<i>IMPORTANT</i> : Check box if Confidential Treatment is registered Entity Identifier Code (optional): <u>24-007 (1 of 2)</u>	quested
Organization: <u>Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc. ("CME")</u>	
Filing as a: DCM SEF DCO	SDR
Please note - only ONE choice allowed.	
Filing Date (mm/dd/yy): <u>02/26/24</u> Filing Description: <u>Init</u>	tial Listing of the Micro Bit
Euro Futures and Micro Ether Euro Futures Contracts	
SPECIFY FILING TYPE Plaga note only ONE choice allowed non Submission	
Please note only ONE choice allowed per Submission. Organization Rules and Rule Amendments	
Certification	§ 40.6(a)
Approval	§ 40.5(a)
Notification	§ 40.6(d)
Advance Notice of SIDCO Rule Change	§ 40.10(a)
SIDCO Emergency Rule Change	§ 40.10(h)
Rule Numbers:	
New Product Please note only ONE product	t per Submission.
Certification	§ 40.2(a)
Certification Security Futures	§ 41.23(a)
Certification Swap Class	§ 40.2(d)
Approval	§ 40.3(a)
Approval Security Futures	§ 41.23(b)
Novel Derivative Product Notification	§ 40.12(a)
Swap Submission	§ 39.5
Official Product Name: <u>See filing</u> .	
Product Terms and Conditions (product related Rules and	Rule Amendments)
Certification	§ 40.6(a)
Certification Made Available to Trade Determination	§ 40.6(a)
Certification Security Futures	§ 41.24(a)
Delisting (No Open Interest)	§ 40.6(a)
Approval	§ 40.5(a)
Approval Made Available to Trade Determination	§ 40.5(a)
Approval Security Futures	§ 41.24(c)
Approval Amendments to enumerated agricultural products	§ 40.4(a), § 40.5(a)
"Non-Material Agricultural Rule Change"	§ 40.4(b)(5)

Rule Numbers:



February 26, 2024

VIA ELECTRONIC PORTAL

Mr. Christopher J. Kirkpatrick Office of the Secretariat Commodity Futures Trading Commission Three Lafayette Centre 1155 21st Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20581

Re: CFTC Regulation 40.2(a) Certification. Initial Listing of the Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures and Micro Ether Euro Futures Contracts. CME Submission No. 24-007 (1 of 2)

Dear Mr. Kirkpatrick:

Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc. ("CME" or "Exchange") hereby certifies to the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC" or "Commission") the initial listing of the Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures and Micro Ether Euro Futures contracts (the "Contracts"), for trading on the CME Globex electronic trading platform ("CME Globex") and for submission for clearing via CME ClearPort effective on Sunday, March 17, 2024, for trade date Monday, March 18, 2024.

Contract Title	CME Globex and CME ClearPort Code	Rulebook Chapter
Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures	EBM	448
Micro Ether Euro Futures	EEM	447

The Contracts shall compliment CME's existing Bitcoin Euro Futures (Rulebook Chapter: 450; Commodity Code: BTE) and Ether Euro Futures (Rulebook Chapter: 449; Commodity Code: ETE) initially listed for trading and clearing in August 2022 (see CME Submission <u>22-287</u> dated August 12, 2022).

The underlying reference for the Contracts is the CME CF Bitcoin Euro Reference Rate ("BTCEUR_RR") and the CME CF Ether Euro Reference Rate ("ETHEUR_RR") (collectively "Reference Rates"), which mirror the underlying index that the Exchange utilizes to settle its USD-denominated Bitcoin and Ether Futures contracts. The Euro-denominated Reference Rates are a once-a-day reference rate of the Euro price of bitcoin or ether. They represent the aggregate executed trade flow on major cryptocurrency spot exchanges during a specific calculation window: 3:00 p.m. - 4:00 p.m. London time.

The Reference Rates are calculated and administered by CF Benchmarks Ltd. ("CF Benchmarks"), a benchmark administrator registered with the European Securities and Markets Authority in accordance with Article 34 of the EU Benchmark Regulation under the regulatory supervision of the UK Financial Conduct Authority.

Contract Title	Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures	Micro Ether Euro Futures
Rulebook	CME 448	CME 447
Chapter		
CME Globex	EBM	EEM
and CME		
ClearPort Code		
Contract Size	0.10 bitcoin	0.10 ether
Trading Unit	The unit of trading shall be 0.10	The unit of trading shall be 0.10 ether, as
	bitcoin, as defined by the CME CF	defined by the CME CF Ether-Euro
	Bitcoin-Euro Reference Rate	Reference Rate (ETHEUR_RR).
Tasalinan anad	(BTCEUR_RR).	5-00 m m OT
Trading and	CME Globex Pre-Open: 4:45 p.m. CT	
Clearing Hours		.m 4:00 p.m. CT with a 60-minute break
	each day beginning at 4:00 p.m. CT	Friday 5:45 p.m. CT with no reporting
	Monday - Thursday 5:45 p.m. – 6:00 p.	
Settlement	Financial	
Method		
Listing	Monthly contracts listed for six (6) cons	secutive months, quarterly contracts (Mar,
Schedule		onal quarters and a second Dec contract if
Ouncounc	only one is listed.	
Initial Listing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4, Aug-24, Sep-24, Dec-24, Mar-25, Jun-
Schedule	25, Dec-25	, , , , ag 2 , , cop 2 , , cor 2 , mai 20, can
	_0, _ 00 _0	
Price Basis	Prices are quoted and traded in Euros	
Minimum Price	Outright:	Outright:
Fluctuation	€5.00 per bitcoin = €0.50 per contract	€0.50 per ether = €0.05 per contract
	Calendar Spread:	Calendar Spread:
	€1.00 per bitcoin = €0.10 per contract	€0.10 per ether = €0.01 per contract
Termination of		y of the contract delivery month. Trading
Trading		on the last Friday of the contract month. If
		ne U.K. and the US, trading shall terminate
F inal	on the preceding day that is a business	
Final Settlement		Delivery is by cash settlement by reference to the Final Settlement Price,
Settlement		equal to the CME CF Ether-Euro
		f Reference Rate on the Last Day of
	Trading.	Trading.
Position Limits		Spot Position Limits are aggregated with
and Reportable		the Exchange's Ether Futures (ETH)
Levels		contract and set at 8,000 ETH contracts
_01010		effective first trading day of the expiring
	of the expiring contract month, reducing	
	to 2,000 BTC contracts three business	
	days prior to expiration.	
	- · · ·	
		Position accountability level of 20,000
	BTC contracts shall be applied to	ETH contracts shall be applied to
	positions in single months outside the	positions in single months outside the spot
		positions in single months outside the spot

Section 1 - Contract Specifications

	Reportable level of 1 Micro Bitcoin Euro futures contract.	Reportable level of 1 Micro Ether Euro futures contract.
Block Trade Minimum Threshold	10 contracts Reportable window: 15 minutes	100 contracts Reportable window: 15 minutes
CME Globex Matching Algorithm	F: First In, First Out (FIFO)	F: First In, First Out (FIFO)

Section 2: Index Administration, Governance, and Methodology

1. Bitcoin Euro Futures

Cash Market Overview

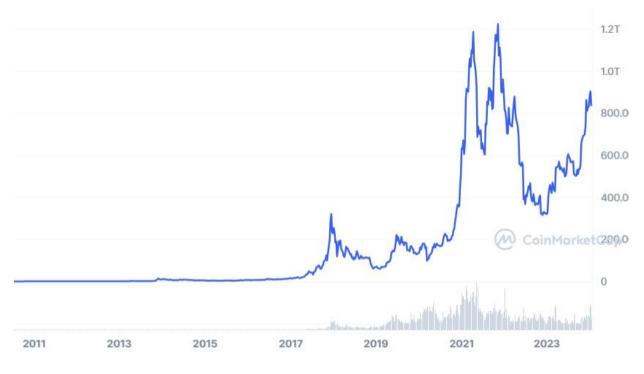
Bitcoin is a decentralized open source blockchain and digital currency that allows for secure peer-to-peer transactions on the internet.

