EBS Global Facility Limited - SEF Application -Exhibit L: Analysis of Compliance with Core Principles



EBS Global Facility Limited - SEF Application -Exhibit L: Analysis of Compliance with Core Principles

CEA – SECTION 5H(F) – CORE PRINCIPLES FOR SWAP EXECUTION	EBS GLOBAL FACILITY LIMITED APPLICATION	RELEVANT EGFL DOCUMENTS, RULES, OR
FACILITIES		AGREEMENTS
Core Principle 1 – Compliance	The application of EBS Global Facility Limited ("EGFL" or the	SEF Application of EGFL
with Core Principles.	"Facility") as a whole satisfies this Core Principle.	and supporting documents.
(A) In general	Conitalized terms used in this Exhibit L but undefined have the	Feeility Buleheek
To be registered, and maintain	Capitalized terms used in this Exhibit L but undefined have the	Facility Rulebook submitted under Exhibit M
registration, as a swap execution	meanings ascribed thereto in the EGFL Facility Rulebook	Submitted under Exhibit M
facility, the swap execution facility	submitted under Exhibit M (the "Facility Rulebook").	FCFL Compliance Manual
shall comply with—		EGFL Compliance Manual
(i) the core principles described in		submitted under Exhibit O
this subsection; and		("Compliance Manual")
(ii) any requirement that the		Pagulatony Sonviosa
Commission may impose by rule		Regulatory Services Agreement between EGFL
or regulation pursuant to		and NFA submitted under
section 8a(5).		Exhibit N ("RSA")
(B) Reasonable discretion of		
swap execution facility		NFA Market Regulation
Unless otherwise determined by		Compliance Manual for
the Commission by rule or		SEFs and DCMs Offering
regulation, a swap execution		Swaps Contracts submitted
facility described in		under Exhibit O - Appendix
subparagraph (A) shall have		B ("NFA Manual")
reasonable discretion in		B (INFA Manual)
establishing the manner in which		Application and Agreement
the swap execution facility		for Trading Privilege Holder
complies with the core principles		submitted under Exhibit N
described in this subsection.		("TPH Application")
		EGFL Articles of
		Association submitted



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		under Exhibit G ("Articles") EGFL Governance Policy submitted under Exhibit G Rules Prohibiting Trade Practice Violations submitted under Exhibit R
Core Principle 2 – Compliance with Rules A swap execution facility shall— (A) establish and enforce compliance with any rule of the swap execution facility, including— (i) the terms and conditions of the swaps traded or processed on or through the swap execution facility; and	EGFL has established rules and procedures reasonably designed to ensure compliance with Section 5h of the Commodity Exchange Act (the "Act") and the regulations of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "Commission"), including rules and procedures enforcing compliance with the Facility Rulebook, setting the terms and conditions of swaps traded on the Facility, providing for impartial access to the Facility, establishing trading procedures and surveillance and real-time monitoring of trading, and addressing the mandatory clearing and mandatory trading requirements under the Act.	Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M) <u>Chapter 2</u> Trading Privileges <u>Chapter 3</u> Trading Procedures <u>Chapter 4</u> Trading Standards <u>Chapter 5</u> Rule Enforcement <u>Rule 201</u> Trading Privilege Holders <u>Rule 201(e)</u> Consent to
 (ii) any limitation on access to the swap execution facility; (B) establish and enforce trading, trade processing, and participation rules that will deter abuses and have the capacity to detect, investigate, and enforce those rules, including means— (i) to provide market participants with impartial access to the market; and 	Chapter 2 of the Facility Rulebook sets forth the obligations, financial requirements and fitness standards for a Trading Privilege Holder and each of its Authorised Traders. Rule 201(e) states that all Trading Privilege Holders and each of its Authorized Traders acknowledge and submit to the jurisdiction of the Facility and agree to be bound by the Facility Rulebook. Rule 206(f) specifically requires Swap Dealers and Major Swap Participants that enter into a swap subject to mandatory clearing under section 2(h) of the Act to be responsible for compliance with the mandatory trading requirement under section 2(h)(8) of the Act. The Facility	Facility Rules <u>Rule 202</u> Authorized Traders and Authorized Trading Firms <u>Rule 204</u> Clearing <u>Rule 206</u> Participant and Customer Obligations; Suspension or Termination of Access <u>Rule 206(f)</u> Compliance with Section 2(h)(8) of Act <u>Rule 208</u> Recordkeeping



