



August 28, 2020

**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

Christopher J. Kirkpatrick  
Office of the Secretariat  
Commodity Futures Trading Commission  
Three Lafayette Centre  
1155 21<sup>st</sup> Street, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20581

**Re: Rule Filing SR-OCC-2020-010 Rule Certification**

Dear Secretary Kirkpatrick:

Pursuant to Section 5c(c)(1) of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (“Act”), and Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) Regulation 40.6, enclosed is a copy of the above-referenced rule filing submitted by The Options Clearing Corporation (“OCC”). The date of implementation of the rule is at least 10 business days following receipt of the rule filing by the CFTC or the date the proposed rule is approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or otherwise becomes effective under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”). This rule filing has been submitted to the SEC under the Exchange Act.

In conformity with the requirements of Regulation 40.6(a)(7), OCC states the following:

Explanation and Analysis

The proposed rule change by OCC would set forth new interpretations and policies to OCC Rules 604 (Form of Margin Assets) and 1002 (Clearing Fund Contributions) to provide OCC with express authority to hold cash Clearing Fund contributions and certain non-customer cash margin assets in its account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago at the same time. The proposed changes to OCC’s Rules are included in Exhibit 5 of filing SR-OCC-2020-010. Material proposed to be added is underlined and material proposed to be deleted is marked in strikethrough text. All terms with initial capitalization that are not defined herein have the same meaning as set forth in the OCC By-Laws and Rules.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> OCC’s By-Laws and Rules can be found on OCC’s public website:  
<https://www.theocc.com/Company-Information/Documents-and-Archives/By-Laws-and-Rules>.

## Background

As part of OCC's designation as a systemically important financial market utility by the Financial Stability Oversight Council on July 18, 2012, OCC is eligible pursuant Section 806 of Title VIII of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 to request the use of certain accounts and services of Federal Reserve Banks. Congress established the Federal Reserve System, comprised of the Board of Governors, the Federal Open Markets Committee, and twelve Federal Reserve Banks, in 1913 as the central bank of the U.S. "to provide the nation with a safer, more flexible, and more stable monetary and financial system."<sup>2</sup> OCC has been approved by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to maintain an account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago ("Federal Reserve Bank Account") to hold, among other things, cash deposits from its Clearing Members to satisfy margin and Clearing Fund requirements.<sup>3</sup> However, OCC Rules 1002(c) and 604(d) (described in more detail below) impose certain restrictions on the manner in which OCC must hold Clearing Fund contributions and margin assets.<sup>4</sup> Consistent with these requirements, OCC currently holds only cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account and separately holds cash margin assets of Clearing Members in accounts with commercial banks.

OCC proposes amendments to Rules 604 and 1002 that, as described below, would permit OCC to commingle cash Clearing Fund contributions and certain non-customer cash margin assets of Clearing Members in its Federal Reserve Bank Account.

## Proposed Change

### Cash Margin Assets

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<sup>2</sup> Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Federal Reserve Act* (March 10, 2017), <https://www.federalreserve.gov/aboutthefed/fract.htm>.

<sup>3</sup> See Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago authorization to provide accounts and services to Options Clearing Corporation and Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Inc., in accordance with the Dodd-Frank Act and Regulation HH, approved March 15, 2016 (<https://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h2/20160319/h2.pdf>). OCC has also been approved to maintain two additional accounts to serve as customer segregated accounts as defined under Section 4d of the Act. Since these accounts are segregated margin accounts, the change discussed herein does not impact the activation of these accounts.

<sup>4</sup> See OCC Rule 604(d) (allowing OCC to deposit margin assets of Clearing Members "with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select") and Rule 1002(c) (allowing OCC to deposit Clearing Fund contributions "in approved custodians"). Article I, Section 1.A.(3) defines term "approved custodian" to mean "a bank or trust company approved the Chief Executive Officer, or Chief Operating Officer."