Bitcoin was created by Satoshi Nakamoto, a pseudonymous person or team who outlined the technology in a 2008 white paper. The bitcoin network went live in 2009. Every transaction involving Bitcoin is tracked on the Bitcoin blockchain ledger which is public and permissionless. Unlike a bank's ledger, the Bitcoin blockchain is distributed across the entire network. No company, country, or third party is in control of it; and anyone can become part of that network.

The network's native cryptocurrency token is bitcoin (BTC). According to Coinmarketcap.com (https://coinmarketcap.com/), the market cap for all digital assets is over \$1.68 TN. Bitcoin is the largest cryptocurrency by market capitalization, estimated to be \$835 BN¹ as of January 17, 2024. BTC can be traded for other cryptocurrencies or other sovereign currencies.

The 24-hour trading volume in bitcoin is \$22 BN as of January 17, 2024. Bitcoin is actively traded across approximately 400 spot exchanges and other execution platforms that offer leveraged exposure. The value of a single bitcoin has steadily climbed to an all-time high of \$68,789.63 on November 10, 2021, the current price of January 17, 2024, is approximately \$42,700.

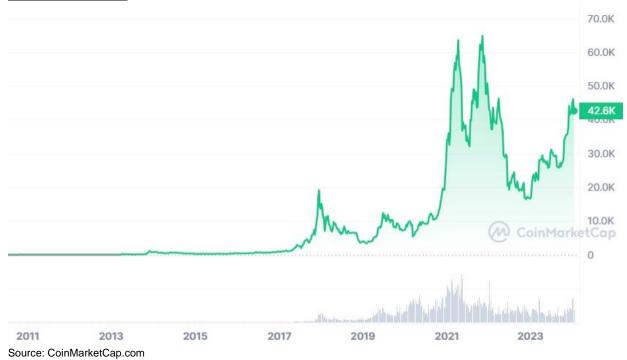
Bitcoin Market Capitalization



Source: CoinMarketCap.com

¹ Source: <u>https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/bitcoin/</u>

Bitcoin Price History



In terms of market dominance, bitcoin is consistently the dominant cryptocurrency, as demonstrated below.





Source: CoinMarketCap.com

Total Supply

The bitcoin protocol defines, in advance, how the currency will be created and at what rate. Upon release of bitcoin in 2009, Satoshi Nakamoto coded the theoretical maximum number of coins that will ever be

minted for bitcoin, as 21 million. The supply of new bitcoins is designed to grow toward a ceiling of 21 million units. However, not all 21 million coins are currently in circulation.

Bitcoin Mining and Blocks

Bitcoin mining is the process by which new bitcoin enter circulation. Miners are individuals or groups who work to secure the network by verifying transactions and adding them to a public leger; the bitcoin blockchain, in what is called blocks. A block contains details of all the transactions that have been transacted within a given timeframe. Blocks form a chain by referring to the hash (or fingerprint) of the previous block

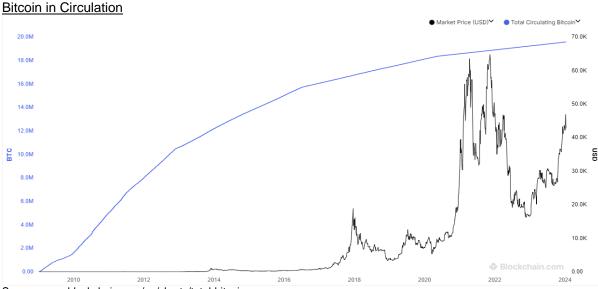
Mining requires specialist equipment and great power. The miners are an important part of preserving the blockchain ledgers. The miner that first finds the newest block is rewarded with new bitcoin for their work. Miners also take transaction fees paid by parties sending bitcoin.

The bitcoin code is designed to create a new block every ten minutes. As such the number of bitcoin in existence increases about every ten (10) minutes when new blocks are mined and added to the bitcoin blockchain. The bitcoin protocol defines how many bitcoin are released each time a miner discovers a new block. At the current mining rate each new block adds 6.25 bitcoin into circulation, which is approximately 900 bitcoin per day.

Initially, the block reward was set to 50 bitcoin per solved block. The protocol states that the number of bitcoin created per block, i.e., the mining reward, will decrease geometrically. This system is in place to systematically reduce the rate at which new bitcoin are issued into circulation This gradual systematic process will see a 50% reduction every 210,000 blocks, or approximately every four years, until all the 21 million units of bitcoin have been created, which will happen in 2140.

Bitcoin in Circulation

As of January 16, 2024, 19, 600, 090 (19.6 million) bitcoin have been mined. This represents circa 93%² of all the bitcoin total supply originally set.



Source: www.blockchain.com/en/charts/total-bitcoins

As designed, the percent growth of mined bitcoin has slowed since inception and will eventually end when all 21 million bitcoin have been mined.

² <u>https://www.blockchain.com/en/charts/total-bitcoins</u>

²⁰ S Wacker Dr Chicago, IL 60606 τ 312 466 7478 tim.elliott@cmegroup.com cmegroup.com

As designed, the percent growth of bitcoin in circulation has slowed since inception. The growth of the bitcoin in circulation is expected to slow with time, eventually ending at 21 million bitcoins.

Year	Total Bitcoin in Circulation	Total percentge increase
31-Dec-09	1,620,475	
30-Dec-10	5,003,425	209%
29-Dec-11	7,986,433	60%
30-Dec-12	10,606,004	33%
30-Dec-13	12,192,506	15%
28-Dec-14	13,657,946	12%
28-Dec-15	15,015,763	10%
29-Dec-16	16,070,956	7%
29-Dec-17	16,769,794	4%
30-Dec-18	17,453,566	4%
30-Dec-19	18,130,731	4%
30-Dec-20	18,584,959	3%
31-Dec-21	18,915,978	2%
30-Dec-22	19,246,866	2%
30-Dec-23	19,584,728	2%

Bitcoin in Circulation at the end of each calendar year

Source: www.blockchain.com/en/charts/total-bitcoins, as of January 16, 2024.

The theoretical total supply of bitcoin, however, is not the total circulating supply. The total circulating supply is lower than the total supply due to accidental loss, willful destruction, and technical peculiarities.

From the total supply of 19.6 million bitcoin, one must discount for unrecoverable bitcoin that are burned (bitcoin that will never be spent - for example, if the bitcoin were sent to a public address without any party knowing or having a way to compute the private key, the bitcoin associated with that key are considered "burned."); permanently withdrawn from circulation or lost. There is no consensus on the number to be deducted, but best estimates indicate there to be about a 20% total loss. This would produce an estimate of 15.68 million bitcoin as circulating supply (equal to 19.6 million x 0.80).

Deliverable Supply

In theory, all 15.68 million units extant may be considered as notional deliverable supply of contract-grade commodity. A prudentially conservative estimate, however, would acknowledge that bitcoin is traded in multiple currency denominations, including USD and EUR.

For illustration, consider that during the six months ending January 16, 2024, around 89.19% of fiat bitcoin transaction volume was in the BTC:USD currency pair, and 8.24% of fiat bitcoin transaction volume was in the BTC:EUR currency pair³. Using 90%, as a conservative combined USD and EUR market share as a as a proxy for the share of outstanding bitcoin that stands as notional contract-grade supply for Bitcoin Futures, it would produce an estimate of 14.11 million bitcoin (equal to 15.68 million x 0.90) as the 'money stock' notionally eligible for delivery in fulfilment of expiring contracts. The following analysis uses this estimate.

The position limit will be applicable in aggregate with the Exchange's Bitcoin Futures (BTC) contract. For the discussion of position limits that follows, contract size is for the BTC contract, with a 5 bitcoin multiplier. The ratio for spot month will be 50 EBM :1 BTC.

³ Source: http://data.bitcoinity.org/markets/volume/6m?c=e&t=b

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By the standards applicable to agricultural or other commodity futures for physical delivery (i.e., 17 CFR 150.5(b)(1)), the position limit would be set at or below 25 percent of estimated spot month deliverable supply. Under current bitcoin market conditions, the resultant maximum position limit would be 3,528,000 bitcoin, or 705,600 contracts ((equal to 14.11 million bitcoin x 0.25) / (5 bitcoin per contract)).