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 (ii) to capture information that may be used in establishing whether rule violations have occurred; (C) establish rules governing the operation of the facility, including rules specifying trading procedures to be used in entering and executing orders traded or posted on the facility, including block trades; and (D) provide by its rules that when a swap dealer or major swap participant enters into or facilitates a swap that is subject to the mandatory clearing requirement of section 2(h), the swap dealer or major swap participant shall be responsible for compliance with the mandatory trading requirement under section 2(h)(8). 	requires that Participants and independent software vendors will receive impartial access to its market(s) and market services. See Rules 201, 202 and 213 and Compliance Manual Section 10.1.3. Furthermore, Participants and Customers must be eligible contract participants ("ECPs") to be granted access to the Facility. See the discussion of ECPs under Core Principle 7 below. Chapters 3 and 4 of the Facility Rulebook set forth trading practices that must be followed by Facility Participants. Rule 302 permits all Participants access to the Facility's Order Book and Rules 304 and 305 establish rules governing execution of Permitted Transactions and Required Transactions applicable to all Participants. Rule 402 specifically prohibits activities such as manipulation, price distortion and disruptive trading practices. Additionally, the Facility has taken measures to physically separate itself from any affiliated trading entities, as required by Compliance Manual section 11.2.2, and adopted a Conflicts of Interest policy that addresses, among other things, any potential conflicts that may arise from external employers. Chapter 5 of the Facility Rulebook governs the Facility's disciplinary procedures, including the initiation and adjudication of proceedings and the imposition of sanctions. Rule 501 provides that EGFL has the authority to initiate and conduct investigations, and prosecute Violations of the Facility Rulebook and impose sanctions for such Violations. Rules 509 and 510 require such sanctions to be commensurate with the violations committed and clearly sufficient to deter recidivism or similar violations by other market participants,	Rule 213IndependentSoftware VendorsRule 302Access to OrderBookRule 304PermittedTransactionsRule 305Execution Methodsfor Required TransactionsRule 309(d)Audit Trail andRecordkeepingRule 315EGFL Authorityover TransactionsRule 402Abusive TradingPracticesRule 501JurisdictionRule 502Market RegulationStaff Powers and DutiesRule 510Hearing ProceduresRule 511Written Decision ofthe Hearing PanelRule 514SummarySuspensionCompliance Manual(Exhibit O)Section 5Handling ofNon-Public Information byEmployeesSection 6Contracts to be



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	including by setting forth minimum and maximum fine amounts. The Facility has the ability to sanction, including by fine, suspension and/or expulsion, all Facility Subject Persons under Rules 501 and Rule 511. Rule 514 allows EGFL to summarily and immediately suspend Participants from trading on the Facility when the Chairperson of the Regulatory Oversight Committee ("ROC") determines such action is necessary to protect the best interests of the market place.	Listed; Monitoring of Trading <u>Section 7</u> Execution of Bids/Offers <u>Section 10</u> Impartial Access and Fees <u>Section 11</u> Role and Duties of The Compliance Function and Market Regulation Staff <u>Section 12</u> Regulatory
	The Compliance Function, which consists of the Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") and a Head of Compliance and Oversight of EGFL registered with the FCA as a CF10 ("CF10"), the Market Regulation staff ("Market Regulation Staff") and the Compliance Department, as well as the Regulatory Services Provider under the supervision of the Compliance Function, will implement EGFL's monitoring, surveillance and other enforcement functions, and EGFL's Board of Directors (the "Board") and ROC will oversee this activity. The CCO is appointed by the Board and must meet	Services Providers <u>Section 14</u> Automated Trade Surveillance and Real Time Monitoring <u>Section 18</u> Recordkeeping; Audit Trail <u>Section 19</u> Information Collection <u>Appendix C</u> Code of Ethics
	with the ROC at least quarterly. The CCO has sufficient staff and resources to develop and enforce rules, policies and procedures necessary to fulfill the CCO's duties to the Facility and obligations under the Act and Commission Regulations.	RSA (Exhibit N) <u>Section 1</u> Scope of Services <u>Schedule A</u> Scope of
	The Facility has Rules that provide it with the authority to collect and examine books and records of Participants and Customers, including all persons under investigations. See Rules 208 and 502.	Regulatory Services NFA Manual (Exhibit O - Appendix B)
	Section 6.5 of the Compliance Manual also provides that the	p. 6 Trade Practice Surveillance