OCC Rule 604(d) states that certain cash margin assets of Clearing Members (“Specified Cash Margin Assets”) must be deposited to the credit of OCC in an account or accounts,<sup>5</sup> designated as Clearing Member margin accounts, with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select. Rule 604(d) further states that such Specified Cash Margin Assets shall not be commingled with funds of OCC or used by OCC as working capital. Under OCC’s By-Laws and Rules, OCC has a lien on margin assets of a Clearing Member to be able to satisfy obligations of the Clearing Member to OCC; however, OCC does not have authority to use the margin assets of one Clearing Member to satisfy obligations to OCC of a different Clearing Member.<sup>6</sup>

OCC proposes to add Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604 to provide that, notwithstanding anything else in Rule 604, Specified Cash Margin Assets held by OCC as non-customer margin assets and deposited to the credit of OCC in its Federal Reserve Bank Account may be deposited in accounts that are not designated as Clearing Member margin accounts and may be commingled with cash Clearing Fund contributions.

#### Cash Clearing Fund Contributions

OCC Rule 1002(c) states in relevant part that cash Clearing Fund contributions may from time to time be partially or wholly invested by OCC for its account in Government securities, and to the extent that such contributions are not so invested they “shall be deposited by OCC in a separate account or accounts for Clearing Fund contributions in approved custodians, provided that such account or accounts may commingle the Clearing Fund contributions of different Clearing Members.” As noted, OCC currently holds only cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account.

OCC proposes to add Interpretation and Policy .04 to Rule 1002 to provide that, notwithstanding the aforementioned requirements of Rule 1002(c), Clearing Fund contributions deposited in an account at a Federal Reserve Bank may be commingled in the account with Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets in accordance with the requirements of proposed Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604.

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<sup>5</sup> OCC Rule 604(d) expressly excludes from these Specified Cash Margin Assets those funds that are: (i) deposited in respect of a segregated futures account (which must be held in accordance with the provisions of Section 4d of the Act and regulations thereunder); (ii) invested by OCC pursuant to Rule 604(a); or (iii) credited by OCC to a liquidating settlement account pursuant to Chapter XI of OCC’s Rules.

<sup>6</sup> See OCC By-Laws Article I., Sections 1.G.(1) (defining the term “general lien”) and R.(7) (defining the term “restricted lien”); see also OCC By-Laws Article VI, Section 3 (specifying the application of general and restricted liens to Clearing Member margin assets credited to different OCC account types).

As described above, the purpose of the proposed interpretations and policies is to provide OCC with clear authority to commingle Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account. OCC currently maintains a single Federal Reserve Bank Account for assets that are not required to be segregated under Section 4d of the Act, so the Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions would be commingled in this account. OCC notes that it would not be required to hold all non-customer margin cash in its Federal Reserve Bank Account and that it may continue to maintain some or all non-customer margin cash at creditworthy commercial banks that are approved custodians for OCC.<sup>7</sup>

All other OCC By-Laws and Rules pertaining to margin assets and Clearing Fund contributions would be unchanged and apply as they do currently, regardless of whether margin assets or Clearing Fund contributions are held in commercial bank accounts or in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account. For example, Specified Cash Margin Assets of a Clearing Member that are held in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account would continue to only have a lien on Specified Cash Margin Assets to satisfy obligations of that particular Clearing Member to OCC.

OCC reviewed the derivatives clearing organization ("DCO") core principles as set forth in the Act ("Core Principles"). During this review, OCC identified the following Core Principles as potentially being impacted:

**Treatment of funds.** OCC believes that implementing the proposed rule change will be aligned with the requirements of Core Principle F,<sup>8</sup> which requires, in part, that each DCO hold member and participant funds and assets in a manner by which to minimize the risk of loss or of delay in the access by the DCO to the assets and funds.<sup>9</sup> The proposed rule change would allow OCC to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets of Clearing Members that are non-customer margin assets with cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account. As part of the U.S. central banking system, the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, where OCC maintains its account, is among the safest and most sound depository institutions in the world. Therefore, the ability to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions in this account at the same time would provide OCC with an additional approved custodian for such assets that would appropriately safeguard those assets and minimize the risk of loss or delay in OCC's access to them. As a result, OCC believes the proposed change promotes compliance with Core Principle F under the Act.<sup>10</sup>

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<sup>7</sup> See supra note 4.

<sup>8</sup> 7 U.S.C. 7a-1(c)(2)(F).

<sup>9</sup> CFTC Regulation 39.15(c) also requires DCOs to hold funds and assets belonging to clearing members and their customers in a manner which minimizes the risk of loss or of delay in the access by the DCO to such funds and assets. See 17 CFR 39.15(c).