An alternative approach is based on the standard that the Exchange has typically applied to foreign exchange futures products, according to which the position limit is set at or below one percent of the money stock in the contract-grade currency denomination. Applied to the estimated bitcoin 'money stock', the result would be a position limit of 141,120 bitcoin, or 28,224 contracts ((equal to (14.11 million bitcoin x 0.01) / (5 bitcoin per contract)) or less.

Position Limits

In its initial certification of the CME Bitcoin Futures contract (Commodity Code: BTC) product rules to the CFTC in December 2017, the Exchange recommended a spot-month position limit of 1,000 BTC contracts.⁴ This spot-month position limit was increased to 2,000 BTC contracts in January 2019, and subsequently in 2021, when the Spot Month Limit was increased to 4,000 BTC contracts effective on the first trading day of the expiring contract month, reducing to 2,000 BTC contracts effective on the close of trading three (3) business days prior to expiration.

The position limit will be applicable in aggregate to Bitcoin Futures, Options on Bitcoin Futures, Micro Bitcoin Futures, Options on Micro Bitcoin Futures, Bitcoin Euro Futures and Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures.

Viewed in the context of the preceding cash market overview and to align with the Bitcoin Futures contract, the aggregated Spot Month Position Limit shall be 4,000 BTC contracts effective on the first trading day of the expiring contract month, reducing to 2,000 BTC contracts effective on the close of trading three (3) business days prior to expiration.

The recommended quantity is sufficiently stringent that it would be highly unlikely to motivate attempted manipulation of the benchmark in connection with Contract final settlement and is significantly below the standard 25% 'money stock' analysis of deliverable supply test.

The Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures contract shall share the Accountability Level with the Bitcoin Futures contract. The Single Month Accountability Level and All Month Accountability Level shall be 5,000 BTC contracts.

Additionally, to allow for increased transparency and more effective market surveillance, a reportable position level shall be set at one (1) Micro Bitcoin Euro contract.

⁴ CME - Initial Listing of the Bitcoin Futures Contract - <u>https://www.cmegroup.com/content/dam/cmegroup/market-regulation/rule-filings/2017/12/17-417S.pdf</u>

2. Ether Euro Futures

Cash Market Overview

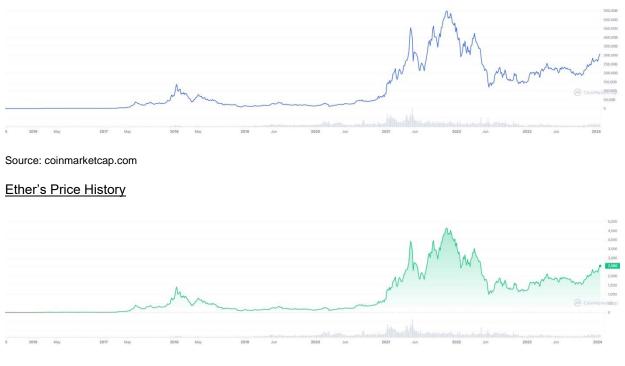
Vitalik Buterin founded Ethereum as a concept in a <u>White Paper⁵</u> in late 2013. Since then, the development of Ethereum has been managed by a community of developers. A crowd sale to fund development took place in July 2014, and the blockchain went live on 30 July 2015.

Ethereum is a decentralized open source blockchain featuring smart contract functionality. The main Ethereum network is public and permissionless. Anyone can download or write software to connect to the network and start creating transactions and smart contracts without needing to log in or sign up with any organisation.

Ethereum's inbuilt native token is called ether (ETH). It can be traded for other cryptocurrencies or other sovereign currencies, just like bitcoin (BTC). According to Coinmarketcap.com (<u>https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/ethereum/markets/</u>), ether's market capitalization is estimated to be \$305 BN⁶ as of January 17, 2024. It is the second-largest cryptocurrency by market capitalization, behind bitcoin.

The 24 hour trading volume in ether is \$11 BN compared to \$22 BN in bitcoin as of January 17, 2024. Many altcoins are based on the Ethereum network, which brings liquidity into the network's native cryptocurrency. Ether is actively traded across approximately 400 spot exchanges and other execution platforms that offer leveraged exposure. The value of a single ether has steadily climbed to an all-time high of \$4,891.70 on November 16, 2021, the current price of January 17, 2024, is approximately \$2,500.

Ether Market Cap



Source: coinmarketcap.com

⁵ Source: <u>https://ethereum.org/en/whitepaper/</u>

⁶ Source: <u>https://coinmarketcap.com/currencies/ethereum/</u>

²⁰ S Wacker Dr Chicago, IL 60606 T 312 466 7478 tim.elliott@cmegroup.com cmegroup.com

Total Supply

Ethereum has its own blockchain, which contains blocks of data pertaining to transactions on the Ethereum network. A block contains details of all the transactions and smart contracts that have been transacted within a given timeframe. Blocks form a chain by referring to the hash (or fingerprint) of the previous block.

The biggest difference between ether and bitcoin are the rules around token generation. For bitcoin, there will be a maximum supply of 21 million coins. According to the protocol, future ETH generation will be capped at 25% of the pre-mine, per year. This is to say that there is a maximum growth rate of 18 million ether which can be mined per year. There is no upper cap or limit. Theoretically the maximum is infinite.

Ether token generation

Since inception until September 15, 2022, new units of ether were created through mining. Mining is the process of confirming transactions, combining them into blocks and adding them to the blockchain. As a reward, and to keep miners incentivized, every time a block is completed, the miner responsible for creating that block receives a reward in the form of new ether. Miners compete with each other to earn newly issued tokens known as the block reward.

Ether in Circulation

The total number of ETH in existence can be calculated as:

Pre-mine + Block rewards + Uncle rewards + Uncle referencing rewards + Eth2 staking rewards

Pre-mine

Approximately 72 million ETH were issued for the genesis block – the first ever block of the Ethereum blockchain. 60 million ETH were allocated to the initial contributors in the 2014 crowd sale that funded the project, and 20%, 12 million ETH were given to the development fund and the Ethereum Foundation.

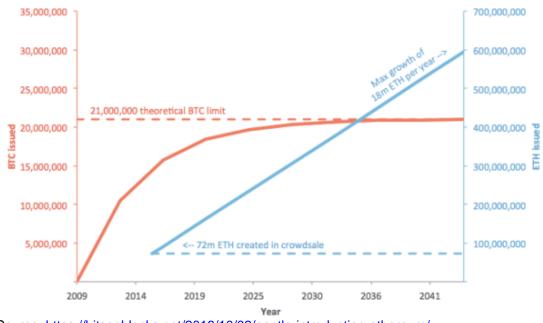
Block reward

In Ethereum the time between blocks is around 14 seconds, compared with bitcoin's ~10 minutes. The original block reward in 2015 was 5 ETH per block, which later went down to 3 ETH in late 2017. As of 2019, when a block is successfully mined on the Ethereum blockchain, a miner receives 2 ETH as a reward.

Over time, as more and more ETH are mined, the constant amount mined becomes a smaller and smaller portion of the total amount of existing ETH. The percentage mined of the total existing amount tends to 0% over time, asymptotically, never actually reaching 0%. Therefore, mining will not tail off, ever. A constant amount of ETH will be mined forever. The chart below shows the bitcoin and Ethereum generation models.

Additionally, an equilibrium will eventually be reached when the rate of ETH lost due to carelessness, destruction, etc. equals the rate of new ETH mined.

BTC vs ETH generation model



Source: https://bitsonblocks.net/2016/10/02/gentle-introduction-ethereum/

Uncle reward

Ethereum's rate of block generation is much higher than Bitcoin's. When more blocks get created more quickly, the rate of "block clashes" increases – i.e., multiple valid blocks can get created at almost the same time, but only one of them can make it into the main chain.

In Bitcoin, these blocks that are mined a little late and do not form part of the main blockchain are called 'orphans' and are entirely discarded, but in Ethereum they are called 'uncles' and can be referenced by later blocks. This is called the uncle reward.

