

# Cleared Derivatives – March-April 2020 and beyond

GMAC Meeting, December 17, 2020

#### **DISCLAIMER**

The analyses and views expressed herein are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Commission or CFTC Staff.

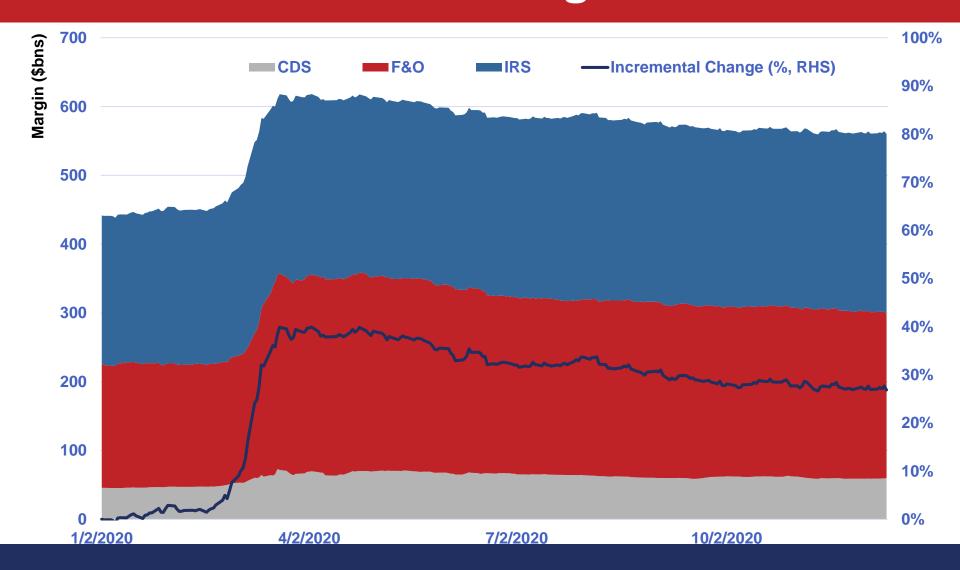
## **Key themes in 2020**

- The pandemic was in the category of 'extreme but implausible' as defined pre-Feb, 2020
- Real-world stress tests infinitely more instructive than any supervisory stress tests
- Questions about margin calls and systemic risk
- 'Lessons learned' will continue through 2021

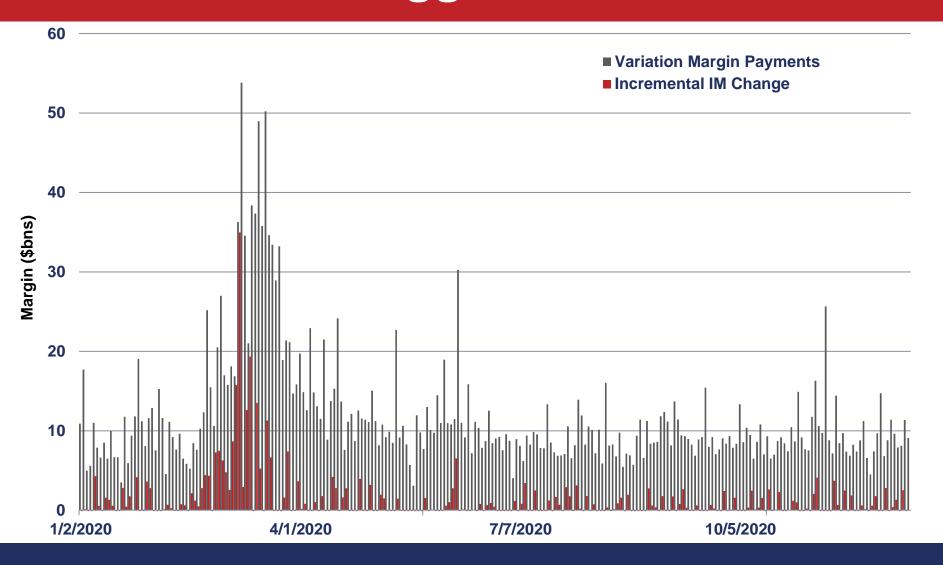
### DCR's Risk Surveillance Branch

- Margin model
  - Quantitative oversight of DCOs' margin models
- Daily risk surveillance
  - Hands-on quantitative surveillance of risk exposures in futures and swaps
- CCP resilience
  - Supervisory stress testing
  - Systemic risk issues