<sup>10</sup> 7 U.S.C. 7a-1(c)(2)(F).

Opposing Views

No opposing views were expressed related to the rule amendments.

Notice of Pending Rule Certification

OCC hereby certifies that notice of this rule filing has been given to Clearing Members of OCC in compliance with Regulation 40.6(a)(2) by posting a copy of the submission on OCC's website concurrently with the filing of this submission.

Certification

OCC hereby certifies that the rule set forth at Item 1 of the enclosed filing complies with the Act and the CFTC's regulations thereunder.

Should you have any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Justin W. Byrne". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Justin W. Byrne  
Vice President, Regulatory Filings

Enclosure

Required fields are shown with yellow backgrounds and asterisks.

Page 1 of * 29	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 Form 19b-4	File No.* SR - 2020 - * 010	Amendment No. (req. for Amendments *)
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Filing by Options Clearing Corporation  
Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Initial * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Amendment * <input type="checkbox"/>	Withdrawal <input type="checkbox"/>	Section 19(b)(2) * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Section 19(b)(3)(A) * <input type="checkbox"/>	Section 19(b)(3)(B) * <input type="checkbox"/>
Pilot <input type="checkbox"/> Extension of Time Period for Commission Action * <input type="checkbox"/> Date Expires * <input type="text"/>			Rule		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(4)	
			<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(5)	
			<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(3)	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(6)	

Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Act of 2010 Section 806(e)(1) * <input type="checkbox"/> Section 806(e)(2) * <input type="checkbox"/>	Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Section 3C(b)(2) * <input type="checkbox"/>
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Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document <input type="checkbox"/>	Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document <input type="checkbox"/>
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**Description**

Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked \*).

Proposed rule change concerning the commingling of certain non-customer margin assets with Clearing Fund contributions in The Options Clearing Corporation's account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago.

**Contact Information**

Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.

First Name \* Justin      Last Name \* Byrne

Title \* Vice President, Regulatory Filings

E-mail \* jbyrne@theocc.com

Telephone \* (202) 971-7238      Fax (312) 322-6280

**Signature**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,

has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

(Title \*)

Date 08/07/2020      Vice President, Regulatory Filings

By Justin W. Byrne     

(Name \*)

Justin Byrne, jbyrne@theocc.com

NOTE: Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFF website.

**Form 19b-4 Information \***

Add Remove View

The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.

**Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change \***

Add Remove View

The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

**Exhibit 1A- Notice of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advance Notice by Clearing Agencies \***

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The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

**Exhibit 2 - Notices, Written Comments, Transcripts, Other Communications**

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Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.

Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

**Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire**

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Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.

Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

**Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies**

Add Remove View

The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.

**Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text**

Add Remove View

The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change.

**Partial Amendment**

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If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

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Form 19b-4

Proposed Rule Change  
by

**THE OPTIONS CLEARING CORPORATION**

Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934



**Item 1. Text of the Proposed Rule Change**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act” or “Act”),<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> The Options Clearing Corporation (“OCC” or the “Corporation”) is filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) this proposed rule change to set forth new interpretations and policies to OCC Rules 604 (Form of Margin Assets) and 1002 (Clearing Fund Contributions). The purpose of the proposed rule change is to provide OCC with express authority to hold cash Clearing Fund contributions and certain non-customer cash margin assets in its account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago at the same time.

The proposed changes to OCC’s Rules are included in Exhibit 5 of filing SR-OCC-2020-010. Material proposed to be added is underlined and material proposed to be deleted is marked in strikethrough text. All terms with initial capitalization that are not defined herein have the same meaning as set forth in the OCC By-Laws and Rules.<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

<sup>3</sup> OCC’s By-Laws and Rules can be found on OCC’s public website:  
<https://www.theocc.com/Company-Information/Documents-and-Archives/By-Laws-and-Rules>.

**Item 2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization**

The proposed rule change was approved by OCC's Risk Committee at a meeting held on April 29, 2020, pursuant to authority delegated by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on March 23, 2020.

Questions should be addressed to Justin Byrne, Vice President, Regulatory Filings, at (202) 971-7238.