Uncle referencing reward

A miner who references an uncle also gets a fraction of ETH per uncle.

Gas Reward

The blocks are created or mined by some participants and distributed to other participants who validate them. When a user sends ether or uses an Ethereum application, a small fee in ETH is charged to use the Ethereum network. In addition to block rewards for mining new ether tokens, the miner also receives a fee as an incentive to process and verify what the user doing. Miners are like the record-keepers of Ethereum – they check and assure the validity of the transaction and keep the Ethereum network secure and free of centralized control.

In Bitcoin, the maximum block size is specified in bytes whereas Ethereum's block size is based on complexity of contracts being run – it's known as a Gas limit per block, and the maximum can vary slightly from block to block.

Current Consensus Mechanism

Ethereum moved its consensus mechanism from Proof-of-Work (PoW) mining to proof-of-stake (PoS), this change has been on Ethereum's roadmap as a plan to move from the electricity-expensive PoW mining to a more energy-efficient PoS protocol as part of the Eth2 upgrades.

Eth2 refers to a set of interconnected upgrades that will make Ethereum more scalable, more secure, and more sustainable. These upgrades are being built by multiple teams from across the Ethereum ecosystem.

PoS is the underlying mechanism that activates validators upon receipt of enough stake. For Ethereum, users will need to stake 32 ETH to become a validator. Validators are chosen at random to create blocks and are responsible for checking and confirming blocks they don't create.

Unlike PoW, validators do not need to use significant amounts of computational power because they are selected at random and are not competing.

Validators do not need to mine blocks; they just need to create blocks when chosen and validate or attest proposed blocks when they're not. Validators get rewards for proposing new blocks and for attesting to ones they have seen.

A user's stake is also used as a way to incentivise good validator behaviour. For example, a user can lose a portion of their stake for things like going offline (failing to validate) or their entire stake for deliberate collusion.

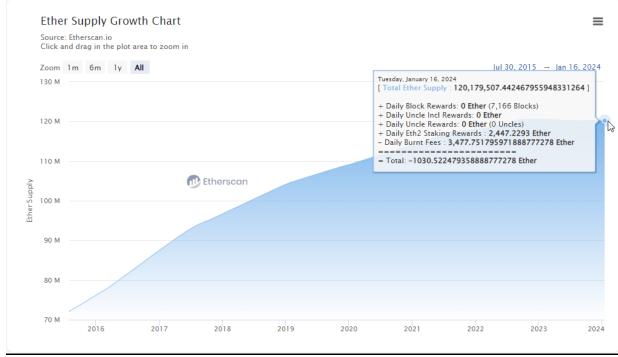
With any changes to Ethereum, such as the transition to PoS, the generation rate is guaranteed to not increase. But it may decrease.

Ether in Circulation

Currently there are 120 million ether in circulation. 72 million of which were issued in the genesis block and the remaining amount has been generated in the form of block rewards to the miners on the Ethereum network.

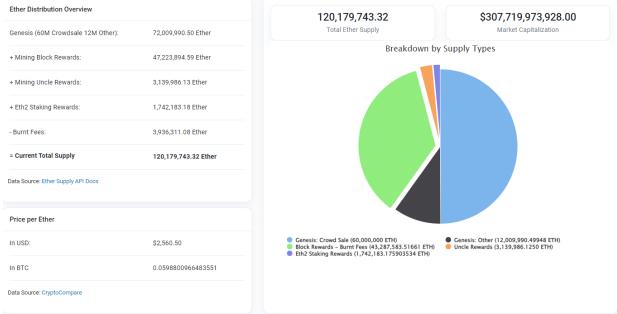
The chart below shows the ether supply growth– a breakdown of daily block reward, uncle inclusion reward, uncle reward and Eth2 staking to arrive at the total daily ether supply.

Ether Supply Growth Chart



Source: etherscan.io

Ether Supply Distribution



Source: etherscan.io

The table and pie chart above show the distribution of ether from reward of both block and uncle block mining to arrive at the current total ether supply of 120 million.

Since inception in 2015, the chart below shows the actual number of ether tokens that were generated and therefore in circulation, at the end of each year, on an annual basis since inception.

Year	Total Ether in Circulation	Total percentge increase
31-Dec-15	76140218	
31-Dec-16	87462107	15%
31-Dec-17	96692242	11%
31-Dec-18	104124058	8%
31-Dec-19	109094019	5%
31-Dec-20	114078849	5%
31-Dec-21	118039550	3%
31-Dec-22	120525214	2%
31-Dec-23	120183694	0%

Annual ether generated at the end of each calendar year.

Source: etherscan.io, as of January 17, 2024.

The total circulating supply of ETH is not the total spendable supply. The total spendable supply is lower than the total circulating supply, due to accidental loss, wilful destruction, and technical peculiarities.

From the total circulating supply of 120 million ether, one must discount for unrecoverable ether that are burned, permanently withdrawn from circulation or lost. There is no consensus on the number to be deducted, but best estimates indicate there to be about a 20% total loss. This would produce an estimate of 96 million ether as circulating supply (equal to 120 million x 0.80).

Deliverable Supply

In theory, all 96 million units extant may be considered as notional deliverable supply of contract-grade commodity. A prudentially conservative estimate, however, would acknowledge that ether is traded in multiple currency denominations, including USD and EUR.

For illustration, consider that during the six months ending January 16, 2024, around 70% of fiat ether transaction volume was in the ETH:USD currency pair, and 11% of fiat ether transaction volume was in the ETH:EUR currency pair.⁷ Using 80% as a conservative combined USD and EUR market share as a proxy for the share of outstanding ether that stands as notional contract-grade supply for Ether Futures, it would produce an estimate of 76.8 million ether (equal to 96 million x 0.80) as the 'money stock' notionally eligible for delivery in fulfilment of expiring Contracts. The following analysis uses this estimate.

The position limit will be applicable in aggregate with the Exchange's Ether Futures (ETH) contract. For the discussion of position limits that follows, contract size is for the ETH contract, with a 50 ether multiplier. The ratio for spot month will be 500 EEM :1 ETH.

By the standards applicable to agricultural or other commodity futures for physical delivery (i.e., 17 CFR 150.5(b)(1)), the position limit would be set at or below 25 percent of estimated spot month deliverable supply. Under current ether market conditions, the resultant maximum position limit would be 19.2 million ether, or 384,000 contracts ((equal to 76.8 million ether x 0.25) / (50 ether per contract)).

An alternative based on the standard that the Exchange has typically applied to foreign exchange futures products, according to which the position limit is set at or below one percent of the money stock in the contract-grade currency denomination. Applied to the estimated ether 'money stock', the result would be a position limit of 15,360 contracts ((equal to (76.8 million ether x 0.01) / (50 ether per contract)) or less.

Position Limits

In its initial certification of CME Ether Futures contract (Commodity Code: ETH) product rules to the CFTC in February 2021, the Exchange recommended a spot-month position limit of 8,000 contracts.⁸

The position limit will be applicable in aggregate to Ether Futures, Options on Ether Futures, Micro Ether Futures, Options on Micro Ether futures, Ether Euro Futures and Micro Ether Euro contracts.

Viewed in the context of the preceding cash market overview and to align with the Ether Futures contract, the aggregated Spot Month Position Limit shall be 8,000 ETH contracts.

The recommended quantity is sufficiently stringent that it would be highly unlikely to motivate attempted manipulation of the benchmark in connection with final settlement and is significantly below the standard 25% 'money stock' analysis of deliverable supply test.

The Micro Ether Euro Futures contract shall share the current Accountability Level with the Ether Futures contract. The Single Month Accountability Level and All Month Accountability Level shall be 20,000 ETH contracts.

Additionally, to allow for increased transparency and more effective market surveillance, a reportable position level shall be set at one (1) Micro Ether Euro contract.

