may be combined and reported in the aggregate with the income, management and incentive fees of other investee funds that, individually, represent an investment of less than five percent of the pool's net assets. If the commodity pool operator is not able to obtain the specific amounts of management and incentive fees charged by an investee fund, the commodity pool operator must disclose the percentage amounts and computational basis for each such fee and include a statement that the CPO is not able to obtain the specific fee amounts for this fund;

(D) Where the pool is comprised of more than one ownership class or series, information for the series or class on which the financial statements are reporting should be presented in addition to the information presented for the pool as a whole; except that, for a pool that is a series fund structured with a limitation on liability among the different series, the financial statements are not required to include consolidated information for all series.

(ii) Legend. If a claim for exemption has been made pursuant to this section, the commodity pool operator must make a statement to that effect on the cover page of each annual report.

\* \* \* \* \*

4. In § 4.13:
  - a. Remove and reserve paragraphs (a)(3), (4), and (e)
  - b. Revise paragraph (b)(1)(ii)
  - c. Redesignate paragraph (b)(4) as paragraph (b)(5), and add new paragraph (b)(4).

The revision and addition read as follows:

### § 4.13 Exemption from registration as a commodity pool operator.

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(2) \* \* \*

(ii) Contain the section number pursuant to which the operator is filing the notice (*i.e.*, § 4.13(a)(1) or (2)) and

represent that the pool will be operated in accordance with the criteria of that paragraph; and

\* \* \* \* \*

(4) Annual notice: Each person who has filed a notice of exemption from registration under this section must affirm the notice of exemption from registration, withdraw such exemption due to the cessation of activities requiring registration or exemption therefrom, or withdraw such exemption and apply for registration within 30 days of the anniversary of the initial filing date through National Futures Association's electronic exemption filing system.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### 5. In § 4.14:

- a. Remove paragraph (a)(8)(i)(D)
- b. Redesignate paragraph (a)(8)(iii)(D) as (a)(8)(iii)(E) and add new paragraph (a)(8)(iii)(D) to read as follows:

#### **§ 4.14 Exemption from registration as a commodity trading adviser.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(a) \* \* \*

(8) \* \* \*

(iii) \* \* \*

(D) Annual notice: Each person who has filed a notice of exemption from registration under this section must affirm the notice of exemption from registration, withdraw such exemption due to the cessation of activities requiring registration or exemption therefrom, or withdraw such exemption and apply for registration within 30 days of the anniversary of the initial filing date through National Futures Association's electronic exemption filing system.

\* \* \* \* \*

6. In § 4.24, add paragraph (b)(5) to read as follows:

#### **§ 4.24 General disclosures required.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(5) If the pool may engage in swaps, the Risk Disclosure Statement must further state:

SWAPS TRANSACTIONS, LIKE OTHER FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS, INVOLVE A VARIETY OF SIGNIFICANT RISKS. THE SPECIFIC RISKS PRESENTED BY A PARTICULAR SWAP TRANSACTION NECESSARILY DEPEND UPON THE TERMS OF THE TRANSACTION AND YOUR CIRCUMSTANCES. IN GENERAL, HOWEVER, ALL SWAPS TRANSACTIONS INVOLVE SOME COMBINATION OF MARKET RISK, CREDIT RISK, COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK, FUNDING RISK, LIQUIDITY RISK, AND OPERATIONAL RISK.

HIGHLY CUSTOMIZED SWAPS TRANSACTIONS IN PARTICULAR MAY INCREASE LIQUIDITY RISK, WHICH MAY

RESULT IN A SUSPENSION OF REDEMPTIONS. HIGHLY LEVERAGED TRANSACTIONS MAY EXPERIENCE SUBSTANTIAL GAINS OR LOSSES IN VALUE AS A RESULT OF RELATIVELY SMALL CHANGES IN THE VALUE OR LEVEL OF AN UNDERLYING OR RELATED MARKET FACTOR.

IN EVALUATING THE RISKS AND CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH A PARTICULAR SWAP TRANSACTION, IT IS IMPORTANT TO CONSIDER THAT A SWAP TRANSACTION MAY BE MODIFIED OR TERMINATED ONLY BY MUTUAL CONSENT OF THE ORIGINAL PARTIES AND SUBJECT TO AGREEMENT ON INDIVIDUALLY NEGOTIATED TERMS. THEREFORE, IT MAY NOT BE POSSIBLE FOR THE COMMODITY POOL OPERATOR TO MODIFY, TERMINATE, OR OFFSET THE POOL'S OBLIGATIONS OR THE POOL'S EXPOSURE TO THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH A TRANSACTION PRIOR TO ITS SCHEDULED TERMINATION DATE.

\* \* \* \* \*

7. Add § 4.27 to read as follows:

#### **§ 4.27 Additional reporting by advisors of certain large commodity pools.**

(a) *General definitions.* For the purposes of this section:

(1) *Commodity pool operator or CPO* has the same meaning as *commodity pool operator* defined in section 1a(11) of the Commodity Exchange Act;

(2) *Commodity trading advisor or CTA* has the same meaning as *commodity trading advisor* defined in section 1a(12);

(3) *Direct* has the same meaning as *direct* defined in section 4.10(f);

(4) *Net asset value* or *NAV* has the same meaning as *net asset value* as defined in section 4.10(b);

(5) *Pool* has the same meaning as *pool* as defined in section 1(a)(10) of the Commodity Exchange Act;

(6) *Reporting period* means each quarter ending March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31;

(b) *Persons required to report.* A reporting person is:

(1) Any commodity pool operator that is registered or required to be registered under the Commodity Exchange Act and the Commission's regulations thereunder; or

(2) Any commodity trading advisor that is registered or required to be registered under the Commodity Exchange Act and the Commission's regulations thereunder.

(c) *Reporting.* (1) Except as provided in section (c)(2) of this section, each reporting person shall file with the National Futures Association, not later than 15 days after the end of the first reporting period during which such reporting person satisfies the requirements of paragraph (b) of this

section, and not later than 15 days after the end of each quarter during the calendar year subsequent thereto, a report with respect to the directed assets of each pool under the advisement of the commodity pool operator consistent with appendix A to this part or commodity trading advisor consistent with appendix C to this part.

(2) Mid-Sized CPOs, as that term is defined in appendix A to this part, shall file with the National Futures Association such reports consistent with the time period described in appendix A.

(3) All financial information shall be reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

(d) [Reserved]

(e) *Filing requirements.* Each report required to be filed with the National Futures Association under this section shall:

(1)(i) Contain an oath and affirmation that, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the individual making the oath and affirmation, the information contained in the document is accurate and complete; *Provided, however,* That it shall be unlawful for the individual to make such oath or affirmation if the individual knows or should know that any of the information in the document is not accurate and complete and

(ii) Each oath or affirmation must be made by a representative duly authorized to bind the CPO or CTA.

(2) Be submitted consistent with the National Futures Association's electronic filing procedures.

(f) *Termination of reporting requirement.* All reporting persons shall continue to file such reports as are required under this section until the effective date of a Form 7W filed in accordance with the Commission's regulations.

(g) *Public records.* Reports filed pursuant to this section shall not be considered Public Records as defined in § 145.0 of this chapter.

8. In § 4.34, add paragraph (b)(4) to read as follows:

#### **§ 4.34 General disclosures required.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(4) If the commodity trading advisor may engage in swaps, the Risk Disclosure Statement must further state:

SWAPS TRANSACTIONS, LIKE OTHER FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS, INVOLVE A VARIETY OF SIGNIFICANT RISKS. THE SPECIFIC RISKS PRESENTED BY A PARTICULAR SWAP TRANSACTION NECESSARILY DEPEND UPON THE TERMS OF THE TRANSACTION AND YOUR CIRCUMSTANCES. IN GENERAL,

HOWEVER, ALL SWAPS TRANSACTIONS INVOLVE SOME COMBINATION OF MARKET RISK, CREDIT RISK, FUNDING RISK, AND OPERATIONAL RISK.

HIGHLY CUSTOMIZED SWAPS TRANSACTIONS IN PARTICULAR MAY INCREASE LIQUIDITY RISK, WHICH MAY RESULT IN YOUR ABILITY TO WITHDRAW YOUR FUNDS BEING LIMITED. HIGHLY LEVERAGED TRANSACTIONS MAY EXPERIENCE SUBSTANTIAL GAINS OR LOSSES IN VALUE AS A RESULT OF RELATIVELY SMALL CHANGES IN THE

VALUE OR LEVEL OF AN UNDERLYING OR RELATED MARKET FACTOR.

IN EVALUATING THE RISKS AND CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH A PARTICULAR SWAP TRANSACTION, IT IS IMPORTANT TO CONSIDER THAT A SWAP TRANSACTION MAY BE MODIFIED OR TERMINATED ONLY BY MUTUAL CONSENT OF THE ORIGINAL PARTIES AND SUBJECT TO AGREEMENT ON INDIVIDUALLY NEGOTIATED TERMS. THEREFORE, IT MAY NOT BE POSSIBLE TO MODIFY,

TERMINATE, OR OFFSET YOUR OBLIGATIONS OR YOUR EXPOSURE TO THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH A TRANSACTION PRIOR TO ITS SCHEDULED TERMINATION DATE.

\* \* \* \* \*

9. Appendix A is revised to read as follows:

**Appendix A to Part 4—Form CPO-PQR**  
BILLING CODE P

TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

CFTC Form CPO-PQR  
OMB No.: 3038-XXXX

POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

Instructions for Using the Form CPO-PQR Template

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING OR REVIEWING THE REPORTING FORM. THE FAILURE TO ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS COMPLETELY AND ACCURATELY OR THE OMISSION OF REQUIRED INFORMATION MAY SEVERELY IMPACT YOUR ABILITY TO OPERATE AS A COMMODITY POOL OPERATOR.

This document is not a reporting form. Do not send this document to NFA. It is a template that you may use to assist in filing the electronic reporting form with the NFA at: <http://www.nfa.futures.org>.

You may fill out the template online and save and/or print it when you are finished or you can download the template and/or print it and fill it out later.

**DEFINED TERMS**

Words that are underlined in this form are defined terms and have the meanings contained in the Definitions of Terms section.

**GENERAL**

**Read the Instructions and Questions Carefully**

Please read the instructions and the questions in this Form CPO-PQR carefully. A question that is answered incorrectly because it was misread or misinterpreted can severely impact your ability to operate as a CPO.

In this Form CPO-PQR, "you" means the CPO.

**Call the CFTC with Questions**

If there is any question about whether particular information must be provided or about the manner in which particular information must be provided, contact the CFTC for clarification.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

**Instructions for Using the Form CPO-PQR Template****REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS****1. All CPOs Are Required to Complete and File the Form CPO-PQR Quarterly**

All CPOs are required to complete and file a Form CPO-PQR for each Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of CPO and operate at least one Pool. The Form CPO-PQR is required to be filed with the NFA within 15 calendar days of the last day of the Reporting Period.

**2. Only Certain Schedules of this Form CPO-PQR Are Required of Certain CPOs**

Only certain Schedules of this Form CPO-PQR are required to be completed and filed by certain CPOs.

**Schedule A**

Schedule A must be completed and filed by each CPO for every Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of CPO and operate at least one Pool.

Part 1 of Schedule A surveys basic information about the reporting CPO. Part 2 of Schedule A asks for more specific information about each of the CPO's Pool's, including questions about the Pool's key relationship and about the Pool's investment positions.

**Schedule B**

Schedule B must be completed and filed annually by Mid-Sized CPOs. Mid-Sized CPOs must complete and file a Schedule B within 90 days of the close of each calendar year during which they satisfied the definition of Mid-Sized CPO and operated at least one Pool. A CPO that qualifies as a Mid-Sized CPO at any point during the calendar year must complete and file a separate Schedule B for each Pool that it operated during the calendar year.

Schedule B must be completed and filed quarterly by Large CPOs. Large CPOs must complete and file a Schedule B within 15 days of the close of the most recent Reporting Period during which they satisfied the definition of Large CPO and operated at least one Pool. A CPO that qualifies as a Large CPO at any point during the Reporting Period must complete and file a separate Schedule B for each Pool that it operated during the Reporting Period.