**Item 3. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change**

A. Purpose

**Background**

As part of OCC's designation as a systemically important financial market utility by the Financial Stability Oversight Council on July 18, 2012, OCC is eligible pursuant Section 806 of Title VIII of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 to request the use of certain accounts and services of Federal Reserve Banks. OCC has been approved by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to maintain an account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago ("Federal Reserve Bank Account") to hold, among other things, cash deposits from its Clearing Members to satisfy margin and Clearing Fund requirements.<sup>4</sup> However, OCC Rules 1002(c) and 604(d) (described in more detail below)

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<sup>4</sup> See Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago authorization to provide accounts and services to Options Clearing Corporation and Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Inc., in accordance with the Dodd-Frank Act and Regulation HH, approved March 15, 2016 (<https://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h2/20160319/h2.pdf>). OCC has also been approved to maintain two additional accounts to serve as customer segregated accounts as

impose certain restrictions on the manner in which OCC must hold Clearing Fund contributions and margin assets.<sup>5</sup> Consistent with these requirements, OCC currently holds only cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account and separately holds cash margin assets of Clearing Members in accounts with commercial banks.

Congress established the Federal Reserve System, comprised of the Board of Governors, the Federal Open Markets Committee, and twelve Federal Reserve Banks, in 1913 as the central bank of the U.S. “to provide the nation with a safer, more flexible, and more stable monetary and financial system.”<sup>6</sup> The Commission’s rules for covered clearing agencies<sup>7</sup> like OCC expressly promote the use of central bank services for a variety of purposes, including using central bank services to: conduct money settlements,<sup>8</sup> satisfy requirements regarding custody of qualifying liquid resources,<sup>9</sup> and enhance management of liquidity risk.<sup>10</sup> OCC is proposing amendments

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defined under Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act. Since these accounts are segregated margin accounts, the change discussed herein does not impact the activation of these accounts.

<sup>5</sup> See OCC Rule 604(d) (allowing OCC to deposit margin assets of Clearing Members “with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select”) and Rule 1002(c) (allowing OCC to deposit Clearing Fund contributions “in approved custodians”). Article I, Section 1.A.(3) defines term “approved custodian” to mean “a bank or trust company approved the Chief Executive Officer, or Chief Operating Officer.”

<sup>6</sup> Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Federal Reserve Act* (March 10, 2017), <https://www.federalreserve.gov/aboutthefed/fract.htm>.

<sup>7</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(5).

<sup>8</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(9).

<sup>9</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(14)(i), (e)(7)(ii).

<sup>10</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(7)(iii).

to Rules 604 and 1002 that, as described below, would permit OCC to commingle cash Clearing Fund contributions and certain non-customer cash margin assets of Clearing Members in its Federal Reserve Bank Account.

### **Proposed Change**

#### Cash Margin Assets

OCC Rule 604(d) states that certain cash margin assets of Clearing Members (“Specified Cash Margin Assets”) must be deposited to the credit of OCC in an account or accounts,<sup>11</sup> designated as Clearing Member margin accounts, with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select. Rule 604(d) further states that such Specified Cash Margin Assets shall not be commingled with funds of OCC or used by OCC as working capital. Under OCC’s By-Laws and Rules, OCC has a lien on margin assets of a Clearing Member to be able to satisfy obligations of the Clearing Member to OCC; however, OCC does not have authority to use the margin assets of one Clearing Member to satisfy obligations to OCC of a different Clearing Member.<sup>12</sup>

OCC proposes to add Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604 to provide that,

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<sup>11</sup> OCC Rule 604(d) expressly excludes from these Specified Cash Margin Assets those funds that are: (i) deposited in respect of a segregated futures account (which must be held in accordance with the provisions of Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act and regulations thereunder); (ii) invested by OCC pursuant to Rule 604(a); or (iii) credited by OCC to a liquidating settlement account pursuant to Chapter XI of OCC’s Rules.

<sup>12</sup> See OCC By-Laws Article I., Sections 1.G.(1) (defining the term “general lien”) and R.(7) (defining the term “restricted lien”); see also OCC By-Laws Article VI, Section 3 (specifying the application of general and restricted liens to Clearing Member margin assets credited to different OCC account types).

notwithstanding anything else in Rule 604, Specified Cash Margin Assets held by OCC as non-customer margin assets and deposited to the credit of OCC in its Federal Reserve Bank Account may be deposited in accounts that are not designated as Clearing Member margin accounts and may be commingled with cash Clearing Fund contributions.