⁷ Source: http://data.bitcoinity.org/markets/volume/60d and www.coinmarketcap.com

⁸ CME, Notification Regarding the Initial Listing of the Ether Futures Contract - <u>https://www.cmegroup.com/market-regulation/rule-filings/2021/1/21-005.pdf</u>

²⁰ S Wacker Dr Chicago, IL 60606 T 312 466 7478 tim.elliott@cmegroup.com cmegroup.com

Section 3. PRA Analysis CME CF Euro Reference Rates

Overview

The Bitcoin Euro Futures contract's final settlement is determined by reference to the CME CF Bitcoin Euro Reference Rate (BTCEUR_RR) and the Ether Euro Futures Contract's final settlement is determined by reference to the CME CF Ether Euro Reference Rate (ETHEUR_RR). Both Reference Rates are calculated and administered by CF Benchmarks and use the same methodology that is used in the BRR to determine the final settlement price for CME's standard Bitcoin futures contract but denominated in Euro rather than U.S dollars.

Governance

The Euro Reference Rates are calculated and administrated by CF Benchmarks, a leading provider of cryptocurrency benchmarks and indices. CF Benchmarks is registered with the European Securities and Markets Authority ("ESMA") as a benchmark administrator in accordance with Article 34 of the EU Benchmark Regulation and under the regulatory supervision of the UK Financial Conduct Authority. The CME CF Benchmark Statement, which provides additional details on regulatory compliance requirements, is available on the CF Benchmarks website.⁹

Furthermore, an oversight committee is responsible for overseeing certain activities undertaken in connection with the Reference Rates by approving and regularly reviewing the calculation methodology, practice, standards and definition of the reference rate to ensure it remains relevant and robust. Currently there are seven (7) members of the oversight committee. The committee is comprised of a (1) CF Benchmarks representative, two (2) representatives from CME Group, and at least two (2) independent experts. The oversight committee meets at least once per quarter and publishes its minutes publicly on the CF Benchmarks website. Further details of the oversight committee's charter and related governance policies are available on the CF Benchmarks website.¹⁰

License Arrangements

There is sufficiency of data inputs for the calculation, and the data is provided under licensing arrangements with each exchange, who in turn meet strict entry criteria.

The Exchange uses the Euro Reference Rates under the terms of a data sharing license agreement with CF Benchmarks Ltd.

Constituent Exchange Eligibility Criteria

The Euro Reference Rates are calculated from trades transacted on specific constituent exchanges. Specific eligibility criteria must be adhered to in order to become a constituent exchange.

To assure that the CME CF Cryptocurrency Pricing Products reflect global cryptocurrency trading activity in a representative and unbiased manner, a geographically diverse set of spot trading venues is included within the current framework. Applications for new Constituent Exchanges to be added will be based on a set of predefined criteria, and the operation of existing Constituent Exchanges will be monitored against the same criteria. The Constituent Exchanges eligibility criteria are publicly available on the CF Benchmarks website.¹¹

A trading venue is eligible as a Constituent Exchange in any of the CME CF Cryptocurrency Pricing Products if it facilitates spot trading of the relevant cryptocurrency against the corresponding fiat currency (the "Relevant Pair") and makes trade data and order data available through an Automatic Programming Interface (API) with sufficient reliability, detail and timeliness.

⁹CME-CF Benchmark Statement. Located in the CME CF Oversight Committee section: https://www.cfbenchmarks.com/documentation/products/cme-cf

¹⁰ CME-CF Oversight Committee Charter and CME-CF Conflicts of Interest Policy. Located in the CME CF Oversight Committee section: <u>https://www.cfbenchmarks.com/documentation/products/cme-cf</u>

¹¹ CME-CF Constituent Exchanges Eligibility Criteria. Under CME CF Constituent Exchanges section: <u>https://www.cfbenchmarks.com/documentation/products/cme-cf</u>

²⁰ S Wacker Dr Chicago, IL 60606 T 312 466 7478 tim.elliott@cmegroup.com cmegroup.com

Furthermore, it must, in the opinion of the Oversight Committee, fulfil the below criteria:

- 1. The venue's Relevant Pair spot trading volume for an index must meet the minimum thresholds as detailed below for it to be admitted as a constituent exchange: The average daily volume the venue would have contributed during the observation window for the Reference Rate of the Relevant Pair exceeds 3% for two consecutive calendar quarters.
- 2. The venue has policies to ensure fair and transparent market conditions at all times and has processes in place to identify and impede illegal, unfair or manipulative trading practices.
- 3. The venue does not impose undue barriers to entry or restrictions on market participants and utilizing the venue does not expose market participants to undue credit risk, operational risk, legal risk or other risks.
- 4. The venue complies with applicable law and regulation, including, but not limited to capital markets regulations, money transmission regulations, client money custody regulations, know-your-client (KYC) regulations and anti-money laundering (AML) regulations.
- 5. The venue cooperates with inquiries and investigations of regulators and the Administrator upon request and must execute data sharing agreements with CME Group Once admitted a constituent exchange must demonstrate that it continues to fulfil criteria 2 to 5 inclusive. Should the average daily contribution of a constituent exchange fall below 3% for any Reference Rate then the continued inclusion of the venue as a constituent exchange to the Relevant Pair shall be assessed by the CME CF Oversight Committee.

Currently, there are four (4) constituent exchanges: Bitstamp, Coinbase, Kraken and LMAX as more specifically noted below. The list of current constituent exchanges is also available on the CF Benchmarks website.¹²

Constitute Exchange	CME CF Bitcoin Euro Reference Rate	CME CF Ether Euro Reference Rate	Date Added
Bitstamp	\checkmark	\checkmark	June 6, 2022
Coinbase	\checkmark	\checkmark	June 6, 2022
Kraken	\checkmark	\checkmark	June 6, 2022
LMAX	\checkmark	\checkmark	June 6, 2022

Constituent Exchanges

Calculation Methodology

The Exchange commenced daily publication of the Euro Reference Rates in June 2022. The Exchange publishes the rates on its website at 4:00 p.m. London time.

The Euro Reference Rates are a daily reference rate of the Euro price of one bitcoin or ether. It is the aggregation of executed trade flow of major cryptocurrency spot exchanges that participate in the price discovery process as constituent exchanges during a specific one-hour calculation window (3:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. London time). All relevant transactions are added to a joint list, recording the trade price and size for each transaction. This one-hour window is then partitioned into twelve, five-minute intervals. For each partition, the volume-weighted median trade price is calculated from the trade prices and sizes of all relevant transactions across all constituent exchanges. The index is then derived from the equally weighted average of the volume-weighted medians of all partitions and published daily at 4:00 p.m. London time.

The calculation methodology is publicly available on the CF Benchmarks website.¹³

Qualitative Description

¹³ CME-CF Reference Rate Methodology. In the CME CF Single Asset Series section: <u>https://www.cfbenchmarks.com/documentation/products/cme-cf</u>

¹² CME-CF Constituent Exchanges List. Under CME CF Constituent Exchanges section: https://www.cfbenchmarks.com/documentation/products/cme-cf

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CME CF Cryptocurrency Reference Rates are calculated based on the Relevant Transactions of all Constituent Exchanges. Calculation steps on any given Calculation Day are as follows:

- 1. All Relevant Transactions in the specified pair, from Constituent Exchanges are added to a joint list, recording the trade price and size for each transaction. The assessment is calculated based on one hour of trades per day from 3:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. London time (the "Observation Period").
- 2. The list is partitioned into a number of equally sized time intervals (12, 5-minute partitions).
- 3. For each partition separately, the volume-weighted median trade price is calculated from the trade prices and sizes of all Relevant Transactions, i.e., across all Constituent Exchanges.
- 4. The CME CF Cryptocurrency Reference Rate is then given by the equally weighted average of the volume-weighted medians of all partitions.

A pre-defined CF Benchmarks policy has also been established to evaluate any hard fork for its significance and impact on the index. Procedural policy details are provided in a Hard Fork Policy document on the CF Benchmark website.¹⁴

Methodology Design Choices

The calculation methodology mitigates to a high degree against price anomalies, while being replicable through spot trading on the constituent exchanges. This is achieved through several design choices around partitions, the weighting of those partitions, medians and the volume weighting of medians. Further details on the methodology are available on the CF Benchmarks website.