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	CCO shall ensure that the Facility conforms the Rulebook and the Facility's operational practices with the Straight-Through Processing Guidance issued by the Commission.	p. 14 Market Surveillance p. 26 Investigations/Disciplinary
	EGFL has contracted with the National Futures Association ("NFA") as a Regulatory Services Provider to perform regulatory services including conducting trade and market surveillance for activities on the Facility. However, the Compliance Function maintains responsibility for supervision of NFA and the CCO is ultimately responsible for the compliance program of the Facility as it relates to the Act and the Commission's Regulations. See "Core Principle 4 – Monitoring of Trading and Swap Processing." NFA will also perform certain preliminary investigations related to trade practice and market surveillance, and may request information directly from Participants and prepare investigative summaries of its findings.	TPH Agreement (Exhibit N) <u>Section 3</u> ECP Representation <u>Sections 8, 9</u> Notice to EGFL of Changes in Information Rules Prohibiting Trade Practice Violations (Exhibit R) <u>Section 2</u> Procedures for Detecting Possible Violations of Trading Standards Rules
	EGFL has the ability to conduct real-time monitoring of trading activity in order to identify disorderly trading and market anomalies, and Rule 315 allows EGFL to adjust trade prices or cancel trades when necessary to mitigate market disrupting events. EGFL also has robust recordkeeping and audit trail rules and procedures that are reasonably designed to allow EGFL to identify trading violations and reconstruct all indications of interest, RFQs, orders and trades within a reasonable amount of time. For example, EGFL's transaction history database includes an identification of each account to which fills are allocated, and EGFL enforces audit trail and	

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	recordkeeping requirements through at least annual reviews of all participants who are responsible for, or in control of, the creation of audit trail records. See Rule 309(d) and Compliance Manual Sections 18.4 and 19.2. The Facility Rulebook, the Compliance Manual, and RSA provide the framework for EGFL's compliance with regulatory, legal, and internal rules, policies and procedures, as well as monitoring and enforcement activities.	
Core Principle 3 – Swaps Not Readily Susceptible to Manipulation The swap execution facility shall permit trading only in swaps that are not readily susceptible to manipulation.	Rule 602 of the Facility Rulebook requires the CCO to determine that a swap is not readily susceptible to manipulation before submitting any swap to the Commission for prior approval or with self-certification. The CCO must include all information required by Appendix C to Part 38 of the Commission Regulations in any swap submission to the Commission. In addition, prior to listing any swap for trading on the Facility, the CCO will identify the reference price of the swap and determine that the reference price is not readily susceptible to manipulation.	Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M)Rule 602 Susceptible to ManipulationCompliance Manual (Exhibit O)Section 6.2 Swaps Not Readily Susceptible to Manipulation Section 6.3.2 Additional Requirements for Physical Delivery Swaps Section 6.3.3 Additional Requirements for Cash-Settled Swaps
Core Principle 4 – Monitoring of	Chapters 3 and 4 of the Rules set forth trading practices that	Facility Rulebook



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	 must be followed when entering orders and RFQs into the Facility and when executing such orders and RFQs. Chapter 5 of the Rules describes EGFL's disciplinary and enforcement procedures. See "Core Principle 2 – Compliance with Rules." EGFL has contracted with the NFA as a Regulatory Services Provider to perform regulatory services including conducting trade and market surveillance for activities on the Facility. The Compliance Function, Market Regulation Staff and Regulatory Services Provider will implement EGFL's monitoring, surveillance and other enforcement functions, and the Board and ROC will oversee this activity. The Facility Rulebook, the Compliance Manual, and RSA provide the framework for EGFL's enforcement activities. As described in greater detail in Section XIV and Appendix B (NFA Manual) of the Compliance Manual, EGFL captures all trade and order data, including modifications and cancellations, and provides that data to NFA. The NFA has developed an automated trade surveillance on a trade day plus one ("T+1") basis. NFA is also responsible for reviewing the Facility's trades on a routine basis to determine whether suspicious activity relating to EGFL's trading standards exists. The performance of the NFA's functions is supervised by the Compliance Function and specifically by the CCO as it relates to the Act and the Commission's Regulations. 	AGREEMENTS(Exhibit M)Chapter 3 Trading Procedures Chapter 4 Trading Standards Chapter 5 Rule Enforcement Rule 106 Risk Controls for Trading Rule 208 Recordkeeping Rule 209 Communication with Participants Rule 210 Required Disclosures to the Facility Rule 302 Information about, and Access to, EGFL's Order
	EGFL and its Participants are subject to certain audit trail	Section 6.3.2 Additional Requirements for Physical



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	requirements set out in Rules 302(b), 309 and 208, respectively, as well as in Section XVIII of the Compliance Manual, which taken together assure EGFL's ability to comprehensively and accurately reconstruct all trading on the Trading Platform. See also "Core Principle 10 – Recordkeeping and Reporting."	Delivery Swaps <u>Section 6.3.3</u> Additional Requirements for Cash-Settled Swaps <u>Section 6.4</u> Risk Controls for Trading <u>Section 7</u> Execution of Bids/Offers <u>Section 11</u> Role and Duties of Compliance Function and Market Regulation Staff <u>Section 12</u> Regulatory Services Providers <u>Section 14</u> Automated Trade Surveillance and Real Time Monitoring <u>Section 18</u> Recordkeeping; Audit Trail <u>Section 19</u> Information Collection RSA (Exhibit N) <u>Section 1</u> Scope of Services <u>Schedule A</u> Scope of Regulatory Services NFA Manual (Exhibit O-Appendix B)
		p. 6 Trade Practice