## Posted IMs at record highs



## VM calls were bigger





## **COVID-shocks were deep in the tail**

#### Percentile Ranks of Major Losses during 2020

Date	Index	Percentile Rank	<b>Percent Return</b>
3/9/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	100.000%	-29%
4/20/2020	Front Month WTI	100.000%	-306%
3/16/2020	S&P 500 Index	99.995%	-12%
3/20/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.993%	-26%
3/12/2020	S&P 500 Index	99.989%	-10%
3/16/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.987%	-25%
4/21/2020	Front Month WTI	99.990%	-127%
3/16/2020	Federal Funds Rate	99.988%	-77%
3/27/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.980%	-20%
3/6/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.974%	-16%
N 3.78	Plus 33 More		

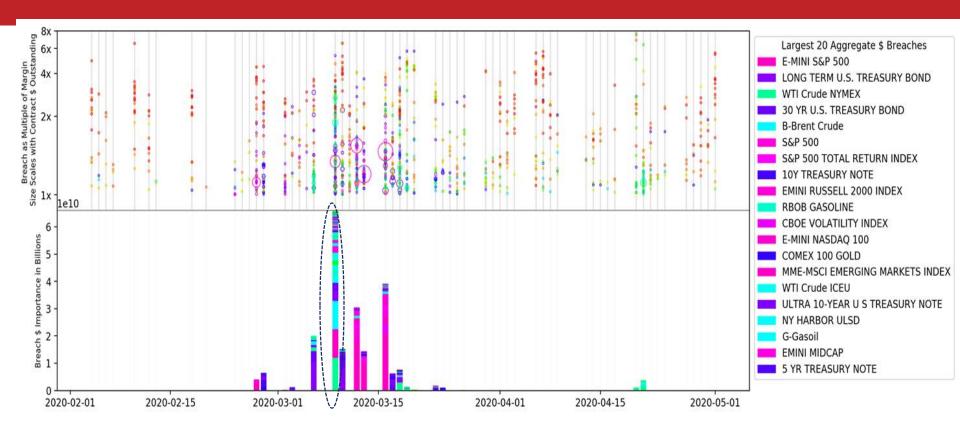
#### Percentile Ranks of Major Gains during 2020

Date	Index	Percentile Rank	<b>Percent Return</b>
3/17/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	100.000%	50%
4/30/2020	Front Month WTI	100.000%	25%
3/10/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.993%	49%
4/2/2020	Front Month WTI	99.990%	25%
3/24/2020	S&P 500 Index	99.989%	9%
3/13/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.987%	19%
3/13/2020	S&P 500 Index	99.984%	9%
9/4/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.980%	13%
3/19/2020	Front Month WTI	99.980%	24%
5/18/2020	10Y U.S. Gov Rate	99.974%	13%
	Plus 38 More		

- Scores of moves bigger than the 99.7% coverage that many CCPs target
- Question: Is IM meant to cover all price moves?
- More interesting: Did margin models react appropriately?



#### Product-level breaches are interesting, but ...



- Products do not default, firms default
- Question: Did account-level breaches threaten CCPs, their members?

**EXAMPLE 2** 

<sup>\*</sup> Breach Dollar Importance = Open Interest \* (Dollar PnL - Initial Margin), Contract Dollar Outstanding = Open Interest \* Initial Margin

## Questions and ongoing analysis

 Were some margin models too reactive, not appropriately anti-procyclical?