Overall, the Euro Reference Rates are designed to have limited susceptibility to temporary price swings and outlier prices. There are criteria for an exchange to charge a fee for trading, which eliminates wash trading to increase volumes. The calculation only includes bitcoin or ether trades executed in Euro and (1) excludes alternate currency pairs or crypto to crypto trading, (2) does not apply conversion calculations, and (3) excludes stable coin transactions.

Not Readily Susceptible to Manipulation

The index is not readily susceptible to manipulation due to the design of the methodology. As noted above, the use of medians reduces the effect of outlier prices on one or more constituent exchange. The volume-weighting of medians filters out high numbers of small trades that may otherwise control the value of a non-volume weighted median. The use of twelve (12) non-weighted partitions assures that price information is sourced equally over the entire observation period. Influencing the rate would therefore require trading activity during multiple partitions on several exchanges over an extended period, which would prove a costly and an operationally intensive undertaking. The methodology is designed to remove the reliance on any single contributing exchange, where delayed or missing data from an exchange does not cause a calculation failure.

In accordance with the methodology, if for any constituent exchange the absolute percentage deviation of the volume-weighted median trade price in comparison with the median of the volume-weighted median trade prices of all constituent exchanges exceeds a given threshold (currently set at 10% and defined in the methodology), all relevant transactions of that constituent exchange are flagged as potentially erroneous and are disregarded in the calculation of index for that calculation day.

Furthermore, for inclusion in the calculation, a constituent exchange's spot trading volume must meet the minimum threshold (currently, 3% relative contribution over two (2) consecutive quarters) as detailed in the methodology.

The criteria collectively cause that constituent exchanges deliver transparent and consistent trade and order data to CF Benchmarks via an API with sufficient reliability, detail and timeliness.

¹⁴ CME-CF Hard Fork Policy: In the CME CF Single Asset Series section: https://www.cfbenchmarks.com/documentation/products/cme-cf

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Furthermore, the constituent exchanges maintain fair and transparent market conditions to impede illegal, unfair or manipulative trading practices, and comply with applicable law and regulations including, capital markets regulations, money transmission regulations, client money custody requirements, know-your-client (KYC) requirements, and anti-money-laundering (AML) regulations.

The constituent exchanges are also required to cooperate with inquiries and investigations of the administrator (CF Benchmarks) and execute a data sharing agreement with CME.

According to coinmarketcap.com, bitcoin trades on approximately 400 spot exchanges/platforms. Bitcoin and Ether trades in Euro are transacted on approximately 6 spot exchanges.

In aggregate, the four (4) constituent exchanges that contribute data to the Euro Reference Rates host several thousand transactions on a daily basis and represent over 80% of bitcoin or ether to Euro transactions, making the indices a source of price discovery and transparency for the market.

Quality of Data Inputs

The Euro Reference Rates methodology adheres to rules in consideration of the following factors to ensure the robustness of the index:

- Delayed data and missing data
- Erroneous data
- Potentially erroneous data
- Calculation failure

The calculation process includes automated screening for erroneous data for non-numeric or non-positive trade price or trade size and un-parseable data.

Automated data validation checks are implemented for each constituent exchange individually. Such validation checks are made to ensure that the volume-weighted median trade price for one constituent exchange does not deviate too widely from the median of the volume-weighted median trade prices of all constituent exchanges. Any data that is outside of a pre-defined deviation tolerance of the other constituent exchanges results in the entire data set from that particular constituent exchange being discarded.

Volatility

Cryptocurrency prices can be highly volatile. The Exchange is adept at managing periods of prolonged volatility as well as spikes in volatility as has been demonstrated through its risk management of a variety of asset classes including commodities, agriculture, and financial products. The Exchange will implement certain risk controls on the Contracts, including special price fluctuations limits, daily price limits, and margin levels that appropriately reflect the volatility of bitcoin and ether. Though the spikes in cryptocurrency volatility can look extreme, the daily price movements of the underlying reference rates are routinely in line with other CME Group contracts and reference rates that underlie Exchange-listed contracts.

Section 4 – Customer Feedback

CME Group offers Bitcoin, Ether, Micro Bitcoin and Micro Ether futures, and monthly and weekly options thereon, as well as Bitcoin Euro and Ether Euro futures contracts. The Exchange plans to add Micro Bitcoin Euro and Micro Ether Euro futures contracts to round out the product offering and continue the trend of offering market participants greater choice in terms of view expression.

Demand for Micro sized Euro-denominated Bitcoin and Ether futures contracts has been strong given the success of the U.S. Dollar-denominated standard and micro sized contracts. Market participants have indicated that Micro Euro-denominated contracts could attract further participation more so than the existing, larger, Bitcoin Euro and Ether Euro futures contracts.

Interest has come from traditional and crypto-focused futures liquidity providers and intermediaries. Such parties indicate that a cash-settled, Micro Euro-denominated, sized contract on a regulated exchange would be a welcomed addition to the ecosystem which is currently dominated by unregulated platforms. Such contracts would allow market participants to hedge their long physical positions, allow others to gain exposure to this growing asset class and attract new participants who are not able to transact in unregulated markets.

The Exchange understands that Miners and institutions with accumulated bitcoin and, or ether positions could use these Contracts to hedge their long exposure and would be natural sellers. Institutional and retail investors seeking to benefit from bitcoin's growing popularity and the growing interest in the Ethereum Network who may not want direct exposure to physical bitcoin or ether may seek to use the Contracts.

It is expected that professional trading companies looking to arbitrage price differences across other bitcoin exchanges will provide additional liquidity. It is also expected that crypto lending platforms, OTC desks, hedge funds and crypto-focused hedge funds will participate as both buyers and sellers of the Contracts depending on their specific trading book and market view. In general, the bitcoin market structure will be similar to other asset classes and will be comprised of hedgers, speculators, and market makers.

Interest in Micro Euro-denominated futures has also been keen from potential ETF and fund providers who have been gearing up to launch products. Existing Europe-based ETF providers cite that such Micro Euro-denominated contracts could help them better manage daily cashflows.

In the early development stages of the Contracts, the Exchange engaged a group of market participants across a multitude of customer segments including proprietary trading firms, brokers, OTC platforms, crypto lending platforms, as well as traditional and crypto-focused hedge funds. During this market participant validation period, contract specifications and other details of a futures contract were deliberated and validated.

The Exchange also engaged some of its clearing member firms to assess their operational readiness and assess potential impacts of the Contacts. Clearing members generally did not express concern regarding the launch of the Contracts from an operational or risk perspective. The Contracts are cash-settled futures and will have minimal operational impacts on clearing members. The Exchange also deliberated with clearing members who are material participants in this market. Such clearing members advised of their intent to approve trading of the Contracts on a client-by-client basis while others indicated early support.

Section 5 – Compliance with Core Principles

The Exchange reviewed the designated contract market core principles ("DCM Core Principles") as set forth in the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA" or the "Act") and identified that the following DCM Core Principles may be impacted as follows:

Core Principle 2 – Compliance with Rules

Trading in the Contracts shall be subject to CME Rulebook Chapter 4, which includes prohibitions against fraudulent, noncompetitive, unfair, and abusive practices. Additionally, trading in these Contracts shall be subject to the Exchange's trade practice rules, the majority of which are contained in Chapter 5 and Chapter 8 of the Rulebook. Trading activity in these Contracts shall be subject to monitoring and surveillance by CME Group's Market Regulation Department, which has the authority to exercise its investigatory and enforcement power where potential rule violations are identified.

Core Principle 3 – Contracts Not Readily Subject to Manipulation

The Exchange certifies that the underlying reference rates, namely, the CME CF Bitcoin Euro Reference Rate (BTCEUR_RR) and the CME CF Ether Euro Reference Rate (ETHEUR_RR), are not readily subject to manipulation. The indexes are calculated from a large number of trades observed during the calculation window. The combination of volume weighting of medians and non-weighted partitions prevents manipulation in the reference rates. Ultimately, influencing the reference rates would require significant trading activity on several exchanges over an extended period of time.

The Euro Reference Rates are calculated and administered by CF Benchmarks (registered with the European Securities and Markets Authority as a benchmark administrator in accordance with Article 34 of the EU Benchmarks Regulation) under the regulatory supervision of the UK Financial Conduct Authority.