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		Surveillance p. 14 Market Surveillance
		Rules Prohibiting Trade Practice Violations (Exhibit R)
		Section 2 Procedures for Detecting Possible Violations of Trading Standards Rules



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Core Principle 5 – Ability to Obtain Information The swap execution facility shall— (A) establish and enforce rules that will allow the facility to obtain any necessary information to perform any of the functions described in this section; (B) provide the information to the Commission on request; and (C) have the capacity to carry out such international information-sharing agreements as the Commission may require.	 EGFL's Facility Rulebook sets forth the requirements of Participants to maintain books and records and to permit inspection and visitation by duly authorized representatives of the Commission. Chapter 5 of the Facility Rulebook describes EGFL's disciplinary and enforcement procedures. See "Core Principle 2 – Compliance with Rules." It is EGFL's policy to respond promptly and completely, through ICAP's Legal and Compliance Departments, to any proper regulatory inquiry or request for documents. In addition, EGFL may enter into information sharing agreements or other arrangements or procedures to co-ordinate surveillance with other markets on which contracts or financial instruments related to the contracts trade. As part of these agreements, EGFL may, in part: (i) provide market surveillance reports to other SEFs; (ii) share information and documents concerning current and former Participants with other markets; and/or (iv) require its current or former Participants to provide information and documents to EGFL has an information sharing agreement or other arrangements or procedures. EGFL will enter into international information sharing agreement or other arrangements or procedures. 	Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M)Rule 103(a) Confidentiality; exception for sharing information for regulatory purposes Rule 208 Recordkeeping Rule 210 Required Disclosures to EGFL Rule 502 Facility Market Regulation Staff Powers and DutiesCompliance Manual (Exhibit O)Section 6.3 Monitoring of Trading Section 11 Role and Duties of Compliance Function and Market Regulation Staff Section 12 Regulatory Services Providers Section 14 Automated Trade Surveillance and Real Time Monitoring Section 18 Recordkeeping; Audit Trail



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PRINCIPLES FOR SWAP EXECUTION	EBS GLOBAL FACILITY LIMITED APPLICATION	DOCUMENTS, RULES, OR
FACILITIES		AGREEMENTS
		Section 19 Information
		Section 21 Responding to
		Regulatory Requests for
		Information
		TPH Application (Exhibit N)
		Sections 9, 10 Notice to
		EGFL of Changes in
		Information
		Section 10 Obligation to
		Provide Information to EGFL
		RSA (Exhibit N)
		Schedule A Scope of
		Regulatory Services
		NFA Manual (Exhibit O -
		Appendix B)
		p. 6 Trade Practice
		Surveillance
		p. 14 Market Surveillance
		Rules Prohibiting Trade
		Practice Violations
		(Exhibit R)
		Section 2 Procedures for



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		Detecting Possible Violations of Trading Standards Rules
Core Principle 6 – Position	Rule 408 of the Facility Rulebook requires that EGFL set and	Facility Rulebook
Limits or Accountability	enforce position limits and position accountability levels with	(Exhibit M)
(A) In general To reduce the	respect to each swap traded on the Facility as is necessary	Dula 400 Desition Limits and
potential threat of market	and appropriate. Participants that are in violation of position	Rule 408 Position Limits and
manipulation or congestion, especially during trading in the	limits will be prohibited from trading on the Facility, except to liquidate open positions. EGFL has adopted the Commission's	Position Accountability
delivery month, a swap execution	position limits for any swap for which the Commission has	Compliance Manual
facility that is a trading facility shall	adopted a position limit. The Compliance Department will	(Exhibit O)
adopt for each of the contracts of	continue to assess whether additional position limits or position	
the facility, as is necessary and	accountability levels are necessary or appropriate and should	Section 14.2 Real-Time
appropriate, position limitations or	be adopted by the Facility. The Compliance Department and	Monitoring
position accountability for	the NFA will monitor for positions that meet or exceed	Section 15 Position Limits
speculators.	reportable levels.	
(B) Position limits		RSA (Exhibit N)
For any contract that is subject to a position limitation established by the Commission pursuant to	The NFA's automated surveillance system will generate alerts for various situations regarding large trader reported positions. The alerts include, but are not limited to, the following:	Schedule A, Section II Market Surveillance
section 4a(a), the swap execution facility shall— (i) set its position limitation at a	(a) whenever an account is identified as a large trader for the first time for any swap listed for trading on the Facility;(b) whenever a large trader position exceeds the reportable	NFA Manual (Exhibit O - Appendix B)
level no higher than the	level in a particular swap listed for trading; and (c) whenever a	p. 6 Trade Practice
Commission limitation; and	large trader position exceeds speculative position limits or	Surveillance – Alerts
(ii) monitor positions established	accountability levels.	
on or through the swap execution facility for compliance with the limit		Rules Prohibiting Trade
set by the Commission and the		Practice Violations
limit, if any, set by the swap		(Exhibit R)
execution facility.		