Cash Clearing Fund Contributions

OCC Rule 1002(c) states in relevant part that cash Clearing Fund contributions may from time to time be partially or wholly invested by OCC for its account in Government securities, and to the extent that such contributions are not so invested they “shall be deposited by OCC in a separate account or accounts for Clearing Fund contributions in approved custodians, provided that such account or accounts may commingle the Clearing Fund contributions of different Clearing Members.” As noted, OCC currently holds only cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account.

OCC proposes to add Interpretation and Policy .04 to Rule 1002 to provide that, notwithstanding the aforementioned requirements of Rule 1002(c), Clearing Fund contributions deposited in an account at a Federal Reserve Bank may be commingled in the account with Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets in accordance with the requirements of proposed Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604.

As described above, the purpose of the proposed interpretations and policies is to provide OCC with clear authority to be able to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account at the same time. OCC currently maintains a single Federal Reserve Bank Account for

assets that are not required to be segregated under Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act, so the Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions would be commingled in this account. OCC believes that the ability to hold such margin and cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account at the same time would be consistent with Commission rules for covered clearing agencies<sup>13</sup> that encourage the use of central bank services. OCC notes that it would not be required to hold all non-customer margin cash in its Federal Reserve Bank Account and that it may continue to maintain some or all non-customer margin cash at creditworthy commercial banks that are approved custodians for OCC.<sup>14</sup>

All other OCC By-Laws and Rules pertaining to margin assets and Clearing Fund contributions would be unchanged and apply as they do currently, regardless of whether margin assets or Clearing Fund contributions are held in commercial bank accounts or in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account. For example, Specified Margin Assets of a Clearing Member that are held in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account would continue to only have a lien on Specified Margin Assets to satisfy obligations of that particular Clearing Member to OCC.

B. Statutory Basis

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Exchange Act requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency must be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, safeguard securities and funds in its custody or control or for which it

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<sup>13</sup> See supra notes 8-10 and accompanying text.

<sup>14</sup> See supra note 5.

is responsible, and comply with the provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.<sup>15</sup> The proposed rule change would allow OCC to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets of Clearing Members that are non-customer margin assets with cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account. The proposed rule change would provide OCC with an additional approved custodian at which OCC can hold such assets in a manner that minimizes the custody risk of those assets and ensures prompt access to such assets when needed, thereby promoting the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and the safeguarding the securities and funds in OCC's custody or control or for which it is responsible.

Exchange Act Rule 17Ad-22(e)(16) requires OCC, as a covered clearing agency, to establish, implement, maintain, and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to safeguard its own and its Clearing Members' assets, minimize the risk of loss and delay in access to these assets, and invest such assets in instruments with minimal credit, market, and liquidity risks.<sup>16</sup> In adopting Rule 17Ad-22(e)(16), the Commission stated that in satisfying the requirements a covered clearing agency should consider, among other things: (i) whether it holds its own and its participants' assets at supervised and regulated entities that have robust accounting practices, safekeeping procedures, and internal controls that fully protect these assets; (ii) whether it has prompt access to its assets and the assets provided by participants, when required; and (iii) whether it evaluates and understands its exposures to its custodian banks,

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<sup>15</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

<sup>16</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(16).

taking into account the full scope of its relationships with each.<sup>17</sup>

OCC believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with these considerations. As part of the U.S. central banking system, the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, where OCC maintains its account, is among the safest and most sound depository institutions in the world. Therefore, the ability to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions in the account at the same time would provide OCC with an additional approved custodian for such assets that would appropriately safeguard those assets and minimize the risk of OCC's loss or delay in access to them consistent with Exchange Act Rule 17Ad-22(e)(16).<sup>18</sup>

Moreover, and as noted above, provisions in Exchange Act Rules 17Ad-22(e)(7) and (9) also promote the use of central bank services by a covered clearing agency to conduct money settlements,<sup>19</sup> satisfy requirements regarding custody of qualifying liquid resources<sup>20</sup> and enhance management of liquidity risk.<sup>21</sup> Accordingly, providing OCC with clear authority to use its Federal Reserve Bank Account to custody Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions at the same time is generally consistent with these provisions.