The Euro Reference Rates were first published on June 6, 2022 and have been calculated and published daily without exception to date. It is published daily on the CME Group website.

Core Principle 4 – Prevention of Market Disruption

Trading in the Contracts will be subject to CME Rulebook Chapters 4 and 7, which include prohibitions on manipulation, price distortion, and disruption to the expiration and assignment process. As with any new product listed for trading on a CME Group designated contract market, trading activity in the contracts certified herein will be subject to monitoring and surveillance by CME Group's Market Regulation Department. The Exchange will initially and may on an ongoing basis supplement the monitoring process by providing expiration surveillance reports to the Commission's Division of Market Oversight staff.

Core Principle 5 – Position Limits or Accountability

Positions for the Micro Bitcoin Euro futures contract will be aggregated with the Exchange's Bitcoin futures (BTC) contract and options thereon, Micro Bitcoin futures (MBT) contract and options thereon and the Bitcoin Euro futures (BTE) contract at the applicable ratio given the differing notional values. Uniform position limits will be applied to the Contract and the standard Bitcoin futures (BTC) contract. Spot Month Limit shall remain at 4,000 contracts effective on the first trading day of the expiring contract month and the subsequent Spot Month Limit shall remain at 2,000 effective on the close of trading three business days prior to expiration.

A position accountability level of 5,000 BTC contracts shall be applied to positions in single months outside the spot month and in all months combined. The reportable level shall be one (1) Micro Bitcoin Euro futures contract.

Positions for the Micro Ether Euro futures Contract will be aggregated with the Exchange's Ether futures (ETH) contract and options thereon, Micro Ether futures (MET) contract and options thereon, and the Ether Euro futures (ETE) contract at the applicable ratio given the differing notional values. Uniform position limits will be applied to the Contract and the standard Ether futures contract (ETH). The spot month position limits will be aggregated with Ether futures (ETH) and set at 8,000 ETH contracts.

A position accountability level of 20,000 ETH contracts shall be applied to positions in single months outside the spot month and in all months combined. The reportable level shall be one (1) Micro Ether Euro futures contract

The position limits for the Contract are consistent with the Commission's guidance.

Core Principle 7 – Availability of General Information

The Exchange shall disseminate a Special Executive Report ("SER") that sets forth information in regard to specifications, terms, and conditions of the Contracts. The SER will also be published on the Exchange's website.

Core Principle 8 – Daily Publication of Trading Information

The Exchange shall publish trading volumes, open interest levels, and price information daily of the Contracts on the CME Group website and through quote vendors.

Core Principle 9 – Execution of Transactions

The Contracts will be listed for trading on the CME Globex electronic trading and for clearing through CME ClearPort. The CME Globex electronic trading venue provides for competitive and open execution of transactions. CME Globex affords the benefits of reliability and global connectivity.

Core Principle 10 – Trade Information

All requisite trade information shall be included in the audit trail and will suffice for the Market Regulation Department to monitor for market abuse.

Core Principle 11 – Financial Integrity of Transactions

The Contracts shall be cleared by CME Clearing, which is registered with the Commission as a derivative clearing organization, and which is subject to all CFTC regulations related thereto.

Core Principle 12 – Protection of Markets and Market Participants

Chapters 4 and 5 in the CME Rulebook set forth multiple strictures that preclude intermediaries from disadvantaging their customers. These Rules apply to trading in the Exchange's competitive trading venues and will apply to transactions in the Contracts.

Core Principle 13 – Disciplinary Procedures

Chapter 4 of the CME Rulebook provide for the Exchange to discipline, suspend, or expel members or market participants who violate the rules of the Exchange. Trading in the Contracts shall be subject to these provisions. The Exchange's Market Regulation Department has the authority to exercise its powers of enforcement in the event that rule violations in the Contracts are identified.

Core Principle 14 – Dispute Resolution

Disputes in respect of the Contracts shall be subject to the arbitration provisions set forth in Chapter 6 of both the CME Rulebook, which allow all nonmembers to submit to arbitration claims for financial loss resulting from transactions on the Exchange. Pursuant to these provisions, any member named as a respondent in any such claim submitted by a nonmember is required to participate in arbitration proceedings. Additionally, the Exchange requires members to resolve via arbitration all disputes concerning transactions on the Exchange.

Pursuant to Section 5c(c) of the Act and CFTC Regulation 40.2(a), the Exchange certifies that listing the Contracts complies with the Act including all regulations thereunder. There were no substantive opposing views to this proposal.

The Exchange certifies that this submission has been concurrently posted on the Exchange's website at http://www.cmegroup.com/market-regulation/rule-filings.html.

Should you have any questions concerning the above, please contact the undersigned at (312) 466-7478 or via e-mail at <u>CMEGSubmissionInquiry@cmegroup.com</u>.

Sincerely,

/s/ Timothy Elliott Managing Director and Chief Regulatory Counsel

Attachments:	Appendix A Appendix B	CME Rulebook Chapter 448 and 447 Position Limit, Position Accountability, and Reportable Level Table in Chapter 5 of the CME Rulebook (attached under separate cover)
	Appendix C	CME Rule 588.H. – ("Globex Non-Reviewable Trading Ranges") Table
	Appendix D	CME Rule 589. – Special Price Fluctuation Limits and Daily Price Limits Table
	Appendix E	Exchange Fees
	Appendix F	Euro Reference Rate Analysis – (CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED)

Appendix A

CME Rulebook

Chapter 448 Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures

44800. SCOPE OF CHAPTER

This chapter is limited in application to Micro Bitcoin Euro futures. In addition to this chapter, futures shall be subject to the general rules and regulations of the Exchange as applicable.

44801. CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

Each futures contract shall be valued at 0.10 bitcoin as defined by the CME CF Bitcoin Euro Reference Rate ("BTCEUR_RR").

44802. TRADING SPECIFICATIONS

44802.A. Trading Schedule

Futures contracts shall be scheduled for trading during such hours and for delivery in such months as may be determined by the Exchange.

44802.B. Trading Unit

The unit of trading shall be 0.10 bitcoin.

44802.C. Price Increments

The minimum price increment shall be \in 5.00 per bitcoin, equal to \in 0.50 per contract, except for intermonth spreads executed pursuant to Rule 542.A., for which the minimum price increment shall be \in 1.00 per bitcoin, equal to \in 0.10 per contract.

44802.D. Position Limits, Exemptions, Position Accountability and Reportable Levels

The applicable position limits and/or accountability levels, in addition to the reportable levels, are set forth in the Position Limit, Position Accountability and Reportable Level Table in the Interpretations & Special Notices Section of Chapter 5.

A Person seeking an exemption from position limits for bona fide commercial purposes shall apply to the Market Regulation Department on forms provided by the Exchange, and the Market Regulation Department may grant qualified exemptions in its sole discretion.

Refer to Rule 559 for requirements concerning the aggregation of positions and allowable exemptions from the specified position limits.

44802.E. Daily Price Limits

At the commencement of each Trading Day, the contract shall be subject to special price fluctuation limits and daily price limits as set forth in Rule 589 and in the Special Price Fluctuation Limits Table in the Interpretations & Special Notices Section of Chapter 5.

44802.F. Termination of Trading

Trading in expiring futures shall terminate at 4 p.m. London time on the last Friday of the contract month if that day is a business day in either the UK or the US. If that day is not a business day in both the UK and the US, trading shall terminate on the preceding day that is a business day in either the UK or the US.

44803. SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

Delivery shall be by cash settlement.

44803.A. Final Settlement Price

For a futures contract for a given delivery month, the Final Settlement Price shall be the BTCEUR_RR published at 4 p.m. London time on the Last Trade Date (Rule 44802.F.). Revision to the published BTCEUR_RR shall be received prior to 23:59:59 London Time on the Last Trade Date. Thereafter, the final settlement futures price shall be deemed final.

In the event that the BTCEUR_RR is not publishable or published on the CME Micro Bitcoin Euro futures Termination of Trading Day, and therefore, CME cannot determine the CME Micro Bitcoin Euro

Final Settlement Price, then final settlement of the CME Micro Bitcoin Euro futures contract is at the discretion of the Exchange and may be deferred or postponed for up to 14 consecutive calendar days.