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		Section 2 Procedures for
		Detecting Possible Violations of Trading Standards Rules
		or trading Standards Rules
Core Principle 7 – Financial	Financial Requirements	Facility Rulebook
Integrity of Transactions	•	(Exhibit M)
The swap execution facility shall	Each Trading Privilege Holder must be an ECP in order to be	
establish and enforce rules and	approved as such and must certify annually that it continues to	Rule 201(b) Financial
procedures for ensuring the	be an ECP. As noted above, Rule 201(e) requires Participants,	Requirements
financial integrity of swaps entered	Clearing Firms and Customers consent to EGFL's jurisdiction.	Rule 201(e) Consent to
on or through the facilities of the		Jurisdiction
swap execution facility, including	EGFL's Rules require that each Trading Privilege Holder and	Rule 202 Authorized Traders
the clearance and settlement of	Customer be an ECP at the time of entering into any	Rule 203 Financial Integrity
the swaps pursuant to	transaction on the Facility and require written or electronic confirmation of such ECP status. Each Trading Privilege	Rule 204 Clearing
section 2(h)(1).	Holder or Customer transacting on the Facility in cleared	Rule 210 Required Disclosures to EGFL
	swaps as a principal is required to provide EGFL with evidence	Rule 312 Enforceability of
	that the Trading Privilege Holder or Customer is a Clearing	Transactions
	Firm or provide evidence of a guarantee from a Clearing Firm	Rule 501 Jurisdiction
	of each transaction entered into on the Facility. EGFL requires	Rule 511 Written Decision of
	Intermediaries to provide a signed representation that the	the Hearing Panel
	Intermediaries' Customers are ECPs. Each Trading Privilege	and riddinig r and
	Holder or Customer that enters into uncleared bilateral	
	transactions as a principal must undergo such credit checks	Compliance Manual
	and provide such credit information as EGFL may require.	(Exhibit O)
	Participants and Customers are required to notify EGFL when	Section 6.5 Transactions
	there are material changes in the information submitted to	Cleared by a DCO
	EGFL, including a change in status as an ECP.	Section 9.2 Onboarding
		Process
		Section 10 Impartial Access



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	Clearing All Contracts executed on the Facility that are subject to mandatory clearing under Section 2(h) of the Act must be cleared through a DCO by a Clearing Firm. Any other Contracts executed on the Facility may be cleared at the discretion of the parties to such transaction; provided that such Contracts are cleared through a DCO by a Clearing Firm. The Facility has the capacity to route transactions to the relevant DCO in a manner acceptable to the DCO. Onboarding Market Regulation Staff will review each application made to become a Trading Privilege Holder and will verify that the	and Fees <u>Section 16</u> Monitoring for Financial Soundness TPH Agreement (Exhibit N) <u>Section 3</u> ECP Representation <u>Sections 9, 10</u> Notice to EGFL of Changes in Information
	 applicant has stated in its application that it is an ECP. Market Regulation Staff sign-off of this requirement will be required for approval of the application. Market Regulation Staff will monitor each Trading Privilege Holder's status as an ECP on an annual basis. Market Regulation Staff will review each application made to become an Authorised Trader and will verify that each 	
	 applicant has submitted to the jurisdiction of EGFL. Enforcement of Rules EGFL has the authority to collect and examine books and records of all Facility Subject Persons under Rules 501 and 502. If Market Regulation Staff at any time determines that a Trading Privilege Holder no longer meets the financial 	



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	requirements, the Compliance Function will report the matter to the Chairperson of the ROC, who may suspend the trading privileges of the Trading Privilege Holder pursuant to Rule 514(a), and the Compliance Function may also report the matter to the Review Panel for possible disciplinary action pursuant to Rule 502(c). Furthermore, EGFL has the ability to sanction, including by fine, suspension and/or expulsion, all Facility Subject Persons under Rule 501 and Rule 511 for any Violations.	
	Upon receiving information indicating that a Participant or Customer may have violated Rule 312 by failing to settle an executed trade, or by failing to submit for clearing a transaction that is required to be cleared, Market Regulation Staff will investigate the matter and will report the results of its investigation to the Compliance Function, who will decide whether to present the matter to the Chairperson of the ROC, who may suspend the Participant or Customer pursuant to Rule 514(a). The Compliance Function may also report the matter to the Review Panel for possible disciplinary action pursuant to Rule 502(c).	
Core Principle 8 – Emergency Authority The swap execution facility shall adopt rules to provide for the exercise of emergency authority, in consultation or cooperation with the Commission, as is necessary and appropriate, including the authority to liquidate or transfer	The Facility Rulebook sets forth clear procedures and guidelines for decision making regarding emergency intervention in the market, including procedures and guidelines to avoid conflicts of interest while carrying out such decision making. The measures available to EGFL in the case of an Emergency include the ability to place into immediate effect temporary rules, extending or shortening the expiration date for trading in	Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M) <u>Rule 104</u> Emergency Action <u>Rule 105</u> Suspension of Trading