**No Schedule B Filing Requirements**

Any Mid-Sized CPO or Large CPO that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) operated only Pools that satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the calendar year or Reporting Period, respectively, will be deemed to have satisfied its Schedule B filing requirements by completing and filing Sections 1.b. and 1.c. of Form PF for each Pool that it operated during the calendar year or Reporting Period, respectively, in question.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

**Instructions for Using the Form CPO-PQR Template**

**REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS (cont'd)**

**2. Only Certain Schedules of this Form CPO-PQR Are Required of Certain CPOs (cont'd)**

Limited Schedule B Filing Requirements

However, any Mid-Sized CPO or Large CPO that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) operated any Pools that do not satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the calendar year or Reporting Period, respectively, will be required to complete and file a Schedule B for each Pool that it operated during the calendar year or Reporting Period, respectively, that did not satisfy the definition of a Private Fund. Schedule B will need to be completed in addition to the Mid-Sized CPO's or Large CPO's filing Form PF requirements.

Schedule B asks for information about each Pool's creditors, counterparties, borrowings and clearing mechanisms.

**Schedule C**

Schedule C must be completed and filed only by Large CPOs. Large CPOs must complete and file a Schedule C for every Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of a Large CPO and operate at least one Pool. A CPO that qualifies as a Large CPO at any point during the Reporting Period must complete and file a separate Part 2 of Schedule C for each Large Pool that it operated during the Reporting Period.

No Schedule C Filing Requirements

Any Large CPO that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) operated only Pools that satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be deemed to have satisfied its Schedule C filing requirements by completing and filing the applicable Sections 1 and 2 of Form PF for the Reporting Period in question.

Limited Schedule C Filing Requirements

However, any Large CPO that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) operated any Pools that do not satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be required to complete Parts 1 and 2 of Schedule C with respect to the Pool(s) that it operated during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of a Private Fund. For these Large CPOs, Part 1 of Schedule C will need to be completed with respect to all Pools that they operated during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund, and Part 2 of Schedule C will need to be completed with respect to all Large Pools that they operated during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund. These Schedule C filings will need to be completed in addition to the Large CPO's filing Form PF requirements.

Part 1 of Schedule C asks for information about the aggregated portfolios of the Pools that were not Private Funds that the Large CPO operated during the Reporting Period.

Part 2 of Schedule C asks for certain risk metrics about the Large Pools that were not Private Funds that the Large CPO operated during the Reporting Period.

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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION**

**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS**

**Instructions for Using the Form CPO-PQR Template**

**REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS (cont'd)**

**3. The CPO May Be Required to Aggregate Information Concerning Certain Types of Pools**

For purposes of determining whether a CPO meets the reporting thresholds for Schedules B and/or C of this Form CPO-PQR, the CPO must (1) aggregate all Parallel Pool Structures, Parallel Managed Accounts and Master Feeder Arrangements; and, (2) treat any Pool or Parallel Managed Account operated by any of its Affiliated Entities as though it was operated by the CPO.

For purposes of determining whether a Pool qualifies as a Large Pool for Schedule C of this Form CPO-PQR, the CPO must (1) aggregate all Pools that are part of the same Parallel Fund Structure or Master-Feeder Arrangement; (2) aggregate any Parallel Managed Accounts with the largest Pool to which that Parallel Managed Account relates; and, (3) treat any Pool or Parallel Managed Account operated by any of your Affiliated Entities as though it was operated by the CPO.

However, for the parts of Form CPO-PQR that request information about individual Pools, you must report aggregate information for Parallel Managed Accounts and Master Feeder Arrangements as if each were an individual Pool, but not Parallel Pools. Assets held in Parallel Managed Accounts should be treated as assets of the Pools with which they are aggregated.

**4. The Form CPO-PQR Must Be Filed Electronically with NFA**

All CPOs must file their Forms CPO-PQR electronically using NFA's EasyFile System. NFA's EasyFile System can be accessed through NFA's website at [www.nfa.futures.org](http://www.nfa.futures.org). You will use the same logon and password for filing your Form CPO-PQR as you would for any other EasyFile filings. Questions regarding your NFA ID# or your use of NFA's EasyFile system should be directed to the NFA. The NFA's contact information is available on its website.

**5. All Figures Reported in U.S. Dollars**

All questions asking for amounts or investments must be reported in U.S. dollars. Any amounts converted to U.S. dollars must use the conversion rate in effect on the Reporting Date.

**6. Use of U.S. GAAP**

All financial information in this Report must be presented and computed in accordance with GAAP consistently applied.

**7. Oath and Affirmation**

This Form CPO-PQR will not be accepted unless it is complete and contains an oath or affirmation that, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the individual making the oath or affirmation, the information contained in the document is accurate and complete; provided however, that it shall be unlawful for the individual to make such oath or affirmation if the individual knows or should know that any of the information in this Report is not accurate and complete.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Definitions of Terms for the Form CPO-PQR Template

## DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

**Affiliated Entity:** The term "Affiliated Entity" means any entity is an affiliate of another entity. An entity is an affiliate of another entity if the entity directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the other entity.

**Assets Under Management or AUM:** The term "Assets Under Management" or "AUM" means the amount of all assets that are under the control of the CPO.

**BP:** The term "BP" means basis points.

**Broker:** The term "Broker" means any entity that provides clearing, prime brokerage or similar services to the Pool.

**CDS:** The term "CDS" means credit default swap.

**CCP:** The term "CCP" means a central counterparty or central clearing house, such as CC&G, CME Clearing, The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (including FICC, NSCC and Euro CCP), EMCF, Eurex Clearing, Fedwire, ICE Clear Europe, ICE Clear U.S., ICE Trust, LCH Clearnet Limited, LCH Clearnet SA, Options Clearing Corporation and SIX x-clear.

**Commodity Futures Trading Commission or CFTC:** The term "Commodity Futures Trading Commission" or "CFTC" means the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**Commodity Pool or Pool:** The term "Commodity Pool" or "Pool" has the same meaning as "commodity pool" as defined in section 1a(10) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Commodity Pool Operator or CPO:** The term "commodity pool operator" or "CPO" has the same meaning as "commodity pool operator" defined in section 1a(11) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Commodity Trading Advisor or CTA:** The term "commodity trading advisor" or "CTA" has the same meaning as "commodity trading adviser" as defined in section 1a(12) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Feeder Fund:** See Master Feeder Arrangement.

**Financial Institution:** The term "financial institution" means any of the following: (i) a bank or savings association, in each case as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; (ii) a bank holding company or financial holding company, in each case as defined in the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956; (iii) a savings and loan holding company, as defined in the Home Owners' Loan Act; (iv) a Federal credit union, State credit union or State-chartered credit union, as those terms are defined in section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act; or (v) a Farm Credit System institution chartered and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971; or (vi) an entity chartered or otherwise organized outside the United States that engages in banking activities.

**Form CPO-PQR:** The term "Form CPO-PQR" means this Form CPO-PQR.

**Form PF:** The term "Form PF" refers to the SEC's Form PF.

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Definitions of Terms for the Form CPO-PQR Template

## DEFINITIONS OF TERMS (cont'd)

**GAAP:** The term "GAAP" means Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

**Investment Adviser:** The term "Investment Adviser" has the same meaning as "investment adviser" as defined in Section 202(a)(11) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

**Large CPO:** The term "Large CPO" refers to any CPO that had at least \$1 billion in aggregated Pool Assets Under Management as of the close of business on any day during the Reporting Period.

**Large Pool:** The term "Large Pool" means any Pool that has a Net Asset Value individually, or in combination with any Parallel Pool Structure, of at least \$500 million as of the close of business on any day during the Reporting Period.

**Master Fund:** See Master Feeder Arrangement.

**Master-Feeder Arrangement:** The phrase "Master Feeder Arrangement" means an arrangement in which one or more funds ("Feeder Funds") invest all or substantially all of their assets in a single fund ("Master Fund"). A fund would also be a Feeder Fund investing in a Master Fund for the purposes of this definition if it issued multiple classes or series of shares or interests and each class (or series) invests substantially all of its assets in shares (or other interests in) a single underlying Master Fund.

**Mid-Sized CPO:** The term "Mid-Sized CPO" refers to any CPO that had at least \$150 million in aggregated Pool Assets Under Management as of the close of business on any day during the Reporting Period.

**National Futures Association or NFA:** The term "National Futures Association" or "NFA" refers to the National Futures Association, a registered futures association under Section 17 of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Negative OTE:** The term "Negative OTE" means negative open trade equity.

**Net Asset Value or NAV:** The term "Net Asset Value" or "NAV" has the same meaning as "net asset value" as defined in Commission Rule 4.10(b).

**Non-U.S. Financial Institution:** A "non-U.S. Financial Institution" means any of the following Financial Institutions: (i) a Financial Institution chartered outside the United States; (ii) a subsidiary of a U.S. Financial Institution that is separately incorporated or otherwise organized outside the United States; or (iii) a branch or agency that resides in the United States but has a parent that is a Financial Institution chartered outside the United States.

**OTC:** The term "OTC" means over-the-counter.

**Parallel Managed Account:** The term "Parallel Managed Account" means any managed account or other pool of assets that the CPO operates and that pursues substantially the same investment objective and strategy and invests side-by-side in substantially the same assets as the identified Pool.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Definitions of Terms for the Form CPO-PQR Template

## DEFINITIONS OF TERMS (cont'd)

**Parallel Pool Structure:** The term "Parallel Pool Structure" means any structure in which one or more Pools pursues substantially the same investment objective and strategy and invests side by side in substantially the same assets as another Pool.

**Private Fund:** The term "Private Fund" has the same meaning as "private fund" as defined in Form PF.

**Positive OTE:** The term "Positive OTE" means positive open trade equity.

**Reporting Date:** The term "Reporting Date" means the last calendar day of the Reporting Period for which this Form CPO-PQR is required to be completed and filed. For example, the Reporting Date for the first calendar quarter of a year is March 31; the Reporting Date for the second calendar quarter is June 30.

**Reporting Period:** The term "Reporting Period" means any of the individual calendar quarters (ending March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).

**Trading Manager:** The term "Trading Manager" means any entity or individual with sole or partial authority to invest Pool assets or to allocate Pool assets to other managers or investee pools (including cash management firms). CTAs and other CPOs can be Trading Managers; however, a CPO should not identify itself as a Trading Manager.

**Secured Borrowing:** The term "Secured Borrowing" means obligations for borrowed money in respect of which the borrower has posted collateral or other credit support. For purposes of this definition, repos are secured borrowings.

**Securities and Exchange Commission or SEC:** The term "Securities and Exchange Commission" or "SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

**Side Arrangements and Side Letters:** The term "Side Arrangements" or the term "Side Letters" means any arrangement that is extended to less than 100% of the Pool's participants.

**U.S. Financial Institution:** The term "U.S. Financial Institution" means any of the following Financial Institutions: (i) a Financial Institution chartered in the United States (whether federally-chartered or state-chartered); (ii) a subsidiary of a Non-U.S. Financial Institution that is separately incorporated or otherwise organized in the United States; or (iii) a branch or agency that resides outside the United States but has a parent that is a Financial Institution chartered in the United States.

**Unsecured Borrowing:** The term "Unsecured Borrowing" means obligations for borrowed money in respect of which the borrower has not posted collateral or other credit support.

**VaR:** The term "VaR" means value at risk.

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SCHEDULE A

Every CPO is required to complete and file Schedule A of this Form CPO-PQR. This Schedule A must be completed for every Reporting Period during which the CPO operated at least one Pool. Part 1 of Schedule A asks for information about the CPO. Part 2 of Schedule A asks for information about each individual Pool that the CPO operated during the Reporting Period. CPOs must complete and file a separate Part 2 for each Pool they operated any time during the Reporting Period.

Unless otherwise specified in a particular question, all information provided in this Schedule A should be accurate as of the Reporting Date.

**PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE CPO****1. CPO INFORMATION**

Provide the following general information concerning the CPO:

- a. CPO's Name:
- b. CPO's NFA ID#:
- c. Person to contact concerning this Form CPO-PQR:
- d. CPO's chief compliance officer:
- e. Total number of employees of the CPO:
- f. Total number of equity holders of the CPO:
- g. Total number of Pools operated by the CPO:


**2. CPO ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT**

Provide the following information concerning the amount of Assets Under Management by the CPO:

- a. CPO's Total Assets Under Management:
- b. CPO's Total Net Assets Under Management:
- c. CPO's Total Pool Assets Under Management:
- d. CPO's Total Pool Net Assets Under Management:


## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION**

**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO**

**REMINDER:** The CPO must complete and file a separate Part 2 for each Pool that the CPO operated during the Reporting Period.