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<sup>17</sup> See Exchange Act Release No. 78961 (September 28, 2016), 81 FR 70786, 70837 (October 13, 2016) (File No. S7-03-14).

<sup>18</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(16).

<sup>19</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(9).

<sup>20</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(14)(i), (e)(7)(ii).

<sup>21</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(7)(iii).



The proposed rule change is not inconsistent with the existing rules of OCC, including any other rules proposed to be amended.

**Item 4. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition**

Section 17A(b)(3)(I) of the Exchange Act<sup>22</sup> requires that the rules of a clearing agency not impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Exchange Act. OCC does not believe that the proposed rule change would impact or impose any burden on competition. The proposed rule change is designed to facilitate OCC’s ability to appropriately safeguard Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions using OCC’s Federal Reserve Bank Account. The proposed rule change would apply equally to all Clearing Members in that all Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions of Clearing Members would be eligible to be maintained in OCC’s Federal Reserve Bank Account. Therefore, the proposal does not favor or disfavor any Clearing Member or group of Clearing Members compared to others.

For the foregoing reasons, OCC believes that the proposed rule change is in the public interest, would be consistent with the requirements of the Exchange Act applicable to clearing agencies, and would not impact or impose a burden on competition.

**Item 5. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants or Others**

Written comments were not and are not intended to be solicited with respect to the

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<sup>22</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(I).

proposed rule change and none have been received.

**Item 6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action**

Not applicable.

**Item 7. Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) or Section 19(b)(7)(D)**

Not applicable.

**Item 8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rule of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission**

Not applicable.

**Item 9. Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act**

Not applicable.

**Item 10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act**

Not applicable.

**Item 11. Exhibits**

Exhibit 1A. Completed Notice of Proposed Rule Change for publication in the Federal Register.

Exhibit 5. Proposed changes to OCC's Rules.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, The Options Clearing Corporation has caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

**THE OPTIONS CLEARING CORPORATION**

**By:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Justin W. Byrne**  
**Vice President, Regulatory Filings**

EXHIBIT 1A

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

(Release No. 34-[\_\_\_\_\_]; File No. SR-OCC-2020-010)

August \_\_, 2020

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Options Clearing Corporation; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change Concerning the Commingling of Certain Non-Customer Margin Assets with Clearing Fund Contributions in The Options Clearing Corporation's Account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act" or "Act"),<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> notice is hereby given that on August 7, 2020, The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared primarily by OCC. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

This proposed rule change by OCC would set forth new interpretations and policies to OCC Rules 604 (Form of Margin Assets) and 1002 (Clearing Fund Contributions) to provide OCC with express authority to hold cash Clearing Fund contributions and certain non-customer cash margin assets in its account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago at the same time. The proposed changes to OCC's Rules are included in Exhibit 5 of filing SR-OCC-2020-010. Material proposed to be added is underlined and material proposed to be deleted is marked in strikethrough text. All terms

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<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

with initial capitalization that are not defined herein have the same meaning as set forth in the OCC By-Laws and Rules.<sup>3</sup>

II. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, OCC included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. OCC has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of these statements.

(A) Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(1) Purpose

**Background**

As part of OCC's designation as a systemically important financial market utility by the Financial Stability Oversight Council on July 18, 2012, OCC is eligible pursuant Section 806 of Title VIII of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 to request the use of certain accounts and services of Federal Reserve Banks. OCC has been approved by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to maintain an account at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago ("Federal Reserve Bank Account") to hold, among other things, cash deposits from its Clearing Members to satisfy margin and Clearing Fund requirements.<sup>4</sup> However, OCC Rules

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<sup>3</sup> OCC's By-Laws and Rules can be found on OCC's public website: <https://www.theocc.com/Company-Information/Documents-and-Archives/By-Laws-and-Rules>.

<sup>4</sup> See Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago authorization to provide accounts and services to Options Clearing Corporation and Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Inc.,

1002(c) and 604(d) (described in more detail below) impose certain restrictions on the manner in which OCC must hold Clearing Fund contributions and margin assets.<sup>5</sup>

Consistent with these requirements, OCC currently holds only cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account and separately holds cash margin assets of Clearing Members in accounts with commercial banks.

Congress established the Federal Reserve System, comprised of the Board of Governors, the Federal Open Markets Committee, and twelve Federal Reserve Banks, in 1913 as the central bank of the U.S. “to provide the nation with a safer, more flexible, and more stable monetary and financial system.”<sup>6</sup> The Commission’s rules for covered clearing agencies<sup>7</sup> like OCC expressly promote the use of central bank services for a variety of purposes, including using central bank services to: conduct money settlements,<sup>8</sup> satisfy requirements regarding custody of qualifying liquid resources,<sup>9</sup> and

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in accordance with the Dodd-Frank Act and Regulation HH, approved March 15, 2016 (<https://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h2/20160319/h2.pdf>). OCC has also been approved to maintain two additional accounts to serve as customer segregated accounts as defined under Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act. Since these accounts are segregated margin accounts, the change discussed herein does not impact the activation of these accounts.

<sup>5</sup> See OCC Rule 604(d) (allowing OCC to deposit margin assets of Clearing Members “with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select”) and Rule 1002(c) (allowing OCC to deposit Clearing Fund contributions “in approved custodians”). Article I, Section 1.A.(3) defines term “approved custodian” to mean “a bank or trust company approved the Chief Executive Officer, or Chief Operating Officer.”

<sup>6</sup> Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Federal Reserve Act* (March 10, 2017), <https://www.federalreserve.gov/aboutthefed/fract.htm>.

<sup>7</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(5).

<sup>8</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(9).

<sup>9</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(14)(i), (e)(7)(ii).

enhance management of liquidity risk.<sup>10</sup> OCC is proposing amendments to Rules 604 and 1002 that, as described below, would permit OCC to commingle cash Clearing Fund contributions and certain non-customer cash margin assets of Clearing Members in its Federal Reserve Bank Account.

### **Proposed Change**

#### Cash Margin Assets

OCC Rule 604(d) states that certain cash margin assets of Clearing Members (“Specified Cash Margin Assets”) must be deposited to the credit of OCC in an account or accounts,<sup>11</sup> designated as Clearing Member margin accounts, with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select. Rule 604(d) further states that such Specified Cash Margin Assets shall not be commingled with funds of OCC or used by OCC as working capital. Under OCC’s By-Laws and Rules, OCC has a lien on margin assets of a Clearing Member to be able to satisfy obligations of the Clearing Member to OCC; however, OCC does not have authority to use the margin assets of one Clearing Member to satisfy obligations to OCC of a different Clearing Member.<sup>12</sup>

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<sup>10</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(7)(iii).

<sup>11</sup> OCC Rule 604(d) expressly excludes from these Specified Cash Margin Assets those funds that are: (i) deposited in respect of a segregated futures account (which must be held in accordance with the provisions of Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act and regulations thereunder); (ii) invested by OCC pursuant to Rule 604(a); or (iii) credited by OCC to a liquidating settlement account pursuant to Chapter XI of OCC’s Rules.

<sup>12</sup> See OCC By-Laws Article I, Sections 1.G.(1) (defining the term “general lien”) and R.(7) (defining the term “restricted lien”); see also OCC By-Laws Article VI, Section 3 (specifying the application of general and restricted liens to Clearing Member margin assets credited to different OCC account types).

OCC proposes to add Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604 to provide that, notwithstanding anything else in Rule 604, Specified Cash Margin Assets held by OCC as non-customer margin assets and deposited to the credit of OCC in its Federal Reserve Bank Account may be deposited in accounts that are not designated as Clearing Member margin accounts and may be commingled with cash Clearing Fund contributions.

Cash Clearing Fund Contributions

OCC Rule 1002(c) states in relevant part that cash Clearing Fund contributions may from time to time be partially or wholly invested by OCC for its account in Government securities, and to the extent that such contributions are not so invested they “shall be deposited by OCC in a separate account or accounts for Clearing Fund contributions in approved custodians, provided that such account or accounts may commingle the Clearing Fund contributions of different Clearing Members.” As noted, OCC currently holds only cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account.

OCC proposes to add Interpretation and Policy .04 to Rule 1002 to provide that, notwithstanding the aforementioned requirements of Rule 1002(c), Clearing Fund contributions deposited in an account at a Federal Reserve Bank may be commingled in the account with Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets in accordance with the requirements of proposed Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604.