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open positions in any swap or to suspend or curtail trading in a swap.	Contracts; extending the time of delivery under or expiration of Contracts; extending, limiting or changing hours of trading; imposing or modifying price limits; imposing or modifying Position Limits; imposing or modifying intraday market restrictions; ordering the liquidation or transfer of open positions in any Contract; ordering the fixing of a settlement price; suspending trading or curtailing trading in any Contract; altering any Contract's settlement terms or conditions; and modifying or suspending any provision of the Rules. The measures available to EGFL in the case of a Physical Emergency include any action that is necessary or appropriate to deal with the Physical Emergency, including, but not limited to, suspending trading in any one or more Contracts, delaying the opening of trading in any one or more Contracts, extending the Last Trading Day and/or the time of trading. EGFL will notify the Commission in accordance with Part 40 of the Commission's Regulations of implementing, modifying, or terminating any Emergency Rule and will comprehensively document the decision making process related to any action in response to an Emergency.	
Core Principle 9 – Timely Publication of Trading Information (A) In general The swap execution facility shall make public timely information on price, trading volume, and other trading data on swaps to the	EGFL will timely transmit swap transaction and pricing data to a registered swap data repository ("SDR") that accepts swap data for swaps traded on the Facility. EGFL will also timely publish information on its website as required under Part 16 of the Commission's Regulations. Rule 309(f) requires EGFL to publish trading information as required by Core Principle 9, Commission Regulation §37.901 and Part 16 of the Commission's Regulations. All swap data will be reported in	Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M) Rule 208_Recordkeeping Rule 304(c) Permitted Transactions Rule 309(g) Reporting to SDRs



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extent prescribed by the Commission. (B) Capacity of swap execution facility The swap execution facility shall be required to have the capacity to electronically capture and transmit trade information with respect to transactions executed on the facility.	 accordance with Part 43 and Part 45 of the Commission's Regulations. Rule 309(g) sets forth the procedures governing how EGFL reports transactions to SDRs, including how EGFL determines which SDR to report a transaction to. Section 20 of the Compliance Manual sets forth EGFL's procedures for reporting to SDRs, and also requires that public information provided by EGFL is accessible on the EGFL website without the need to register, log in, provide a username or obtain a password. 	Rule 316ReportingCounterpartyAnnex 1ISDA ReportingParty RulesCompliance Manual(Exhibit O)Section 20Publishing ofTrade Information; Reportingto SDRs
Core Principle 10 – Recordkeeping and Reporting (A) In general A swap execution facility shall— (i) maintain records of all activities relating to the business of the facility, including a complete audit trail, in a form and manner acceptable to the Commission for a period of 5 years; (ii) report to the Commission, in a form and manner acceptable to the Commission, such information as the Commission determines to be necessary or appropriate for the Commission to perform the duties of the Commission under	 EGFL will maintain records of all activities related to its business for a period of five (5) years in accordance with Commission Regulations. Each Participant is also obliged to maintain all requisite books and records in accordance with Commission Regulations. All such records will be open to inspection by the Commission, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or U.S. Department of Justice. EGFL will respond promptly and completely, through the ICAP Legal and Compliance Departments, to any proper regulatory inquiry or request for documents from the Commission, NFA, or other regulatory or law enforcement agency. 	EGFL Website www.ebs.com Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M) <u>Rule 208</u> Recordkeeping Compliance Manual (Exhibit O) <u>Section 18</u> Recordkeeping; Audit Trail Section 19 Information Collection Section 21 Responding to Regulatory Requests for Information