**3. POOL INFORMATION**

Provide the following general information concerning the Pool:

a. Pool's name: \_\_\_\_\_

--

b. Pool's NFA ID#: \_\_\_\_\_

--

c. Under the laws of what state or country is the Pool organized: \_\_\_\_\_

--

d. On what date does the Pool's fiscal year end: \_\_\_\_\_

--

e. Is this Pool a Private Fund? Yes  No f. List the English name of each Foreign Financial Regulatory Authority and the country with which the Pool is registered.

Foreign Financial Regulatory Authority

Country

--

--

--

--

g. Is this a Master Fund in a Master-Feeder Arrangement? Yes  No If "Yes," provide the name and NFA ID# of each Feeder Fund investing in this Pool:

Feeder Fund

NFA ID#

--

--

--

--

h. Is this a Feeder Fund in a Master-Feeder Arrangement? Yes  No If "Yes," provide the name and NFA ID# of the Master Fund in which this Pool invests:

Master Fund

NFA ID#

--

--

i. If this Pool invests in other Pools, what is the maximum number of investee pool tiers? \_\_\_\_\_

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)4. POOL THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATORS

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's third party administrator(s):

a. Does the CPO use third party administrators for the Pool? Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information for each third party administrator:

i. Name of the administrator: \_\_\_\_\_

ii. NFA ID# of administrator: \_\_\_\_\_

iii. Address of the administrator: \_\_\_\_\_

iv. Telephone number of the administrator: \_\_\_\_\_

v. Starting date of the relationship with the administrator: \_\_\_\_\_

vi. Services performed by the administrator:

Preparation of Pool financial statements:  Maintenance of the Pool's books and records:

Calculation of Pool's performance:  Other \_\_\_\_\_

b. What percentage of the Pool's Assets Under Management is valued by a third party administrator, or similar entity, that is independent of the CPO? \_\_\_\_\_ %

If the number entered is greater than "0," provide the following information:

Name(s) of the third party(-ies): \_\_\_\_\_

5. POOL BROKERS

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's Broker(s):

a. Does the CPO use Brokers for the Pool? Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information for each Broker:

i. Name of the Broker: \_\_\_\_\_

ii. NFA ID# of Broker: \_\_\_\_\_

iii. Address of Broker: \_\_\_\_\_

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION**

**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)****5. POOL CARRYING BROKERS (cont'd)**iv. Telephone number of the Broker: v. Starting date of the relationship with the Broker: vi. Services performed by the Broker:Clearing services for the Pool:  Custodian services for some or all Pool assets: Prime brokerage services for the Pool:  Other \_\_\_\_\_: **6. POOL TRADING MANAGERS**Provide the following information concerning the Pool's Trading Manager(s):

- a. Has the CPO authorized Trading Managers to invest or allocate some or all of the Pool's Assets Under Management? Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information for each Trading Manager:i. Name of the Trading Manager: ii. NFA ID# of the Trading Manager: iii. Address of the Trading Manager: iv. Telephone number of the Trading Manager: v. Starting date of the relationship with the Trading Manager: vi. What percentage of the Pool's Assets Under Management does the Trading Manager have authority to invest or allocate?  %**7. POOL CUSTODIANS**Provide the following information concerning the Pool's custodian(s):

- a. Does the CPO use custodians to hold some or all of the Pool's Assets Under Management?

Yes  No 

If "Yes," provide the following information for each custodian:

i. Name of the custodian:

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)7. POOL CUSTODIANS (cont'd)

- ii. NFA ID# of the custodian: \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Address of the custodian: \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Telephone number of the custodian: \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Starting date of the relationship with the custodian: \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. What percentage of the Pool's Assets Under Management is held by the custodian? \_\_\_\_\_ %

8. POOL AUDITOR

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's auditor(s):

- a. Does the CPO have the Pool's financial statements audited? Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information:

- i. Is the audit conducted in accordance with GAAP? Yes  No
- ii. Name of the auditing firm: \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Address of the auditing firm: \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Telephone number of the auditing firm: \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Starting date of the relationship with the auditing firm: \_\_\_\_\_

- b. Are the Pool's audited financial statements distributed to the Pool's participants?

Yes  No

9. POOL MARKETERS

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's marketer(s):

- a. Does the CPO use the services of third parties to market participations in the Pool?

Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information for each marketing firm:

- i. Name of the marketing firm: \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Address of the marketing firm: \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Telephone number of the marketing firm: \_\_\_\_\_

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)9. POOL MARKETERS (cont'd)

- iv. Starting date of the relationship with the marketing firm:
- v. Address of any website used by the marketing firm to market participations in the Pool:

10. POOL'S STATEMENT OF CHANGES CONCERNING ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's activity during the Reporting Period. For the purposes of this question:

(i) The Assets Under Management and Net Asset Value at the beginning of the Reporting Period are considered to be the same as the assets under management and Net Asset Value at the end of the previous Reporting Period, in accordance with Regulation 4.25(a)(7)(A).

(ii) The additions to the Pool include all additions whether voluntary or involuntary in accordance with Regulation 4.25(a)(7)(B).

(iii) The withdrawals and redemptions from the Pool include all withdrawals or redemptions whether voluntary or not, in accordance with Regulation 4.25(a)(7)(C).

(iv) The Pool's Assets Under Management and Net Asset Value on the Reporting Date must be calculated by adding or subtracting from the Assets Under Management and Net Asset Value at the beginning of the Reporting Period, respectively, any additions, withdrawals, redemptions and net performance, as provided in Regulation 4.25(a)(7)(E).

a. Pool's Assets Under Management at the beginning of the Reporting Period:

b. Pool's Net Asset Value at the beginning of the Reporting Period:

c. Pool's net income during the Reporting Period:

d. Additions to the Pool during the Reporting Period:

e. Withdrawals and Redemptions from the Pool during the Reporting Period:

f. Pool's Assets Under Management on the Reporting Date:

g. Pool's Net Asset Value on the Reporting Date:

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

## 11. POOL'S MONTHLY RATES OR RETURN

Provide the Pool's monthly rate of return for each month that the Pool has operated. The Pool's monthly rate of return should be calculated in accordance with Regulation 4.25(a)(7)(F). Enter "NT" to indicate that the Pool did not trade during a particular month. Provide the Pool's annual rate of return for the appropriate year in the row marked "Annual."

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Jan.							
Feb.							
March							
June							
July							
August							
Sept.							
Oct.							
Nov.							
Dec.							
ANNUAL							

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)****12. POOL SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS**

Provide the Pool's investments in each of the subcategories listed under the following seven headings: (1) Cash; (2) Equities; (3) Alternative Investments; (4) Fixed Income; (5) Derivatives; (6) Options; and (7) Funds. First, determine how the Pool's investments should be allocated among each of these seven categories. Once you have determined how the Pool's investments should be allocated, enter the dollar value of the Pool's total investment in each applicable category on the top, boldfaced line. For example, under the "Cash" heading, the Pool's total investment should be listed on the line reading "Total Cash." After the top, boldfaced line is completed, proceed to the subcategories. For each subcategory, determine whether the Pool has investments that equal or exceed 5% of the Pool's Net Asset Value. If so, provide the dollar value of each such investment in the appropriate subcategory. If the dollar value of any investment in a subcategory equals or exceeds 5% of the Pool's Net Asset Value, you must itemize the investments in that subcategory.

**CASH****Total Cash**

At Carrying Broker

At Bank

**EQUITIES****Total Listed Equities**

Stocks

**Long****Short**

- a. Energy and Utilities
- b. Technology
- c. Media
- d. Telecommunication
- e. Healthcare
- f. Consumer Services
- g. Business Services
- h. Issued by Financial Institutions
- i. Consumer Goods
- j. Industrial Materials

Exchange Traded Funds

American Deposit Receipts

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

EQUITIES	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
Other		
<b>Total Unlisted Equities</b>		
Unlisted Equities Issued by <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
 <b>ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS</b>	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
<b>Total Alternative Investments</b>		
Real Estate		
a. Commercial		
b. Residential		
Private Equity		
Venture Capital		
Forex		
Spot:		
a. Total Metals		
I. Gold		
b. Total Energy		
I. Crude oil		
II. Natural gas		
III. Power		
c. Other		
Loans to Affiliates		
Promissory Notes		
Physicals		
a. Total Metals		
I. Gold		
b. Agriculture		

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
Physicals (cont'd)		
c. Total Energy		
I. Crude oil		
II. Natural gas		
III. Power		
Other		
FIXED INCOME	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
Total Fixed Income		
Notes, Bonds and Bills		
a. Corporate		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
b. Municipal		
c. Government		
I. U.S. Treasury securities		
II. Agency securities		
III. Foreign (G10 countries)		
IV. Foreign (all other)		
d. Govn't Sponsored		
e. Convertible		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
Certificates of Deposit		
a. U.S.		
b. Foreign		

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

## FIXED INCOME

## Asset Backed Securities

## a. Mortgage Backed Securities

## I. Commercial Securitizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity

	Long	Short

## II. Commercial Resecuritizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity


## III. Residential Securitizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity


## IV. Residential Resecuritizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity


## V. Agency Securitizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity


## VI. Agency Resecuritizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity


## b. CDO Securitizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity


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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

## FIXED INCOME

## Asset Backed Securities (cont'd)

- c. CDO Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity

	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>

- d. CDO Resecuritizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- e. CLOs Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- f. CLO Resecuritizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- g. Credit Card Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- h. Credit Card Resecuritizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- i. Auto-Loan Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

## FIXED INCOME

LongShort

## Asset Backed Securities (cont'd)

- j. Auto-Loan Resecuritizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- k. Other
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


## Repos


## Reverse Repos

--	--

## DERIVATIVES

Positive OTENegative OTE

## Total Derivatives


## Futures


## a. Indices


## I. Equity


## II. Commodity


## b. Metals


## I. Gold


## c. Agriculture


## d. Energy


## I. Crude oil


## II. Natural gas


## III. Power


## e. Interest Rate


## f. Currency


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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

## PART 2 - INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)

	<u>Positive OTE</u>	<u>Negative OTE</u>
Futures (cont'd)		
g. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
h. Other		
Forwards		
Swaps		
a. Interest Rate Swap		
b. Equity/Index Swap		
c. Dividend Swap		
d. Currency Swap		
e. Variance Swap		
f. Credit Default Swap		
I. Single name CDS		
i. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
II. Index CDS		
III. Exotic CDS		
g. OTC Swap		
I. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
h. Total Return Swap		
i. Other		
OPTIONS		
Total Options		
Futures		
a. Indices		
I. Equity		
II. Commodity		

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

**Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)**

<b>OPTIONS</b>	<u>Long Option Value</u>	<u>Short Option Value</u>
Futures (cont'd)		
b. Metals		
c. Agriculture		
d. Energy		
e. Interest Rate		
f. Currency		
g. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
h. Other		
Stocks		
a. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
Customized/OTC		
Physicals		
a. Metals		
I. Gold		
b. Agriculture		
c. Currency		
d. Energy		
I. Crude oil		
II. Natural gas		
III. Power		
e. Other		
<b>FUNDS</b>	<u>Long</u>	
Total Funds		
Mutual Fund		

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)****FUNDS**

- i. U.S.
- ii. Foreign
- Hedge Fund
- Equity Fund
- Money Market Fund
- Private Equity Fund
- REIT
- Other

<u>Long</u>

**ITEMIZATION**

- a. If the dollar value of any investment in any subcategory under the heading "Equities," "Alternative Investments" or "Fixed Income" equals or exceeds 5% of the Pool's Net Asset Value, itemize the investment(s) in the table below.

Subheading	Description of Investment	Long/ Short	Cost	Fair Value	Year-to-Date Gain (Loss)

- b. If the dollar value of any investment in any subcategory under the heading "Derivatives" or "Options" equals or exceeds 5% of the Pool's Net Asset Value, itemize the investment(s) in the table below.

Subheading	Description of Investment	Long/ Short	OTE	Counterparty	Year-to-Date Gain (Loss)

- c. If the dollar value of any investment in any subcategory under the heading "Funds" equals or exceeds 5% of the Pool's Net Asset Value, itemize the investment(s) in the table below.

Subheading	Fund Name	Fund Type	Fair Value	Year-to-Date Gain (Loss)

**13. POOL SUBSCRIPTIONS AND REDEMPTIONS**

Provide the following information concerning subscriptions to and redemptions from the Pool during the Reporting Period.

- a. Total Pool subscriptions by participants during the Reporting Period


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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule A

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY THE CPO (cont'd)13. POOL SUBSCRIPTIONS AND REDEMPTIONS (cont'd)

b. Total Pool redemptions by participants during the Reporting Period:

c. Are any Pool participants or share classes currently below the Pool's high water mark?

Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information:

i. What is the percentage of participants below the Pool's high water mark as of the Reporting Date?  %

ii. What is the weighted average percentage of participants below the Pool's high water mark as of the Reporting Date?  %

d. Has the Pool imposed a halt or any other material limitation on redemptions during the Reporting Period?

Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information:

i. On what date was the halt or material limitation imposed?

ii. If the halt or material limitation has been lifted, on what date was it lifted?

iii. What disclosure was provided to participants to notify them that the halt or material limitation was being imposed? What disclosure was provided to participants to notify them that the halt or material limitation was being lifted?

iv. On what date(s) was this disclosure provided?

v. Briefly explain the halt or material limitation(s) on redemptions and the reason for such halt or material limitation(s):

– This Completes Schedule A of Form CPO-PQR –

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SCHEDULE B

A CPO is only required to complete and file Schedule B of this Form CPO-PQR if at any point during the calendar year the CPO qualified as a Mid-Sized CPO or Large CPO.

Schedule B must be completed and filed annually by Mid-Sized CPOs. Mid-Sized CPOs must complete and file a Schedule B within 90 days of the close of each calendar year during which they satisfied the definition of Mid-Sized CPO and operated at least one Pool. A CPO that qualifies as a Mid-Sized CPO at any point during the calendar year must complete and file a separate Schedule B for each Pool that it operated during the calendar year.

Schedule B must be completed and filed annually by Large CPOs. Large CPOs must complete and file a Schedule B within 15 days of the close of the most recent Reporting Period during which they satisfied the definition of Large CPO and operated at least one Pool. A CPO that qualifies as a Large CPO at any point during the Reporting Period must complete and file a separate Schedule B for each Pool that it operated during the Reporting Period.

Notwithstanding the above paragraph, certain Mid-Sized CPOs and Large CPOs that are also registered as Investment Advisers with the SEC may be deemed to have satisfied their Schedule B filing requirements by completing and filing Sections 1.b. and 1.c. of Form PF. Whether a Mid-Sized CPO or Large CPO has satisfied its Schedule B filing requirements will depend upon the type of Pools it operated during the calendar year or Reporting Period, respectively. Refer to the instructions of this Form CPO-PQR to determine whether you are required to complete this Schedule B and, if you are, how frequently you are required to file.

Unless otherwise specified in a particular question, all information provided in this Schedule B should be accurate as of the Reporting Date for all Large CPOs and accurate as of December 31 of each calendar year for all Mid-Sized CPOs.

REMINDER: A CPO that qualified as a Mid-Sized CPO at any point during the calendar year or Large CPO at any point during the Reporting Period must complete and file a separate Schedule B for each Pool that it operated during the calendar year or Reporting Period, respectively, that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund.

DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOs AND LARGE CPOs

In lieu of filing this Schedule B, the CPO has completed and filed Sections 1.b. and 1.c. of Form PF for the following Pools:

[Commodity Pool]

[Commodity Pool]

1. POOL INFORMATION

Provide the following general information concerning the Pool:

a. Pool's name:

b. Pool's NFA ID#:

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template - Schedule B

## DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOS AND LARGE CPOS (cont'd)

1. POOL INFORMATION (cont'd)

c. Does the Pool have a single primary investment strategy or multiple strategies?

Single Primary Strategy       Multiple Strategies

d. Indicate which of the strategies below best describe the investment strategy that the Pool uses. For each strategy selected, estimate the percentage of the Pool's Net Asset Value represented by that strategy:

<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> [Strategy] _____ %

e. Provide the approximate percentage of the Pool's portfolio that is managed using quantitative trading algorithms or quantitative techniques to select investments. Do not include the use of algorithms used solely for trade execution:

<input type="checkbox"/> 0%	<input type="checkbox"/> 51-75%
<input type="checkbox"/> 1-10%	<input type="checkbox"/> 76-99%
<input type="checkbox"/> 10-25%	<input type="checkbox"/> 100%
<input type="checkbox"/> 26-50%	

f. Provide the following information concerning the Pool's participant concentration. Beneficial owners of Pool participations that are Affiliated Entities should be treated as a single participant:

i. Total number of participants in the Pool:

ii. Percentage of the Pool that is beneficially owned by the five largest participants:  %

2. POOL BORROWINGS AND TYPES OF CREDITORS

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's borrowings and types of creditors. Include all Secured Borrowings and Unsecured Borrowings, but not synthetic borrowings. The percentages entered below for questions 2.a., 2.b. and 2.c. should total 100%:

a. Total Borrowings (dollar amount):

b. Percentage borrowed from U.S. Financial Institutions:

c. Percentage borrowed from non-U.S. Financial Institutions:

d. Percentage borrowed from creditors that are not Financial Institutions:

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B****DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOs AND LARGE CPOs (cont'd)****2. POOL BORROWINGS AND TYPES OF CREDITORS (cont'd)**

- e. If the Pool owed any creditor an amount greater than or equal to 5% of the Pool's Net Asset Value, identify the creditor and provide the amount owed:

<input type="checkbox"/> Barclays	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> JP Morgan	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank of America/Merrill Lynch	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Grp.	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank of New York	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> MF Global	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> BNP Paribas	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Morgan Stanley	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Calyon	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> New Edge	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Cargill Financial Markets	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Nomura	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Citigroup	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Prudential	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit Agricole	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Royal Bank of Canada	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit Suisse	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Royal Bank of Scotland	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Deutsche Bank	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Société Générale	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Dresdner/Commerz	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> State Street	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Fidelity	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> UBS	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Goldman Sachs	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> </span>	
<input type="checkbox"/> HSBC	\$ _____		

**3. POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE**

Provide the following information about the Pool's counterparty credit exposure. Do not include CCPs as counterparties and aggregate all Affiliated Entities as a single group for purposes of this question.

Your responses should take into account (i) mark-to-market gains and losses on derivatives, (ii) margin posted to the counterparty (for subparagraph 3.b.) or margin posted by the counterparty (for subparagraph 3.c.), and (iii) any loans or loan commitments. Your responses should not take into account: (i) assets that the counterparty is holding in custody on your behalf; (ii) derivative transactions that have been executed but not settled; (iii) margin held in a customer omnibus account at a CCP; or (iv) holdings of debt or equity securities issued by the counterparty.

- a. Provide the Pool's aggregate net counterparty credit exposure, measured in dollars:

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B

DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOs AND LARGE CPOs (cont'd)3. POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE (cont'd)

- b. Identify the five trading counterparties to which the Pool has the greatest net counterparty credit exposure, measured as a percentage of the Pool's Net Asset Value. Beside each of the counterparties identified, provide the Pool's exposure to that counterparty as a percentage of the Pool's Net Asset Value:

<input type="checkbox"/> Barclays	%	<input type="checkbox"/> JP Morgan	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank of America/Merrill Lynch	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Grp.	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank of New York	%	<input type="checkbox"/> MF Global	%
<input type="checkbox"/> BNP Paribas	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Morgan Stanley	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Calyon	%	<input type="checkbox"/> New Edge	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Cargill Financial Markets	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Nomura	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Citigroup	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Prudential	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit Agricole	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Royal Bank of Canada	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit Suisse	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Royal Bank of Scotland	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Deutsche Bank	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Société Générale	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Dresdner/Commerz	%	<input type="checkbox"/> State Street	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Fidelity	%	<input type="checkbox"/> UBS	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Goldman Sachs	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Other:	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> HSBC	%		

- i. Below are the firms that you identified in question 3.a. If the Pool's trading counterparty is an Affiliated Entity of the firm you identified, check the box beside the firm's name:

[Counterparty firm]      [Counterparty firm]  
[Counterparty firm]      [Counterparty firm]  
[Counterparty firm]

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B

## DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOS AND LARGE CPOS (cont'd)

3. POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE (cont'd)

- c. Identify the five trading counterparties that have the greatest net counterparty credit exposure to the Pool, measured in dollars. Beside each of the counterparties identified, provide each counterparty's exposure to the Pool.

<input type="checkbox"/> Barclays	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> JP Morgan	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank of America/Merrill Lynch	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Grp.	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Bank of New York	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> MF Global	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> BNP Paribas	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Morgan Stanley	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Calyon	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> New Edge	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Cargill Financial Markets	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Nomura	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Citigroup	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Prudential	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit Agricole	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Royal Bank of Canada	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Credit Suisse	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Royal Bank of Scotland	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Deutsche Bank	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Société Générale	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Dresdner/Commerz	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> State Street	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Fidelity	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> UBS	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Goldman Sachs	\$ _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Other:	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> HSBC	\$ _____		

- i. Below are the firms that you identified in question 3.c. If the Pool's trading counterparty is an Affiliated Entity of the firm you identified, check the box beside the firm's name:

<input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm]	<input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm]
<input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm]	<input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm]
<input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm]	

- d. Identify the three types of unregulated entities to which the Pool has the greatest net counterparty exposure, measured as a percentage of the Pool's Net Asset Value:

<input type="checkbox"/> Hedge Fund	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Securitized Asset Fund	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Private Equity Fund	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Other Private Fund	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Liquidity Fund	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Sovereign Wealth Fund	%
<input type="checkbox"/> Venture Capital Fund	%	<input type="checkbox"/> Other:	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Real Estate Fund	%		

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B****DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOS AND LARGE CPOS (cont'd)****3. POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE (cont'd)**

- i. Below are the firms that you identified in question 3.d. If the Pool's counterparty is an Affiliated Entity of the firm you identified, check the box beside the firm's name:
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm] | <input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm] |
| <input type="checkbox"/> [Counterparty firm] |  |

**4. POOL TRADING AND CLEARING MECHANISMS**

Provide the following information concerning the Pool's use of trading and clearing mechanisms. For purposes of this question: (i) a trade includes any transaction, irrespective of whether entered into on a bilateral basis, on exchange, or through a trading facility or other system, and (ii) transactions for which margin is held in a customer omnibus account at a CCP should be considered cleared by a CCP.

**Trading and Clearing of Derivatives**

- a. For each of the following types derivatives that are traded by the Pool, estimate the percentage (in terms of notional value) of the Pool's activity that is traded on a regulated exchange as opposed to over-the-counter. The percentages entered for each row should total 100%:

	Traded on a Regulated Exchange	Traded Over-the-Counter
Credit derivatives:		
Interest rate derivatives:		
Commodity derivatives:		
Equity derivatives:		
Foreign exchange derivatives:		
Asset backed securities derivatives:		
Other derivatives:		

- b. For each of the following types derivatives that are traded by the Pool, estimate the percentage (in terms of notional value) of the Pool's activity that is cleared by a CCP as opposed to being transacted bilaterally (not cleared by a CCP). The percentages entered for each row should total 100%:

	Cleared by a CCP	Transacted Bilaterally
Credit derivatives:		
Interest rate derivatives:		
Commodity derivatives:		
Equity derivatives:		
Foreign exchange derivatives:		
Asset backed securities derivatives:		
Other derivatives:		

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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B****DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOS AND LARGE CPOS (cont'd)****4. POOL TRADING AND CLEARING MECHANISMS (cont'd)****Trading and Clearing of Securities**

- c. For each of the following types securities that are traded by the Pool, estimate the percentage (in terms of market value) of the Pool's activity that is traded on a regulated exchange as opposed to over-the-counter. The percentages entered for each row should total 100%:

	Traded on a Regulated Exchange	Traded Over-the-Counter
Equity securities:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Debt securities:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

- d. For each of the following types securities that are traded by the Pool, estimate the percentage (in terms of market value) of the Pool's activity that is cleared by a CCP as opposed to being transacted bilaterally (not cleared by a CCP). The percentages entered for each row should total 100%:

	Cleared by a CCP	Transacted Bilaterally
Equity securities:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Debt securities:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**Clearing of Repos**

- e. For the repo trades into which the Pool has entered, estimate the percentages (in terms of market value) of the Pool's repo trades that are cleared by a CCP, that are transacted bilaterally (not cleared by a CCP) and that constitute a tri-party repo. Tri-party repo is any repo where the collateral is held at a custodian (not a CCP) that acts as a third party agent to both repo buyer and the repo seller. The percentages entered should total 100%:

Repo	Cleared by a CCP	Transacted Bilaterally	Tri-Party Repo
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**5. VALUE OF THE POOL'S AGGREGATED DERIVATIVE POSITIONS**

Provide the aggregate value of all derivative positions of the Pool. The value of any derivative should be its total gross notional value, except that the value of an option should be its delta adjusted notional value. Do not net long and short positions.

