Column Name	Definition
Exchange	The exchange listing the referenced contract.
Exchange Code	The contract code sent by the exchange to CFTC.
Exchange Public Code	The public contract code used by the exchange. This is sometimes
	referred to as the open outcry code.
Official Contract Name	The official name of the contract found on contract specifications at
	the exchange's website.
Part 20 Underlying Commodity	The underlying commodity used in Part 20 for the core referenced
	futures contract.
Core Referenced Futures Contract	The applicable core referenced futures contract.
Future or Option	An indicator whether the commodity code pertains to a future (F) or
	an option (O) or both (F/O).
Link	Provides a link to the contract specifications on the exchange's
Physical or Cash	Indicates whether the contract is a physical-delivery (P) or cash-settled
	(C) contract.
First Nearby or Same Contract Month	Indicates if the contract applies only to the first nearby contract
	month. The first nearby is in relation to the nominal listed month of
Month (If Named Month)	If the contract establishes positions in a particular calendar month or
	months, this variable indicates which calendar month(s).
Spread (V/N)	Indicates whether or not the referenced contract is a spread (inter-
Spread (Y/N)	commodity or calendar). Yes indicates that it is some type of spread
	Indicates whether the contract is a calendar spread contract or not.
Calendar Spread (Y/N)	Calendar spread contracts establish positions in different calendar
	months of the same contact.
Calendar Spread Front Leg Month	Indicates the month of the front leg for the calendar spread and is
	represented as the distance of the nominal month of the referenced
	contract to the core referenced futures contract. If the front leg for
	the contract is the about to expire contract, then the front leg
Calendar Spread (Number of Months from Front Leg)	Indicates the number of contract months the back leg of a calendar
	spread is from the Calendar Spread Front Leg Indicator. For example,
	if the calendar spread involves the about to expire and next out
	contract, the calendar spread factor takes on a value of 1.
Intercommodity Spread	Indicates whether the referenced contract involves two or more
	underlying commodities.
Two Component Intercommodity	Indicates whether the referenced contract involves exactly two
Spread	different commodities.
Relationship Factor 1 (if multiple legs, first leg)	Indicates whether buying that contract corresponds to a long position
	in the core referenced futures contact. For spread contracts, indicates
	the relationship factor for the first underlying.
Relationship Factor 2 (if multiple legs, second leg)	Indicates whether buying that contract corresponds to a long position
	in the core referenced futures contact. For spread contracts, indicates
	the relationship factor for the second underlying.
Size Factor (relative to core)	Indicates the size of the referenced contract relative to the core
	referenced futures contract.

First Month	Indicates how many months the first futures-equivalent (FE) position
	is from the nominal month of the referenced contract. For example, a
	value of 0 represents that the first FE position is nominally the same
	month as the referenced contract listing; whereas, a value of 1
	represents that the first FE position is one month advanced from the
Total Months	Provides a count of the total number of different months in which
	futures-equivalent positions in the core referenced futures contract
	are produced by a position in the referenced contract. For example,
	this value would be 12 for a twelve-month calendar strip. This is used
	not used for averaging contracts since, with average pricing, the total
	number of FE positions in different months may depend on the
	circumstance. This is also not used for calendar spreads since calendar
Averaging Contract	Indicates whether the contract is an averaging contract and if so what
	type of averaging contract:
	B = BALMO
	CS= Calendar Swap (prices off the nearest core contract expiration to
	the reference contract expiration at end of month. Averaging occurs
	for the last month of the core contract.)
	MI = MGEX Wheat Indices (averaging during the last three trading days
	of the settlement month)
	N = No averaging
	S = Simple averaging (averaging over the first nearby (e.g., Gulf Coast
	No. 6 Fuel Oil (Platts) Crack Spread Swap Futures, MG))
	S1 = Simple Averaging that differs before the last trading month
	compared to during the last trading month of the contract (e.g., wheat
	TM = Trade Month (averaging over the trade month)