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 this chapter; and (iii) shall keep any such records relating to swaps defined in section 1a(47)(A)(v) open to inspection and examination by the Securities and Exchange Commission." (B) Requirements The Commission shall adopt data collection and reporting requirements for swap execution facilities that are comparable to corresponding requirements for derivatives clearing organizations and swap data repositories. 		
Core Principle 11 – Antitrust Considerations Unless necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Act, the swap execution facility shall not— (A) adopt any rules or taking any actions that result in any unreasonable restraint of trade; or (B) impose any material anticompetitive burden on trading or clearing.	EGFL's Rules and policies have been designed to avoid any unreasonable restraints on trade or the imposition of any material anti-competitive burden on trading. EGFL has not adopted any rule or taken any action with the intent or result of restraining trade. In particular, EGFL will not limit a Participant's choice of Clearing Firm or DCO. Additionally, EGFL will not limit any SDR's ability to compete for EGFL's business. EGFL may request that the Commission consider under the provisions of section 15(b) of the Act any of EGFL's Rules and policies for compliance with Core Principle 11. EGFL will not require Participants to acquire an equity interest in EGFL, and EGFL provides Participants, Customers and independent software vendors with impartial access to the	Compliance Manual (Exhibit O) Section 10 Impartial Access and Fees Section 25.1 Antitrust Considerations EGFL Website www.ebs.com



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	Facility. See also "Core Principle 2 – Compliance with Rules." Moreover, EGFL will timely transmit swap transaction and pricing data to an SDR and will timely publish information on the EGFL website as required under Part 16 of the Commission's Regulations. See "Core Principle 9 – Timely Publication of Trading Information."	
Core Principle 12 – Conflicts of Interest The swap execution facility shall— (A) establish and enforce rules to minimize conflicts of interest in its decision-making process; and (B) establish a process for resolving the conflicts of interest.	EGFL's Governance Policy and Facility Rulebook minimize conflicts of interest in decision making processes and contain methods to ascertain the presence of conflicts of interest and to make decisions in the event of such a conflict. No member of the Board, member of any committee, officer or other person authorised to exercise authority on behalf of EGFL may knowingly participate in any deliberations or vote if such person has a conflict of interest between his or her position with EGFL and such person's personal interests.	Governance Policy (Exhibit G) Section 4 Conflicts of Interest Section 10.4 Regulatory Oversight Committee Facility Rulebook (Exhibit M)
	In addition, the Facility Rulebook contains limitations on the use and disclosure of material non-public information by Board members and EGFL personnel gained through performance of their duties. The Compliance Manual establishes standards regarding EGFL employee trading, and all EGFL personnel must comply with the Code of Ethics, which addresses, among other things, potential conflicts of interest related to external employment by EGFL affiliates. Furthermore, all EGFL personnel that are employed by an external employer are required to execute EGFL's standard Secondment Agreement, which requires such persons to comply with obligations stemming from the Act, the Commission's Regulations and	Rule 103ConfidentialityRule 507Challenge toMembers of the HearingPanelCompliance Manual(Exhibit O)Section 4.6.1PersonnelTradingAppendix CCode of EthicsSecondment Agreement



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	 EGFL's Rules. Pursuant to Rule 507, a Respondent may seek to disqualify any individual named as a member to a Hearing Panel for cause, including, without limitation, if the member has a direct financial, personal or other interest in the matter under consideration. EGFL will have a ROC that is composed of 50% Public Directors, and the chairperson of EGFL's ROC will be a Public Director. The ROC oversees EGFL's regulatory program on behalf of the Board. The ROC makes recommendations to the Board. The Board has requested that the ROC assist EGFL in minimising actual and potential conflicts of interest. 	(Exhibit N-13)
Core Principle 13 – Financial Resources (A) In general The swap execution facility shall have adequate financial, operational, and managerial resources to discharge each responsibility of the swap execution facility. (B) Determination of resource adequacy The financial resources of a swap execution facility shall be considered to be adequate if the value of the financial resources exceeds the total amount that	EGFL will maintain adequate financial, operational, and managerial resources to discharge each responsibility of EGFL. Specifically, EGFL will maintain assets that exceed the total amount that would enable EGFL to cover its operating costs for a period of at least one year, calculated on a rolling basis, with six months' operating costs being in liquid assets. If any portion of EGFL's financial resources is not sufficiently liquid, capital infusions would be provided by EGFL's parent group for the purpose of meeting the requirement to have six months' operating costs in liquid assets.	Compliance Manual (Exhibit O) Section 13 Financial Resources of the Facility; Financial Filings Pro Forma Financial Statements (Exhibit I)

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would enable the swap execution facility to cover the operating costs of the swap execution facility for a 1-year period, as calculated on a rolling basis.		