44803.B. Final Settlement

Clearing members holding open positions in an expiring futures contract at its termination of trading (Rule 44802.F.) shall make payment to or receive payment from the Clearing House in accordance with normal variation margin procedures based on such expiring contract's Final Settlement Price (Rule 44803.A.).

In the event of a hard fork, Micro Bitcoin Euro futures shall continue to settle to the BTCEUR_RR corresponding to the original token pair (BTC:EUR). The Exchange may, in its sole discretion, take alternative action with respect to hard forks in consultation with market participants as may be appropriate.

(End Chapter 448)

Chapter 447 Micro Ether Euro Futures

44700. SCOPE OF CHAPTER

This chapter is limited in application to Micro Ether Euro Futures. In addition to this chapter, futures shall be subject to the general rules and regulations of the Exchange as applicable.

44701. CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS

Each futures contract shall be valued at 0.10 ether as defined by the CME CF Ether Euro Reference Rate ("ETHEUR_RR").

44702. TRADING SPECIFICATIONS

44702.A. Trading Schedule

Futures contracts shall be scheduled for trading during such hours and for delivery in such months as may be determined by the Exchange.

44702.B. Trading Unit

The unit of trading shall be 0.10 ether.

44702.C. Price Increments

The minimum price increment shall be $\in 0.50$ per ether, equal to $\in 0.05$ per contract, except for intermonth spreads executed pursuant to Rule 542.A., for which the minimum price increment shall be $\in 0.10$ index points, equal to $\in 0.01$ per intermonth spread.

44702.D. Position Limits, Exemptions, Position Accountability and Reportable Levels

The applicable position limits and/or accountability levels, in addition to the reportable levels, are set forth in the Position Limit, Position Accountability and Reportable Level Table in the Interpretations & Special Notices Section of Chapter 5.

A Person seeking an exemption from position limits for bona fide commercial purposes shall apply to the Market Regulation Department on forms provided by the Exchange, and the Market Regulation Department may grant qualified exemptions in its sole discretion.

Refer to Rule 559 for requirements concerning the aggregation of positions and allowable exemptions from the specified position limits.

44702.E. Price Limits and Trading Halts

At the commencement of each Trading Day, the contract shall be subject to special price fluctuation limits and daily price limits as set forth in Rule 589 and in the Special Price Fluctuation Limits and Daily Price Limits Table in the Interpretations & Special Notices Section of Chapter 5.

44702.F. Termination of Trading

Trading in expiring futures shall terminate at 4 p.m. London time on the last Friday of the contract month if that day is a business day in either the UK or the US. If that day is not a business day in both the UK and the US, trading shall terminate on the preceding day that is a business day in either the UK or the US.

44703. SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

Delivery shall be by cash settlement.

44703.A. Final Settlement Price

For a futures contract for a given delivery month, the Final Settlement Price shall be the ETHEUR_RR published at 4 p.m. London time on the Last Trade Date (Rule 44702.F.). Revision to the published ETHEUR_RR shall be received prior to 23:59:59 London Time on the Last Trade Date. Thereafter, the final settlement futures price shall be deemed final.

In the event that the ETHEUR_RR is not publishable or published on the CME Micro Ether Euro futures Termination of Trading Day, and therefore, CME cannot determine the CME Micro Ether Euro Final Settlement Price, then final settlement of the CME Micro Ether Euro futures contract is at the discretion of the Exchange and may be deferred or postponed for up to 14 consecutive calendar days.

44703.B. Final Settlement

Clearing members holding open positions in an expiring futures contract at its termination of trading (Rule 44702.F.) shall make payment to or receive payment from the Clearing House in accordance with normal variation margin procedures based on such expiring contract's Final Settlement Price (Rule 44703.A.).

In the event of a hard fork, Micro Ether Euro futures shall continue to settle to the ETHEUR_RR corresponding to the original token pair (ETH:EUR). The Exchange may, in its sole discretion, take alternative action with respect to hard forks in consultation with market participants as may be appropriate.

(End of Chapter 447)

Appendix B

CME Rulebook Chapter 5 ("Trading Qualifications and Practices") Position Limit, Position Accountability, and Reportable Level Table

(attached under separate cover)

Appendix C

CME Rulebook Chapter 5 ("Trading Qualifications and Practices") Rule 588.H. – ("Globex Non-Reviewable Trading Ranges") Table

(additions underlined)

		Outr	Spre	eads		
Instrument	Globex Symbol	Globex Non-Reviewable Ranges (NRR)	NRR: Globex Format	NRR:Minimum Ticks	NRR: Globex Format	NRR: Minimum Ticks
Micro Bitcoin Euro Futures	EBM	<u>1%</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Each leg evaluat</u>	<u>ed as an outright</u>
Micro Ether Euro Futures	EEM	<u>3%</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Variable</u>	Each leg evaluat	ed as an outright

Appendix D

CME Rulebook Chapter 5 ("Trading Qualifications and Practices") Rule 589. – Special Price Fluctuation Limits and Daily Price Limits Table

(additions underlined)

Pro	duct	Rulebook Chapter	Commodity Code	PRIMARY/ASSOCIATED	ASSOCIATED WITH	Dynamically Calculated Variant
Micro Bitcoin	Euro Futures	<u>348</u>	EBM	Associated	BTC	10% of Dynamically Calculated Reference Price
						Daily Price Limit Table
Micro Ether	Euro Futures	<u>347</u>	EEM	Associated	ETH	10% of Dynamically Calculated Reference Price
						Daily Price Limit Table

<u>Appendix E</u>

Exchange Fees

Membership Type	Venue/ Transaction Type	Micro Bitcoin Euro	Micro Ether Euro
Individual Members	CME Globex	\$1.25	\$0.10
Clearing Members	EFP	\$2.00	\$0.16
Rule 106.J Equity Member Firms & Rule 106.J	EFR	\$2.00	\$0.16
Qualified Subsidiaries	Block	\$2.00	\$0.16
Rule 106.I Members & Rule 106.I Qualified Affiliates	Delivery	\$0.65	\$0.05
Rule 106.S Member Approved Funds	Exe Asn Future From	\$0.70	\$0.05
	CME Globex	\$2.00	\$0.16
	EFP	\$3.20	\$0.26
Rule 106.D Lessees	EFR	\$3.20	\$0.26
Rule 106.F Employees	Block	\$3.20	\$0.26
	Delivery	\$1.00	\$0.08
	Exe Asn Future From	\$1.05	\$0.08
Rule 106.R Electronic Corporate Members (For other than CME Globex - Non-Member rates apply)	CME Globex	\$2.05	\$0.17
	CME Globex	\$2.20	\$0.18
	EFP	\$3.55	\$0.29
Rule 106.H and 106.N Firms	EFR	\$3.55	\$0.29
Rule 100.H and 100.N Films	Block	\$3.55	\$0.29
	Delivery	\$1.10	\$0.09
	Exe Asn Future From	\$1.15	\$0.09
International Incentive Program (IIP) Participants International Volume Incentive Program (IVIP) Participants (For other than CME Globex - Non-Member rates apply)	CME Globex	\$2.50	\$0.20
Latin American Fund Manager Incentive Program (FMIP) Participants (For other than CME Globex - Non-Member rates apply)	CME Globex	\$2.50	\$0.20
Members Trading Outside of Division (For other than CME Globex During ETH - Non-Member rates apply)	CME Globex During ETH Only	\$2.40	\$0.18
	CME Globex	\$2.50	\$0.20
	EFP	\$4.00	\$0.32
Non-Members	EFR	\$4.00	\$0.32
	Block	\$4.00	\$0.32
	Delivery	\$1.25	\$0.10
	Exe Asn Future From	\$1.30	\$0.10

Processing Fees	Fee
Position Adjustment/Position Transfer	\$0.10
Give-Up Surcharge	\$0.05
Facilitation Fee	\$0.40

<u>Appendix F</u> Euro Reference Rate Analysis

(CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED)