CLEARING ORGANIZATION CORE PRINCIPLES	EXPLANATIONS AND REFERENCES TO RELEVANT QCEX DOCUMENTS, RULES AND AGREEMENTS
Core Principle A:	The Clearinghouse has resources and rules designed to uphold the
	CFTC's core principles for derivatives clearing organizations, as
Compliance with the core principles.	demonstrated in Exhibits A-1 through A-11.
Core Principle B:	The Clearinghouse has the financial, operational, and managerial
	resources as demonstrated in Exhibits B-1 through B-4.
Adequate financial, operational, and managerial resources	
Core Principle C:	The Clearinghouse has rules for participant standards and product
	eligibility as demonstrated in Exhibits C-1 and C-2.
Appropriate standards for participant and product eligibility	
Core Principle D:	The Clearinghouse has a risk management framework and can
	measure and limit risk as demonstrated in Exhibits D-1 through D-3.
Adequate and appropriate risk management capabilities	
Core Principle E:	The Clearinghouse will at all times have funds for fully collateralized
	positions and retain records as demonstrated in Exhibit E.
Ability to complete settlements on a timely basis under varying	
circumstances	
Core Principle F:	The Clearinghouse will keep participant funds in a Member Property
	account in U.S. dollars as demonstrated in Exhibit F.
Standards and procedures to protect member and participant funds	
Core Principle G:	The Clearinghouse only clears products that are fully collateralized
	as demonstrated in Exhibit G.
Efficient and fair default rules and procedures	
Core Principle H:	The Clearinghouse Rulebook has adequate enforcement and dispute
	resolution procedures as demonstrated in Exhibit H.
Adequate rule enforcement and dispute resolution procedures	
Core Principle I:	The Clearinghouse has extensive system safeguards as
	demonstrated in Exhibit I.
Adequate and appropriate systems safeguards, emergency	
procedures, and plan for disaster recovery	

Core Principle J:	The Clearinghouse's Compliance Manual specifies the reporting
	requirements and will report as provided by Exhibit J.
Obligation to provide necessary reports to allow the CFTC to oversee	
clearinghouse activities	
Core Principle K:	The Clearinghouse will keep records as required by Commission
	Regulation 1.31 and detailed in Exhibit K.
Maintenance of all business records for five years in a form	
acceptable to the CFTC	
Core Principle L:	The Clearinghouse will post all public data including rules and
	procedures on its website and will advise once a URL is finalized, as
Publication of clearinghouse rules and operating procedures	detailed in Exhibit L.
Core Principle M:	As discussed in Exhibit M, the Clearinghouse does not expect to
	enter any information sharing agreements at this time but will
Participation in appropriate domestic and international information-	cooperate, as necessary.
sharing agreements	
Core Principle N:	The Clearinghouse Rulebook has been designed to avoid anti-
	competitive behavior as demonstrated in Exhibit N.
Avoidance of actions that are unreasonable restraints of trade or	
that impose anti-competitive burdens	
Core Principle O:	The Clearinghouse has rules and procedures for governance and
	fitness standards as demonstrated in Exhibit O.
Governance arrangements and fitness standards	
Core Principle P:	The Clearinghouse has rules and procedures to address conflicts of
	interest as demonstrated in Exhibit P.
Rules to minimize conflicts of interest in the DCO's decision making	
process, and a process for resolving any conflicts	
Core Principle Q:	The Clearinghouse has rules that provide for appropriate governing
•	boards as described in Exhibit Q.
Composition of governing boards to include market participants	

## DCO Core Principles Table

Core Principle R:	Chapter V of the Clearinghouse Rulebook provides for an
	appropriate legal risk framework as described in Exhibit R.
Well-founded legal framework for the activities of the DCO	