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Core Principle 14 – System Safeguards The swap execution facility shall— (A) establish and maintain a program of risk analysis and oversight to identify and minimize sources of operational risk, through the development of appropriate controls and procedures, and automated systems, that— (i) are reliable and secure; and (ii) have adequate scalable capacity; (B) establish and maintain emergency procedures, backup facilities, and a plan for disaster recovery that allow for— (i) the timely recovery and resumption of operations; and (ii) the fulfillment of the responsibilities and obligations of the swap execution facility; and (C) periodically conduct tests to verify that the backup resources of the swap execution facility are sufficient to ensure continued— (i) order processing and trade matching; (ii) market surveillance and	As a member of the ICAP group, EGFL will adopt ICAP plc's policies and procedures regarding the establishment of system safeguards and Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Plan. The ICAP system safeguard policies and procedures address risk management, technology testing and maintenance, information security, system safeguards and security tools, security testing, security incident handling procedures and management processes, quality assurance and test trades. ICAP conducts regular, periodic testing and review of EGFL's automated systems. The ICAP Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Plan is designed to ensure that EGFL is able to resume its operations and fulfill its responsibilities and obligations during the next business day following any disruption of its operations through the use of alternate ICAP sites. ICAP conducts regular, periodic testing and review of the Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Plan. Upon request, the Compliance Function will provide the Commission with a copy of the Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Plan and any business impact assessments or other relevant documents for the purpose of the Commission maintaining a current profile of EGFL's automated systems.	Compliance Manual (Exhibit O) <u>Section 23</u> System Safeguards <u>Section 24</u> Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Plan Technology Questionnaire (Exhibit V)



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(iv) maintenance of a comprehensive and accurate audit trail.		
Core Principle 15- Designation of Chief Compliance Officer (A) In general Each swap execution facility shall designate an individual to serve as a chief compliance officer. (B) Duties The chief compliance officer shall— (i) report directly to the board or to the senior officer of the facility; (ii) review compliance with the core principles in this subsection; (iii) in consultation with the board of the facility, a body performing a function similar to that of a board, or the senior officer of the facility, resolve any conflicts of interest that may arise; (iv) be responsible for establishing and administering the policies and procedures required to be established pursuant to this section; (v) ensure compliance with this chapter and the rules and regulations issued under this	EGFL has designated a CCO. The CCO reports directly to the Chief Executive Officer of the Facility and meets at least annually with the Board. Likewise, the CCO meets with the ROC at least once a quarter to discuss compliance matters. The CCO and CF10 are responsible for ensuring compliance with the Facility Rulebook and policies and procedures, and the CCO will prepare and file annual compliance reports with the Commission. The Governance Policy provides that the Compliance Function's duties include, but are not limited to: overseeing and reviewing EGFL's compliance with section 5h of the Act and any related rules adopted by the Commission; in consultation with the Board, resolving any conflicts of interest that may arise; establishing and administering written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the Act and any rules adopted by the Commission; taking reasonable steps to ensure compliance with the Act and Commission Regulations relating to agreements, contracts, or transactions, and with Commission Regulations under section 5h of the Act; establishing procedures for the remediation of noncompliance issues identified by the Compliance Function through a compliance office review, look-back, internal or external audit finding, self-reported error, or validated complaint; establishing and following appropriate procedures for handling, management response, remediation, retesting, and closing of noncompliance issues; establishing a	Compliance Manual (Exhibit O) Section 11 Role and Duties of the Compliance Function and Market Regulation Staff Section 12 Regulatory Services Providers Appendix C Code of Ethics Governance Policy (Exhibit G) Section 11 Compliance Function Organization Chart (Exhibit D)



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chapter, including rules prescribed by the Commission pursuant to this section; and (vi)establish procedures for the remediation of noncompliance issues found during compliance office reviews, look backs, internal or external audit findings, self-reported errors, or through validated complaints. (C) Requirements for procedures In establishing procedures under subparagraph (B)(vi), the chief compliance officer shall design the procedures to establish the handling, management response, remediation, retesting, and closing of noncompliance issues. (D) Annual reports (i) In general In accordance with rules prescribed by the Commission, the chief compliance officer shall annually prepare and sign a report that contains a description of— (I) the compliance of the swap execution facility with this chapter; and (II) the policies and procedures, including the code of ethics and conflict of interest policies, of the swap execution facility.	compliance manual designed to promote compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations and administering a written code of ethics designed to prevent ethical violations and to promote honesty and ethical conduct; supervising EGFL's self-regulatory program with respect to trade practice surveillance, market surveillance, real-time market monitoring, compliance with audit trail requirements, enforcement and disciplinary proceedings, audits, examinations and other regulatory responsibilities with respect to Participants (including ensuring compliance with, if applicable, financial integrity, financial reporting, sales practice, recordkeeping, and other requirements); and supervising the effectiveness and sufficiency of any regulatory services provided to EGFL by the NFA or any other registered futures association or other registered entity. The CCO will be responsible for all of the foregoing duties that relate to the Act and the Commission's Regulations. The CCO also prepares and files any annual compliance reports with the Commission that are required by the Act or Commission Regulations.	



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 (ii) Requirements The chief compliance officer shall— (I) submit each report described in clause (i) with the appropriate financial report of the swap execution facility that is required to be submitted to the Commission pursuant to this section; and (II) include in the report a certification that, under penalty of law, the report is accurate and complete.		