Aggregate value of derivative positions:

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POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

**Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule B****DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE POOLS OPERATED BY MID-SIZED CPOs AND LARGE CPOs (cont'd)****6. MISCELLANEOUS**

In the space below, provide explanations to clarify any assumptions that you made in responding to any question in Schedule B of this Form CPO-PQR. Assumptions must be in addition to, or reasonably follow from, any instructions or other guidance provided in, or in connection with, Schedule B of this Form CPO-PQR. If you are aware of any instructions or other guidance that may require a different assumption, provide a citation and explain why that assumption is not appropriate for this purpose.

Question Number	Explanation

– This Completes Schedule B of Form CPO-PQR –

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SCHEDULE C

A CPO is only required to complete and file Schedule C of this Form CPO-PQR if at any point during the Reporting Period the CPO qualified as a Large CPO.

Schedule C must be completed and filed only by Large CPOs. Large CPOs must complete and file a Schedule C for every Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of a Large CPO and operate at least one Pool. A CPO that qualifies as a Large CPO at any point during the Reporting Period must complete and file a separate Part 2 of Schedule C for each Large Pool that it operated during the Reporting Period.

No Schedule C Filing Requirements

Any Large CPO that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) operated only Pools that satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be deemed to have satisfied its Schedule C filing requirements by completing and filing Section 2 of Form PF for the Reporting Period in question.

Limited Schedule C Filing Requirements

However, any Large CPO that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) operated any Pools that do not satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be required to complete Parts 1 and 2 of Schedule C with respect to the Pool(s) that it operated during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of a Private Fund. For these Large CPOs, Part 1 of Schedule C will need to be completed with respect to all Pools that they operated during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund, and Part 2 of Schedule C will need to be completed with respect to all Large Pools that they operated during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund. These Schedule C filings will need to be completed in addition to the Large CPO's filing Form PF requirements.

Refer to the instructions of this Form CPO-PQR to determine whether you are required to complete this Schedule C.

Part 1 of Schedule C asks the Large CPO to provide information on the aggregated investments of all Pools that are not Private Funds that were operated by the Large CPO during the most recent Reporting Period. Any Large CPO who has completed and filed Section 2 of the SEC's Form PF for the Private Funds it operated during this Reporting Period should be sure to answer Part 1 only with respect to the Pools that are not Private Funds.

Part 2 of Schedule C asks the Large CPO to provide certain risk metrics for each Large Pool that is not a Private Fund that was operated by the Large CPO during the most recent Reporting Period. A Large CPO must complete and file a separate Part 2 of Schedule C for each Large Pool that is not a Private Fund that the Large CPO operated during the most recent Reporting Period. Any Large CPO who has completed and filed Section 2 of the SEC's Form PF for the Private Funds it operated during this Reporting Period should be sure to complete and file a Part 2 only for its Large Pools that are not Private Funds.

Unless otherwise specified in a particular question, all information provided in this Schedule C should be accurate as of the Reporting Date.

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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C****PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE AGGREGATED POOL ASSETS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)**

In lieu of filing this Schedule C, the CPO has completed and filed Section 2 of Form PF for the following Pools:  
 [Commodity Pool]       [ Commodity Pool]

**1. GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN OF POOLS' INVESTMENTS**

Provide a geographical breakdown of the investments (by percentage of aggregated Assets Under Management) of all Pools that are not Private Funds that were operated by the Large CPO during the most recent Reporting Period. Except for foreign exchange derivatives, investments should be allocated by the jurisdiction of the organization of the issuer or counterparty. For foreign exchange derivatives, investments should be allocated by the country to whose currency the Pool has exposure through the derivative. The percentages entered below should total 100%.

United States	_____ %	China (incl. Hong Kong)	_____ %
Canada	_____ %	India	_____ %
Mexico	_____ %	Japan	_____ %
Brazil	_____ %	Republic of Korea	_____ %
Other Americas	_____ %	Middle East	_____ %
EEA	_____ %	Other Asia or Pacific	_____ %
Russia	_____ %	South Africa	_____ %
Other Europe	_____ %	Other Africa	_____ %
Australia	_____ %		

**2. TURNOVER RATE OF AGGREGATE PORTFOLIO OF POOLS**

Provide the turnover rate by volume for the aggregate portfolio of all Pools that are not Private Funds and that were operated by the Large CPO during the most recent Reporting Period. The turnover rate should be calculated as follows:

Divide the lesser of amounts of the Pools' purchases or sales of assets for the month by the average of the value of the Pools' assets during the month. Calculate the "monthly average" by totaling the values of Pools' assets as of the beginning and the end of the month and dividing that sum by two.

- (i) Do not net long and short positions. However, in relation to derivatives, packages such as call-spreads may be treated as a single position (rather than as a long position and a short position).
- (ii) The value of any derivative should be its total gross notional value, except that the value of an option should be its delta adjusted notional value.
- (iii) "Purchases" include any cash paid upon the conversion of one asset into another and the costs of rights or warrants.
- (iv) "Sales" include net proceeds of the sale of rights and warrants and net proceeds of assets that have been called or for which payment has been made through redemption or maturity.

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C****PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE AGGREGATED POOL ASSETS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)****2. TURNOVER RATE OF AGGREGATE PORTFOLIO OF POOLS (cont'd)**

(v) Include proceeds from a short sale in the amount of sales of assets in the relevant subcategory during the month. Include the costs of covering a short sale in the amount of purchases in the relevant subcategory during the month.

(vi) Include premiums paid to purchase options and premiums received from the sale of options in the amount of purchases during the month.

Open Positions:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month

**3. DURATION OF POOLS' FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS**

Listed below are the categories and subcategories in which all of the Pools that are not Private Funds operated by the Large CPO during the most recent Reporting Period had fixed income investments (as reported in question 12 of Schedule A). For each of the subcategories listed, provide the duration for the Pools' aggregated investments. For purposes of this question, "duration" means the weighted average maturity of a portfolio comprised of the specified fixed income assets, where the weights are the relative discounted cash flows in each period.

DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS	Duration (Long Pos.)	Duration (Short Pos.)
<b>FIXED INCOME</b>		
<b>Total Fixed Income</b>		
Notes, Bonds and Bills		
a. Corporate		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
b. Municipal		
c. Government		
I. U.S. Treasury securities		
II. Agency securities		
III. Foreign (G10 countries)		
IV. Foreign (all other)		
d. Govt Sponsored		

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE AGGREGATED POOL ASSETS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)

## DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS

## Duration (Long Pos.) Duration (Short Pos.)

Notes, Bonds and Bills

e. Convertible

--

--

I. Investment grade

--

--

II. Non-investment grade

--

--

Certificates of Deposit:

a. U.S.

--

--

b. Foreign

--

--

Asset Backed Securities

a. Mortgage Backed Securities

--

--

I. Commercial Securitizations

--

--

Senior or higher

--

--

Mezzanine

--

--

Junior/Equity

--

--

II. Commercial Resecuritizations

--

--

Senior or higher

--

--

Mezzanine

--

--

Junior/Equity

--

--

III. Residential Securitizations

--

--

Senior or higher

--

--

Mezzanine

--

--

Junior/Equity

--

--

IV. Residential Resecuritizations

--

--

Senior or higher

--

--

Mezzanine

--

--

Junior/Equity

--

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE AGGREGATED POOL ASSETS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)

## DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS

## Duration (Long Pos.) Duration (Short Pos.)

## Asset Backed Securities

## a. Mortgage Backed Securities (cont'd)

- V. Agency Securitizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- VI. Agency Resecuritizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- b. CDO Securitizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- c. CDO Resecuritizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- d. CLOs Securitizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- e. CLO Resecuritizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- f. Credit Card Securitizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE AGGREGATED POOL ASSETS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)

## DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS

## Duration (Long Pos.) Duration (Short Pos.)

## Asset Backed Securities

- g. Credit Card Resecuritizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- h. Auto-Loan Securitizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- i. Auto-Loan Resecuritizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


- j. Other  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOS

REMINDER: A CPO that qualified as a Large CPO at any point during the most recent Reporting Period must complete and file a separate Part 2 of Schedule C for each Pool that is not a Private Fund that the Large CPO operated during the most recent Reporting Period.

1. LARGE POOL INFORMATION

Provide the following general information concerning the Large Pool:

a. Large Pool's name:

b. Large Pool's NFA ID#:

c. Total unencumbered cash held by the Large Pool at the close of each month during the Reporting Period:

	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Unencumbered Cash:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

d. Total number of open positions (approximate) held by the Large Pool at the close of each month during the Reporting Period:

	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Open Positions:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

2. LIQUIDITY OF LARGE POOL'S PORTFOLIO

Provide the percentage of the Large Pool's portfolio (excluding cash and cash equivalents) that may be liquidated within each of the periods specified below. Each asset should be assigned only to one period and such assignment should be based on the shortest period during which such asset could reasonably be liquidated. Make good faith assumptions for liquidity based on market conditions during the most recent Reporting Period. Assume no "fire-sale" discounting. If certain positions are important contingent parts of the same trade, then all contingent parts of the trade should be listed in the same period as the least liquid part.

	Percentage of Portfolio Capable of Liquidation in:
1 day or less:	<input type="text"/>
2 days – 7 days:	<input type="text"/>
8 days – 30 days:	<input type="text"/>
31 days – 90 days:	<input type="text"/>
91 days – 180 days:	<input type="text"/>
181 days – 364 days:	<input type="text"/>
365 days or longer:	<input type="text"/>

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOS (cont'd)**3. LARGE POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE**

Provide the following information about the Pool's counterparty credit exposure. Do not include CCPs as counterparties and aggregate all Affiliated Entities as a single group for purposes of this question. For purposes of this question, include as collateral any assets purchased in connection with a reverse repo and any collateral that the counterparty has posted to the Large Pool under an arrangement pursuant to which the Large Pool has loaned securities to the counterparty. If you do not separate collateral into initial margin/independent amount and variation margin amounts, or a trade does not require posting of variation margin, then include all of the collateral in initial margin/independent amount.

- a. For each of the five counterparties identified in question 3.b. of Schedule B, provide the following information regarding the collateral and other credit support that the counterparty has posted to the Large Pool.

- i. Provide the following values of the collateral posted to the Large Pool:

	Initial Margin/ Independent Amounts	Variation Margin
Value of collateral posed in the form of cash and cash equivalents:		
Value of collateral posed in the form of securities (other than cash /cash equivalents):		
Value of all other collateral posted:		

- ii. Provide the following percentages of margin amounts that have been rehypothecated or may be rehypothecated by the Large Pool:

	May be Rehypothecated	The <u>Large Pool</u> has Rehypothecated
Percentage of initial margin/independent amounts that:		
Percentage of variation margin that:		

- iii. Provide the face amount of letters of credit or other similar third party credit support posted to the Large Pool:

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)3. LARGE POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE (cont'd)

- b. For each of the five counterparties identified in question 3.c. of Schedule B, provide the following information regarding the collateral and other credit support that the Large Pool has posted to the counterparty.

- i. Provide the following values of the collateral posted by the Large Pool to the counterparty:

	Initial Margin/ Independent Amounts	Variation Margin
Value of collateral posted in the form of cash and cash equivalents:		
Value of collateral posted in the form of securities (other than cash/cash equivalents):		
Value of all other collateral posted:		

- ii. Provide the following percentages of margin amounts posted by the Large Pool that have been rehypothecated or may be rehypothecated by the counterparty:

	May be Rehypothecated
Percentage of initial margin/independent amounts that:	
Percentage of variation margin that:	

- iii. Provide the face amount of letters of credit or other similar third party credit support posted by the Large Pool to the counterparty:

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)3. LARGE POOL COUNTERPARTY CREDIT EXPOSURE (cont'd)

- c. Identify the three CCPs to which the Large Pool has the greatest net counterparty credit exposure, measured as a percentage of the Large Pool's Net Asset Value. For this question, margin held at a CCP will typically represent the net counterparty credit exposure to the CCP. Margin is held in a customer omnibus account at a CCP should be considered exposure to the CCP rather than to a trading counterparty. Any margin that a prime broker posts to a CCP on the Large Pool's behalf should be treated as margin posted by the Large Pool to the CCP.

<input type="checkbox"/> CCG&G	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> EMCF	_____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> CME Clearing/NYME	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> Eurex Clearing	_____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> DTCC	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> LCH Clearnet Ltd.	_____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> Fedwire	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> LCH Clearnet SA:	_____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> ICE Clear Europe	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> Options Clearing Corp.	_____ %
<input type="checkbox"/> ICE Clear U.S.	_____ %	<input type="checkbox"/> SIX x-clear	_____ %

4. LARGE POOL RISK METRICS

Provide the following information concerning the Large Pool's risk metrics during the Reporting Period:

- a. Did the Large CPO regularly calculate the VaR of the Large Pool during the Reporting Period:  
 Yes       No

- b. If "Yes," provide the following information concerning the VaR calculation(s). If you regularly calculate the VaR of the Large Pool using multiple combinations of confidence interval, horizon and historical observation period, complete a separate question 4.b. of Part 2 of Schedule C for each such combination.

- i. What confidence interval was used (e.g. 1 – alpha):

- ii. What time horizon was used:

- iii. What weighting method was used:

- None  
 Equal

- Geometric  
 Other:

If "geometric," provide the weighting factor used:

- iv. What method was used to calculate VaR:

- Historical simulation  
 Parametric

- Monte Carlo simulation  
 Other:

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)****4. LARGE POOL RISK METRICS (cont'd)**

- v. Historical look-back period used, if applicable: \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. Under the above parameters, what was VaR for the Large Pool for each of the three months of the Reporting Period, stated as a percent of Net Asset Value:

VaR:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
	_____	_____	_____

- c. For each of the market factors specified below, determine the effect that each specified change would have on the Large Pool's portfolio and provide the results, stated as a percent of Net Asset Value.

You may omit a response to any of the specified market factors that the Large CPO does not regularly consider (whether in formal testing or otherwise) in the Large Pool's risk management. If you omit any market factor, check the box in the first column indicating that this market factor is "Not Relevant" to the Large Pool's portfolio.

For each specified change in market factor, separate the effect on the Large Pool's portfolio into long and short components where (i) the long component represents the aggregate result of all positions with a positive change in valuation under a specified change and (ii) the short component represents the aggregate result of all positions with a negative change in valuation under a specified change.

Observe the following regarding the market factors specified below:

(i) A change in "equity prices" means that the prices of all equities move up or down by the specified change, without regard to whether the equities are listed on any exchange or included in any index.

(ii) "Risk free interest rates" means rates of interest accruing on sovereign bonds issued by governments having the highest credit quality, such as U.S. Treasury bonds.

(iii) A change in "credit spreads" means that all credit spreads against risk free interest rates change by the specified amount.

(iv) A change in "currency rates" means that the value of all currencies move up or down by the specified amount.

(v) A change in "commodity prices" means that the prices of all physical commodities move up or down by the specified amount.

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)4. LARGE POOL RISK METRICS (cont'd)

(vi) A change in "implied options volatilities" means the implied volatilities of all the options that the Large Pool holds increase or decrease by the specified number of percentage points; and

(vii) A change in "default rates" means that the rate at which debtors on all instruments of the specified type increases or decreases by the specified number of percentage points.

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Equity Prices	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Equity prices increase 5%		
	Equity prices decrease 5%		
	Equity prices increase 25%		
	Equity prices decrease 25%		

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Risk Free Interest Rates	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Risk free interest rates increase 10 bp		
	Risk free interest rates decrease 10 bp		
	Risk free interest rates increase 100 bp		
	Risk free interest rates decrease 100 bp		

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Credit Spreads	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Credit spreads increase 10bp		
	Credit spreads decrease 10 bp		
	Credit spreads increase 300 bp		
	Credit spreads decrease 300 bp		

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**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)****4. LARGE POOL RISK METRICS (cont'd)**

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Currency Rates	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Currency rates increase 5%		
	Currency rates decrease 5%		
	Currency rates increase 25%		
	Currency rates decrease 25%		

  

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Commodity Prices	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Commodity prices increase 10%		
	Commodity prices decrease 10%		
	Commodity prices increase 50%		
	Commodity prices decrease 50%		

  

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Options Implied Volatility	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Implied volatilities increase 2 percentage points		
	Implied volatilities decrease 2 percentage points		
	Implied volatilities increase 50 percentage points		
	Implied volatilities decrease 50 percentage points		

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## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)4. LARGE POOL RISK METRICS (cont'd)

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Default Rates for ABS	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Default rates increase 1 percentage point		
	Default rates decrease 1 percentage point		
	Default rates increase 5 percentage points		
	Default rates decrease 5 percentage points		

Not Relevant <input type="checkbox"/>	Market Factor: Default Rates for Corporate Bonds	Effect on long component of portfolio	Effect on short component of portfolio
	Default rates increase 1 percentage point		
	Default rates decrease 1 percentage point		
	Default rates increase 5 percentage points		
	Default rates decrease 5 percentage points		

5. LARGE POOL BORROWING INFORMATION

Provide the following information concerning the value of the Large Pool's borrowings for each of the three months of the Reporting Period, types of creditors and the collateral posted to secure borrowings. For the purposes of this question, "borrowings" includes both Secured Borrowings and Unsecured Borrowings.

For each type of borrowing specified below, provide the dollar amount of the Large Pool's borrowings and the percentage borrowed from each of the specified types of creditors. The percentages entered in each month's column should total 100%.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)5. LARGE POOL BORROWING INFORMATION (cont'd)a. Unsecured Borrowing:

Total Dollar amount:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Percentage borrowed from <u>U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from <u>Non-U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from creditors that are not Financial Institutions			

b. Secured Borrowing:

Classify Secured Borrowings according to the legal agreement governing the borrowing (e.g., Global Master Repurchase Agreement for repos and Prime Brokerage Agreement for prime brokerage). Please note that for repo borrowings, the amount should be the net amount of cash borrowed (after taking into account any initial margin/independent amount, "haircuts" and repayments). Positions under a Global Master Repurchase Agreement should not be netted.

## i. Via prime brokerage:

Total Dollar amount:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Value of collateral posted in the form of cash and cash equivalents			
Value of collateral posted in the form of securities (not cash/cash equivalents)			
Value of other collateral posted			
Face amount of letters of credit (or similar third party credit support) posted			
Percentage of posted collateral that may be rehypothecated			
Percentage borrowed from <u>U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from <u>Non-U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from creditors that are not Financial Institutions			

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)5. LARGE POOL BORROWING INFORMATION (cont'd)

- ii. Via repo. For the questions concerning collateral via repo, include as collateral any assets sold in connection with the repo as well as any variation margin.

Total Dollar amount:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Value of collateral posted in the form of cash and cash equivalents			
Value of collateral posted in the form of securities (not cash/cash equivalents)			
Value of other collateral posted			
Face amount of letters of credit (or similar third party credit support) posted			
Percentage of posted collateral that may be rehypothecated			
Percentage borrowed from <u>U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from <u>Non-U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from creditors that are not Financial Institutions			

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)5. LARGE POOL BORROWING INFORMATION (cont'd)iii. Other Secured Borrowings:

Total dollar amount:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Value of collateral posted in the form of cash and cash equivalents			
Value of collateral posted in the form of securities (not cash/cash equivalents)			
Value of other collateral posted			
Face amount of letters of credit (or similar third party credit support) posted			
Percentage of posted collateral that may be rehypothecated			
Percentage borrowed from <u>U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from <u>Non-U.S. Financial Institutions</u>			
Percentage borrowed from creditors that are not Financial Institutions			

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOS (cont'd)**6. LARGE POOL DERIVATIVE POSITIONS AND POSTED COLLATERAL**

Provide the following information concerning the value of the Large Pool's derivative positions and the collateral posted to secure those positions for each of the three months of the Reporting Period. For the value of any derivative, except options, should be its total gross notional value. The value of an option should be its delta adjusted notional value. Do not net long and short positions.

Aggregate value of all derivative positions:	First Month	Second Month	Third Month
Value of collateral posted in the form of cash and cash equivalents			
As initial margin/independent amounts:			
As variation margin:			
Value of collateral posted in the form of securities (not cash/cash equivalents)			
As initial margin/independent amounts:			
As variation margin:			
Value of other collateral posted			
As initial margin/independent amounts:			
As variation margin:			
Face amount of letters of credit (or similar third party credit support) posted			
Percentage of initial margin/independent amounts that may be rehypothecated:			
Percentage of variation margin that may be rehypothecated:			

**7. LARGE POOL FINANCING LIQUIDITY**

Provide the following information concerning the Large Pool's financing liquidity:

- a. Provide the aggregate dollar amount of cash financing drawn by or available to the Large Pool, including all drawn and undrawn, committed and uncommitted lines of credit as well as any term financing:

- b. Below, enter the percentage of cash financing (as stated in response to question 7.a.) that is contractually committed to the Large Pool by its creditor(s) for the specified periods of time. Amounts of financing should be divided among the specified periods of time in accordance with the longest period for which the creditor is contractually committed to providing such financing. For purposes of this question, if a creditor (or syndicate or administrative/collateral agent) is permitted to vary unilaterally the economic terms of the financing or to revalue

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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION**

**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOS (cont'd)****7. LARGE POOL FINANCING LIQUIDITY (cont'd)**

posted collateral in its own discretion and demand additional collateral, then the line of credit should be deemed uncommitted.

Percentage of Total Financing:

**8. LARGE POOL PARTICIPANT INFORMATION**

Provide the following information concerning the Large Pool's participants:

**a. As of the Reporting Date, what percentage of the Large Pool's Net Asset Value**

Percentage of <u>Large Pool's NAV</u>

- b. For within the specified periods of time below, enter the percentage of the Large Pool's Net Asset Value that could have been withdrawn or redeemed by the Large Pool's participants as of the Reporting Date. The Large Pool's Net Asset Value should be divided among the specified periods of time in accordance with the shortest period within which participant assets could be withdrawn or redeemed. Assume that you would impose gates where applicable but that you would not completely suspend withdrawals or redemptions and that there are no redemption fees. Base your answers on the valuation date rather than the date on which proceeds are paid to the participant(s). The percentages entered below should total 100%.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOS (cont'd)8. LARGE POOL PARTICIPANT INFORMATION (cont'd)

Percentage of Total Financing:
1 day or less:
2 days – 7 days:
8 days – 30 days:
31 days – 90 days:
91 days – 180 days:
181 days – 364 days:
365 days or longer:

9. DURATION OF LARGE POOL'S FIXED INCOME ASSETS

Provide the duration for each fixed income investment reported by the Large Pool in Schedule A. For purposes of this question, "duration" means the weighted average maturity of a portfolio comprised of the specified fixed income assets, where the weights are the relative discounted cash flows in each period.

DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS	Duration (Long Pos.)	Duration (Short Pos.)
<b>FIXED INCOME</b>		
<b>Total Fixed Income</b>		
Notes, Bonds and Bills		
a. Corporate		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
b. Municipal		
c. Government		
I. U.S. Treasury securities		
II. Agency securities		
III. Foreign (G10 countries)		
IV. Foreign (all other)		
d. Gov't Sponsored		

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)

DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS	Duration (Long Pos.)	Duration (Short Pos.)
e. Convertible		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
Certificates of Deposit		
a. U.S.		
b. Foreign		
Asset Backed Securities		
a. Mortgage Backed Securities		
I. Commercial Securitizations		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		
I. Commercial Resecuritizations		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		
II. Residential Securitizations		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		
III. Residential Resecuritizations		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		
IV. Agency Securitizations		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

## Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C

PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)

## DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS

## Duration (Long Pos.) Duration (Short Pos.)

## Asset Backed Securities

## a. Mortgage Backed Securities (cont'd)

- V. Agency Resecuritizations  
Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## b. CDO Securitizations

- Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## c. CDO Resecuritizations

- Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## d. CLOs Securitizations

- Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## e. CLO Resecuritizations

- Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## f. Credit Card Securitizations

- Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## g. Credit Card Resecuritizations

- Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION**

**POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS****Form CPO-PQR Template · Schedule C****PART 2 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE LARGE POOLS OF LARGE CPOs (cont'd)****DURATION OF FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS****Duration (Long Pos.) Duration (Short Pos.)**

## Asset Backed Securities

## h. Auto-Loan Securitizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity



## i. Auto-Loan Resecuritizations

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity



## j. Other

Senior or higher

Mezzanine

Junior/Equity



**10. MISCELLANEOUS**

In the space below, provide explanations to clarify any assumptions that you made in responding to any question in Schedule C of this Form CPO-PQR. Assumptions must be in addition to, or reasonably follow from, any instructions or other guidance provided in, or in connection with, Schedule C of this Form CPO-PQR. If you are aware of any instructions or other guidance that may require a different assumption, provide a citation and explain why that assumption is not appropriate for this purpose.

Question Number	Explanation

— This Completes Schedule C of Form CPO-PQR —

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

POOL QUARTERLY REPORT FOR COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS

**Form CPO-PQR Template · Oath**

OATH

BY FILING THIS REPORT, THE UNDERSIGNED AGREES THAT THE ANSWERS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN are complete and accurate, and are not misleading in any material respect to the best of the undersigned's knowledge and belief. Furthermore, by filing this Form CPO-PQR, the undersigned agrees that he or she knows that it is unlawful to sign this Form CPO-PQR if he or she knows or should know that any of the answers and information provided herein is not accurate and complete.

Name of the individual signing this Form CPO-PQR on behalf of the CPO:

Capacity in which the above is signing on behalf of the CPO:

10. Appendix C is added to read as follows:

### Appendix C—Form CTA-PR

TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA	
COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION	CFTC Form CTA-PR OMB No.: 3038-XXXX
QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS	
Instructions for Using the Form CTA-PR Template	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING OR REVIEWING THE REPORTING FORM. THE FAILURE TO ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS COMPLETELY AND ACCURATELY OR THE OMISSION OF REQUIRED INFORMATION MAY SEVERELY IMPACT YOUR ABILITY TO OPERATE AS A COMMODITY TRADING ADVISOR.

This document is not a reporting form. Do not send this document to NFA. It is a template that you may use to assist in filing the electronic reporting form with the NFA at: <http://www.nfa.futures.org>.

You may fill out the template online and save and/or print it when you are finished or you can download the template and/or print it and fill it out later.

#### DEFINED TERMS

Words that are underlined in this form are defined terms and have the meanings contained in the Definitions of Terms section.

#### GENERAL

##### Read the Instructions and Questions Carefully

Please read the instructions and the questions in this Form CTA-PR carefully. A question that is answered incorrectly because it was misread or misinterpreted can severely impact your ability to operate as a CTA.

In this Form CTA-PR, "you" means the CTA.

##### Call CFTC with Questions

If there is any question about whether particular information must be provided or about the manner in which particular information must be provided, contact the CFTC for clarification.

**TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA**

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

**QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS****Instructions for Using the Form CTA-PR Template****REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS****1. All CTAs Are Required to Complete and File the Form CTA-PR Quarterly**

All CTAs are required to complete and file a Form CTA-PR for each Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of CTA and offered at least one Trading Program.

**2. Schedule B of this Form CTA-PR Is Only Required of Certain CTAs**

Schedule B must be completed and filed by each CTA for every Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of CTA and direct in excess of \$150 million of Pool assets. Part 1 of Schedule B surveys basic information about the reporting CTA. Part 2 of Schedule B asks for more specific information about Pool assets that were directed by the CTA under the CTA's Trading Program.

Any CTA that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) advised only Pools that satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be deemed to have satisfied its Schedule B filing requirements by completing and filing the applicable Sections 1 and 2 of Form PE for the Reporting Period in question.

**Limited Schedule B Filing Requirements**

However, any CTA that is (i) registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) advised any Pools that do not satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be required to complete Part 2 of Schedule B with respect to the Pool(s) that it advised during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund.

**3. The Form CTA-PR Must Be Filed Electronically with NFA**

All CTAs must file their Forms CTA-PR electronically using NFA's EasyFile System. NFA's EasyFile System can be accessed through NFA's website at www.nfa.futures.org. You will use the same logon and password for filing your Form CTA-PR as you would for any other EasyFile filings. Questions regarding your NFA ID# or your use of NFA's EasyFile system should be directed to the NFA. The NFA's contact information is available on its website.

**4. All Figures Reported in U.S. Dollars**

All questions asking for amounts or investments must be reported in U.S. dollars. Any amounts converted to U.S. dollars must use the conversion rate in effect on the Reporting Date.

**5. Use of U.S. GAAP**

All financial information in this Report must be presented and computed in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles consistently applied.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

**QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS****Instructions for Using the Form CTA-PR Template****REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS (cont'd)****6. Oath and Affirmation**

This Form CTA-PR will not be accepted unless it is complete and contains an oath or affirmation that, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the individual making the oath or affirmation, the information contained in the document is accurate and complete; provided however, that it shall be unlawful for the individual to make such oath or affirmation if the individual knows or should know that any of the information in this Form CTA-PR is not accurate and complete.

## TEMPLATE: DO NOT SEND TO NFA

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Definitions of Terms for the Form CTA-PR Template

## DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

**Commodity Futures Trading Commission or CFTC:** The term "Commodity Futures Trading Commission" or "CFTC" refers to the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**Commodity Pool or Pool:** The term "Commodity Pool" or "Pool" has the same meaning as "commodity pool" as defined in section 1a(10) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Commodity Trading Advisor:** The term "commodity trading advisor" or "CTA" has the same meaning as "commodity trading adviser" as defined in section 1a(12) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Direct:** The term "Direct" as used in the context of trading commodity interest accounts, has the same meaning as "direct" as defined in CFTC Rule 4.10(f).

**Financial Institutions:** The term "financial institution" means any of the following: (i) a bank or savings association, in each case as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; (ii) a bank holding company or financial holding company, in each case as defined in the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956; (iii) a savings and loan holding company, as defined in the Home Owners' Loan Act; (iv) a Federal credit union, State credit union or State-chartered credit union, as those terms are defined in section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act; or (v) a Farm Credit System institution chartered and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971; or (vi) an entity chartered or otherwise organized outside the United States that engages in banking activities.

**Form CTA-PR:** The term "Form CTA-PR" refers to this Form CTA-PR.

**GAAP:** The term "Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" refers to U.S. GAAP.

**Net Asset Value:** The term "net asset value" or "NAV" has the same meaning as "net asset value" as defined in Commission Rule 4.10(b).

**National Futures Association or NFA:** The term "National Futures Association" or "NFA" refers to the National Futures Association, a registered futures association under Section 17 of the Commodity Exchange Act.

**Negative OTE:** The term "Negative OTE" means negative open trade equity.

**Positive OTE:** The term "Positive OTE" means positive open trade equity.

**Reporting Date:** The term "Reporting Date" means the last calendar day of the Reporting Period for which this Form CTA-PR is required to be completed and filed. For example, the Reporting Date for the first calendar quarter of a year is March 31; the Reporting Date for the second calendar quarter is June 30.

**Reporting Period:** The term "Reporting Period" means any of the individual calendar quarters (ending March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).

**Trading Program:** The term "Trading Program" has the same meaning as "trading program" as defined in CFTC Rule 4.10(g).

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule A

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SCHEDULE A

All CTAs are required to complete and file a Form CTA-PR for each Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of CTA and offered at least one Trading Program. Schedule A asks only for general survey information about the CTA.

All information provided in this Schedule A should be accurate as of the Reporting Date.

**PART 1 · INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA****1. CTA INFORMATION**

Provide the following general information concerning the CTA:

- a. CTA's Name:
- b. CTA's NFA ID#:
- c. Person to contact concerning this Form CTA-PR:
- d. Total number of Trading Programs offered by the CTA:
- e. Total number of Trading Programs offered by the CTA under which the CTA Directs Pool assets:

**2. POOL ASSETS DIRECTED BY THE CTA**

Provide the following information concerning the amount of assets Directed by the CTA:

- a. Total assets Directed by CTA:
- b. Total Pool assets Directed by CTA:

- This Completes Schedule A of Form CTA-PR -

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

**QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS****Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B****INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING SCHEDULE B**

Schedule B must be completed and filed by each CTA for every Reporting Period during which they satisfy the definition of CTA and direct in excess of \$150 million of Pool assets. Schedule B surveys basic information about the CTA's Trading Program(s) and asks for more specific position information concerning the Pool assets that were directed by the CTA under its Trading Program(s).

Any CTA that (i) is registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) advised only Pools that satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be deemed to have satisfied its Schedule B filing requirements by completing and filing the applicable Sections 1 and 2 of Form PF for the Reporting Period in question.

**Limited Schedule B Filing Requirements**

However, any CTA that is (i) registered with the SEC as an Investment Adviser, and (ii) advised any Pools that do not satisfy the definition of Private Fund during the Reporting Period will be required to complete Part 2 of Schedule B with respect to the Pool(s) that it advised during the Reporting Period that did not satisfy the definition of Private Fund.

All information provided in this Schedule B should be accurate as of the Reporting Date.

REMINDER: The CTA must complete and file a separate Schedule B for each Trading Program under which the CTA Directed Pool assets during the most recent Reporting Period.

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM**1. TRADING PROGRAM INFORMATION**

Provide the following general information concerning the Trading Program:

a. Name of the Trading Program:

b. Date of inception of Trading Program:

c. Total assets Directed by CTA under the Trading Program:

d. Total Pool assets Directed by CTA under the Trading Program:

e. Provide the approximate percentage of the total assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program that has been allocated to the CTA from other CTAs:

- |                                 |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0%     | <input type="checkbox"/> 51-75% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-10%  | <input type="checkbox"/> 76-99% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10-25% | <input type="checkbox"/> 100%   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 26-50% |                                 |

f. Provide the approximate percentage of the total assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program that the CTA allocates to other CTAs:

- |                                 |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0%     | <input type="checkbox"/> 51-75% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-10%  | <input type="checkbox"/> 76-99% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10-25% | <input type="checkbox"/> 100%   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 26-50% |                                 |

**2. POOL INFORMATION**

Provide the following general information for each Pool whose assets are Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program:

a. Name of the Pool:

b. NFA ID# of the Pool:

c. Address of the Pool:

d. Telephone number of the Pool:

e. Starting date of the relationship with the Pool:

f. Do you invest client funds in the Pool: Yes  No

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U.S. COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

## 2. POOL INFORMATION (cont'd)

g. Approximate percent of the Pool's funds that are Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program:

- |                                 |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0%     | <input type="checkbox"/> 51-75% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-10%  | <input type="checkbox"/> 76-99% |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10-25% | <input type="checkbox"/> 100%   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 26-50% |                                 |

## 3. THIRD PARTY ADMINISTRATORS

Provide the following information concerning any third party administrator(s) used by the CTA for the Trading Program:

a. Does the CTA use third party administrators for the Trading Program? Yes  No

If "Yes," provide the following information for each third party administrator:

- |  |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| i. Name of the administrator:                                | <input type="text"/> |
| ii. NFA ID# of administrator:                                | <input type="text"/> |
| iii. Address of the administrator:                           | <input type="text"/> |
| iv. Telephone number of the administrator:                   | <input type="text"/> |
| v. Starting date of the relationship with the administrator: | <input type="text"/> |
| vi. Services performed by the administrator:                 | <input type="text"/> |

Calculation of Trading Program performance  Other \_\_\_\_\_

Maintenance of the CTA's books and records:

## 4. STATEMENT OF CHANGES CONCERNING

Provide the following information concerning the Trading Program's activity during the Reporting Period:

a. Assets Directed under Trading Program at the beginning of the Reporting Period:

b. Additions to the Trading Program during the Reporting Period:

c. Withdrawals from the Trading Program during the Reporting Period:

d. Gains (Losses) during the Reporting Period:

e. Fees deducted or earned during the Reporting Period:

f. Assets Directed under Trading Program at the end of the Reporting Period:

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

## 5. TRADING PROGRAM'S MONTHLY RATES OR RETURN

Provide the Trading Program's monthly rate of return for each month that the Trading Program has operated. Enter "NT" to indicate that the Trading Program did not trade during a particular month. Provide the Trading Program's annual rate of return for the appropriate year in the row marked "Annual."

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Jan.							
Feb.							
March							
June							
July							
August							
Sept.							
Oct.							
Nov.							
Dec.							
ANNUAL							

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

#### **INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)**

## **6. TRADING PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS**

Provide the Trading Program's investments for the total Pool assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program in each of the subcategories listed under the following seven headings: (1) Cash; (2) Equities; (3) Alternative Investments; (4) Fixed Income; (5) Derivatives; (6) Options; and (7) Funds. First, determine how the Trading Program's investments should be allocated among each of these seven categories. Once you have determined how the Trading Program's investments should be allocated, enter the dollar value of the Trading Program's total investment in each applicable category on the top, boldfaced line. For example, under the "Cash" heading, the Trading Program's total investment should be listed on the line reading "Total Cash." After the top, boldfaced line is completed, proceed to the subcategories. For each subcategory, determine whether the Trading Program has investments that equal or exceed 5% of the total Pool assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program. If so, provide the dollar value of each such investment in the appropriate subcategory. If the dollar value of any investment in a subcategory equals or exceeds 5% of the total Pool assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program, you must itemize the investments in that subcategory.

**CASH**

### Total Cash

### At Carrying Broker

10 of 10

## EQUITIES

### Total Listed Equities

## Stocks

- a. Energy and Utilities
  - b. Technology
  - c. Media
  - d. Telecommunication
  - e. Healthcare
  - f. Consumer Services
  - g. Business Services
  - h. Issued by Financial Institutions
  - i. Consumer Goods
  - j. Industrial Materials

#### Exchange Traded Funds

## American Deposit Receipts

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NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION

## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

**Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B**INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

EQUITIES	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
Other		
<b>Total Unlisted Equities</b>		
Unlisted Equities Issued by <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
<b>Total Alternative Investments</b>		
Real Estate		
a. Commercial		
b. Residential		
Private Equity		
Venture Capital		
Forex		
Spot		
a. Total Metals		
a. Gold		
b. Total Energy		
a. Crude oil		
b. Natural gas		
c. Power		
c. Other		
Loans to Affiliates		
Promissory Notes		
Physicals		
a. Total Metals		
a. Gold		
b. Agriculture		

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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## **INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)**

	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS		
c. Total Energy		
a. Crude oil		
b. Natural gas		
c. Power		
Other		
<b>FIXED INCOME</b>		
<b>Total Fixed Income</b>		
Notes, Bonds and Bills		
a. Corporate		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
b. Municipal		
c. Government		
I. U.S. Treasury securities		
II. Agency securities		
III. Foreign (G10 countries)		
IV. Foreign (all other)		
d. Govn't Sponsored		
e. Convertible		
I. Investment grade		
II. Non-investment grade		
Certificates of Deposit		
a. U.S.		
b. Foreign		

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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

## FIXED INCOME

## Asset Backed Securities

## a. Mortgage Backed Securities

## I. Commercial Securitizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity

	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>

## II. Commercial Resecuritizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## III. Residential Securitizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## IV. Residential Resecuritizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## V. Agency Securitizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## VI. Agency Resecuritizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


## b. CDO Securitizations

Senior or higher  
Mezzanine  
Junior/Equity


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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

## FIXED INCOME

## Asset Backed Securities (cont'd)

- c. CDO Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity

	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
c. CDO Securitizations <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Senior or higher</li><li>Mezzanine</li><li>Junior/Equity</li></ul>		
d. CDO Resecuritizations <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Senior or higher</li><li>Mezzanine</li><li>Junior/Equity</li></ul>		

- e. CLOs Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- f. CLO Resecuritizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- g. Credit Card Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- h. Credit Card Resecuritizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


- i. Auto-Loan Securitizations
  - Senior or higher
  - Mezzanine
  - Junior/Equity


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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## **INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)**

	<u>Long</u>	<u>Short</u>
Asset Backed Securities (cont'd)		
j. Auto-Loan Resecuritizations		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		
k. Other		
Senior or higher		
Mezzanine		
Junior/Equity		
Repos		
Reverse Repos		
<b>DERIVATIVES</b>		
<b>Total Derivatives</b>	<u>Positive OTE</u>	<u>Negative OTE</u>
Futures		
a. Indices		
I. Equity		
II. Commodity		
b. Metals		
I. Gold		
c. Agriculture		
d. Energy		
I. Crude oil		
II. Natural gas		
III. Power		
e. Interest Rate		
f. Currency		

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**COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## **INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)**

	<u>Positive OTE</u>	<u>Negative OTE</u>
Futures		
g. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
h. Other		
Forwards		
Swaps		
a. Interest Rate Swap		
b. Equity/Index Swap		
c. Dividend Swap		
d. Currency Swap		
e. Variance Swap		
f. Credit Default Swap		
a. Single name CDS		
i. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
b. Index CDS		
c. Exotic CDS		
g. OTC Swap		
a. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
h. Total Return Swap		
i. Other		
OPTIONS		
Total Options		
Futures		
a. Indices		
I. Equity		
II. Commodity		

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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

**Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B**INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

<u>OPTIONS</u>	<u>Long Option Value</u>	<u>Short Option Value</u>
Futures		
b. Metals		
c. Agriculture		
d. Energy		
e. Interest Rate		
f. Currency		
g. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
h. Other		
Stocks		
a. Related to <u>Financial Institutions</u>		
Customized/OTC		
Physicals		
a. Metals		
a. Gold		
b. Agriculture		
c. Currency		
d. Energy		
a. Crude oil		
b. Natural gas		
c. Power		
e. Other		
<u>FUNDS</u>		<u>Long</u>
Total Funds		
Mutual Fund		

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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Schedule B

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE CTA'S TRADING PROGRAM (cont'd)

## FUNDS

a. U.S.

Long


b. Foreign

Hedge Fund


Equity Fund


Money Market Fund


Private Equity Fund


REIT


Other


## ITEMIZATION

- a. If the dollar value of any investment in any subcategory under the heading "Equities," "Alternative Investments" or "Fixed Income" equals or exceeds 5% of the total Pool assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program, itemize the investment(s) in the table below.

Subheading	Description of Investment	Long/ Short	Cost	Fair Value	Year-to-Date Gain (Loss)

- b. If the dollar value of any investment in any subcategory under the heading "Derivatives" or "Options" equals or exceeds 5% of the total Pool assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program, itemize the investment(s) in the table below.

Subheading	Description of Investment	Long/ Short	OTE	Counterparty	Year-to-Date Gain (Loss)

- c. If the dollar value of any investment in any subcategory under the heading "Funds" equals or exceeds 5% of the total Pool assets Directed by the CTA under the Trading Program, itemize the investment(s) in the table below.

Subheading	Fund Name	Fund Type	Fair Value	Year-to-Date Gain (Loss)

- This Completes Schedule B of Form CTA-PR -

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COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION  
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## QUARTERLY PROGRAM REPORT FOR COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

## Form CTA-PR Template · Oath

## OATH

BY FILING THIS Form CTA-PR, THE UNDERSIGNED AGREES THAT THE ANSWERS AND INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN are complete and accurate, and are not misleading in any material respect to the best of the undersigned's knowledge and belief. Furthermore, by filing this Form CTA-PR, the undersigned agrees that he or she knows that it is unlawful to sign this Form CTA-PR if he or she knows or should know that any of the answers and information provided herein is not accurate and complete.

Name of the individual signing this Form CTA-PR on behalf of the CTA:

Capacity in which the above is signing on behalf of the CTA:

## BILLING CODE C

**PART 145—COMMISSION RECORDS AND INFORMATION**

11. The authority citation for part 145 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Pub. L. 99–570, 100 Stat. 3207; Pub. L. 89–554, 80 Stat. 383; Pub. L. 90–23, 81 Stat. 54; Pub. L. 98–502, 88 Stat. 1561–1564 (5 U.S.C. 552); Sec. 101(a), Pub. L. 93–463, 88 Stat. 1389 (5 U.S.C. 4a(j)).

12. In § 145.5, revise paragraphs (d)(1)(viii) and (h) to read as follows:

**§ 145.5 Disclosure of nonpublic records.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) \* \* \*

(1) \* \* \*

(viii) The following reports and statements that are also set forth in paragraph (h) of this section, except as specified in 17 CFR 1.10(g)(2) or 17 CFR 31.13(m): Forms 1–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10; FOCUS reports that are filed in lieu of Forms 1–FR pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10(h); Forms 2–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 31.13; the accountant's report on material inadequacies filed in

accordance with 17 CFR 1.16(c)(5); all reports and statements required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.17(c)(6); and

(A) The following portions of Form CPO–PQR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule A: Question 2, subparts (b) and D; Question 3, subparts (g) and (h); Question 10, subparts (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g); Question 11; Question 12; and Question 13; and Schedules B and C;

(B) The following portions of Form CTA–PR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule B: Question 4,

subparts (b), (c), (d), and (e); Question 5; and Question 6;

\* \* \* \* \*

(h) Contained in or related to examinations, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of the Commission or any other agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions, including, but not limited to the following reports and statements that are also set forth in paragraph (d)(1)(viii) of this section, except as specified in 17 CFR 1.10(g)(2) and 17 CFR 31.13(m): Forms 1–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10; FOCUS reports that are filed in lieu of Forms 1–FR pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10(h); Forms 2–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 31.13; the accountant's report on material inadequacies filed in accordance with 17 CFR 1.16(c)(5); all reports and statements required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.17(c)(6); and

(1) The following portions of Form CPO–PQR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule A: Question 2, subparts (b) and D; Question 3, subparts (g) and (h); Question 10, subparts (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g); Question 11; Question 12; and Question 13; and Schedules B and C;

(2) The following portions of Form CTA–PR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule B: Question 4, subparts (b), (c), (d), and (e); Question 5; and Question 6; and

\* \* \* \* \*

## PART 147—OPEN COMMISSION MEETINGS

13. The authority citation for part 147 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Sec. 3(a), Pub. L. 94–409, 90 Stat. 1241 (5 U.S.C. 552b); sec. 101(a)(11), Pub. L. 93–463, 88 Stat. 1391 (7 U.S.C. 4a(j) (Supp. V, 1975)).

14. In § 147.3, revise (b)(4)(i)(H) and (b)(8) to read as follows:

### § 147.3 General requirement of open meetings; grounds upon which meetings may be closed.

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(4)(i) \* \* \*

(H) The following reports and statements that are also set forth in

paragraph (b)(8) of this section, except as specified in 17 CFR 1.10(g)(2) or 17 CFR 31.13(m): Forms 1–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10; FOCUS reports that are filed in lieu of Forms 1–FR pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10(h); Forms 2–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 31.13; the accountant's report on material inadequacies filed in accordance with 17 CFR 1.16(c)(5); all reports and statements required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.17(c)(6); the following portions of Form CPO–PQR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule A: Question 2, subparts (b) and D; Question 3, subparts (g) and (h); Question 10, subparts (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g); Question 11; Question 12; and Question 13; and Schedules B and C; and the following portions of Form CTA–PR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule B: Question 4, subparts (b), (c), (d), and (e); Question 5; and Question 6;

\* \* \* \* \*

(8) Disclose information contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of the Commission or any other agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions, including, but not limited to the following reports and statements that are also set forth in paragraph (b)(4)(i)(H) of this section, except as specified in 17 CFR 1.10(g)(2) or 17 CFR 31.13(m): Forms 1–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10; FOCUS reports that are filed in lieu of Forms 1–FR pursuant to 17 CFR 1.10(h); Forms 2–FR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 31.13; the accountant's report on material inadequacies filed in accordance with 1.16(c)(5); and all reports and statements required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 1.17(c)(6); and

(i) The following portions of Form CPO–PQR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule A: Question 2, subparts (b) and D; Question 3, subparts (g) and (h); Question 10, subparts (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g); Question 11; Question 12; and Question 13; and Schedules B and C; and

(ii) The following portions of Form CTA–PR required to be filed pursuant to 17 CFR 4.27: Schedule B: Question 4,

subparts (b), (c), (d), and (e); Question 5; and Question 6;

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Washington, DC on January 26, 2011 by the Commission.

**David A. Stawick,**  
*Secretary of the Commission.*

### Appendices to Commodity Pool Operators and Commodity Trading Advisors: Amendments to Compliance Obligations—Commission Voting Summary and Statements of Commissioners

**Note:** The following appendices will not appear in the Code of Federal Regulations.

#### Appendix 1—Commission Voting Summary

On this matter, Chairman Gensler and Commissioners Dunn, Sommers (by proxy), Chilton and O'Malia voted in the affirmative; no Commissioner voted in the negative.

#### Appendix 2—Statement of Chairman Gary Gensler

I support the proposed joint rulemaking with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that requires reporting by investment advisers to private funds that are also registered as commodity pool operators (CPOs) or commodity trading advisors (CTAs) with the CFTC. I also support the CFTC's proposed amendment to compliance obligations of CPOs and CTAs. The joint rule requires private fund investment advisers with assets under management totaling more than \$150 million to provide the SEC with financial and other trading information. Private fund investment advisers with assets under management totaling more than \$1 billion would be subject to heightened reporting requirements. I support the CFTC rule that would bring similar reporting to CPOs and CTAs with assets under management greater than \$150 million that are not otherwise jointly regulated. This is to ensure that similar entities in the asset management arena are regulated consistently. Lastly, the proposal repeals certain exemptions issued under Part 4 of the Commission's regulations so the Commission will have a more complete picture of the activity of operators of and advisors to pooled investment vehicles in the commodities marketplace.

[FR Doc. 2011–2437 Filed 2–10–11; 8:45 am]

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