## Aggregate flows might be indicative of procyclical behavior

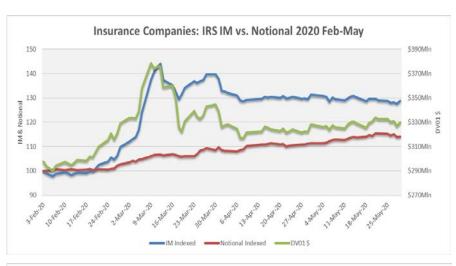


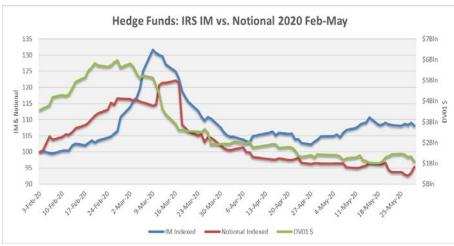
- "DV01" is the dollar value of a one basis point shift in interest rates
- "Notional Indexed" is based on Gross Notional Values (i.e. fixed and floating legs assumed to have positive notional values)

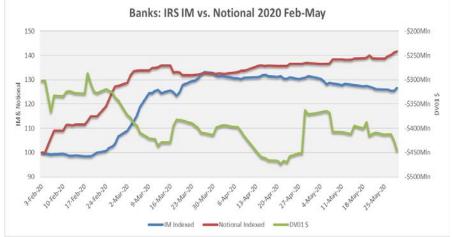
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## But there is heterogeneity among firms



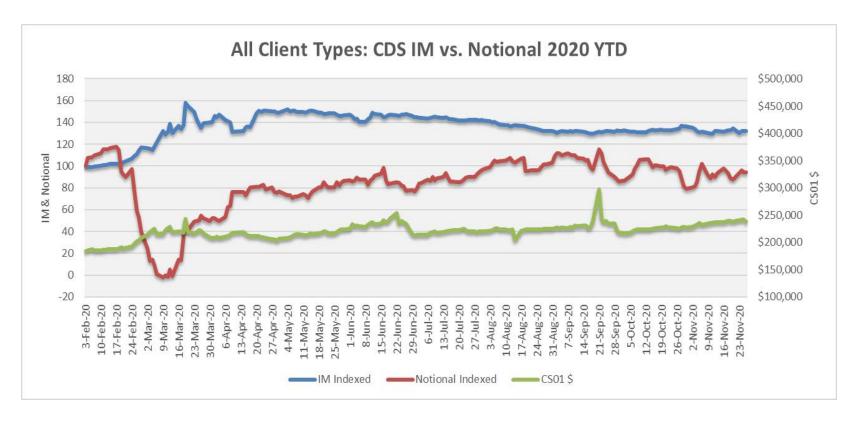






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## Aggregated – CDS

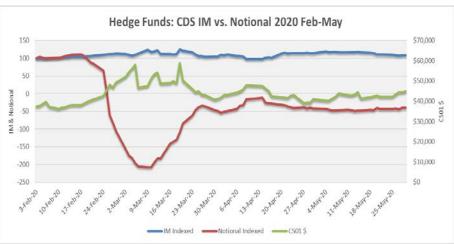


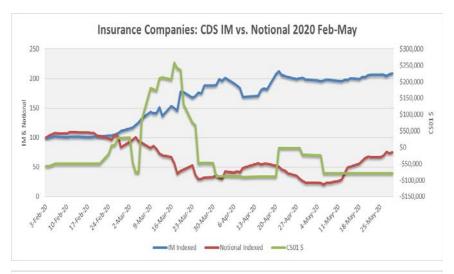
- "CS01" is the dollar value of a parallel, one basis point shift in the underlying credit spread curve
- "Notional Indexed" is based on Net Notional Values (i.e. short and long positions are netted)

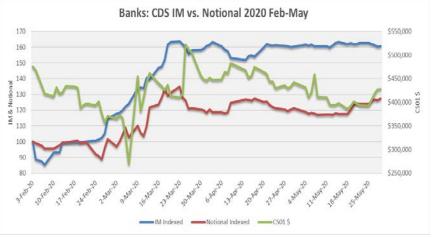
Source: CFTC

## Disaggregated









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## Margin calls and Systemic risk

- Did margin calls cause stresses in the funding markets?
  - The denominator problem How big were CCPs' margin calls (IM or VM or both?) relative to the other liquidity demands on clients, intermediaries and the broader system?