As described above, the purpose of the proposed interpretations and policies is to provide OCC with clear authority to be able to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account at the same time. OCC currently maintains a single Federal



Reserve Bank Account for assets that are not required to be segregated under Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act, so the Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions would be commingled in this account. OCC believes that the ability to hold such margin and cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account at the same time would be consistent with Commission rules for covered clearing agencies<sup>13</sup> that encourage the use of central bank services. OCC notes that it would not be required to hold all non-customer margin cash in its Federal Reserve Bank Account and that it may continue to maintain some or all non-customer margin cash at creditworthy commercial banks that are approved custodians for OCC.<sup>14</sup>

All other OCC By-Laws and Rules pertaining to margin assets and Clearing Fund contributions would be unchanged and apply as they do currently, regardless of whether margin assets or Clearing Fund contributions are held in commercial bank accounts or in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account. For example, Specified Margin Assets of a Clearing Member that are held in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account would continue to only have a lien on Specified Margin Assets to satisfy obligations of that particular Clearing Member to OCC.

(2) Statutory Basis

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Exchange Act requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency must be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, safeguard securities and funds in its custody or

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<sup>13</sup> See supra notes 8-10 and accompanying text.

<sup>14</sup> See supra note 5.

control or for which it is responsible, and comply with the provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.<sup>15</sup> The proposed rule change would allow OCC to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets of Clearing Members that are non-customer margin assets with cash Clearing Fund contributions in its Federal Reserve Bank Account. The proposed rule change would provide OCC with an additional approved custodian at which OCC can hold such assets in a manner that minimizes the custody risk of those assets and ensures prompt access to such assets when needed, thereby promoting the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and the safeguarding the securities and funds in OCC's custody or control or for which it is responsible.

Exchange Act Rule 17Ad-22(e)(16) requires OCC, as a covered clearing agency, to establish, implement, maintain, and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to safeguard its own and its Clearing Members' assets, minimize the risk of loss and delay in access to these assets, and invest such assets in instruments with minimal credit, market, and liquidity risks.<sup>16</sup> In adopting Rule 17Ad-22(e)(16), the Commission stated that in satisfying the requirements a covered clearing agency should consider, among other things: (i) whether it holds its own and its participants' assets at supervised and regulated entities that have robust accounting practices, safekeeping procedures, and internal controls that fully protect these assets; (ii) whether it has prompt access to its assets and the assets provided by participants, when required; and (iii)

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<sup>15</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

<sup>16</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(16).

whether it evaluates and understands its exposures to its custodian banks, taking into account the full scope of its relationships with each.<sup>17</sup>

OCC believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with these considerations. As part of the U.S. central banking system, the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, where OCC maintains its account, is among the safest and most sound depository institutions in the world. Therefore, the ability to maintain Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions in the account at the same time would provide OCC with an additional approved custodian for such assets that would appropriately safeguard those assets and minimize the risk of OCC's loss or delay in access to them consistent with Exchange Act Rule 17Ad-22(e)(16).<sup>18</sup>

Moreover, and as noted above, provisions in Exchange Act Rules 17Ad-22(e)(7) and (9) also promote the use of central bank services by a covered clearing agency to conduct money settlements,<sup>19</sup> satisfy requirements regarding custody of qualifying liquid resources<sup>20</sup> and enhance management of liquidity risk.<sup>21</sup> Accordingly, providing OCC with clear authority to use its Federal Reserve Bank Account to custody Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions at the same time is generally consistent with these provisions.

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<sup>17</sup> See Exchange Act Release No. 78961 (September 28, 2016), 81 FR 70786, 70837 (October 13, 2016) (File No. S7-03-14).

<sup>18</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(16).

<sup>19</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(9).

<sup>20</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(a)(14)(i), (e)(7)(ii).

<sup>21</sup> 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(7)(iii).

The proposed rule change is not inconsistent with the existing rules of OCC, including any other rules proposed to be amended.

(B) Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition

Section 17A(b)(3)(I) of the Exchange Act<sup>22</sup> requires that the rules of a clearing agency not impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Exchange Act. OCC does not believe that the proposed rule change would impact or impose any burden on competition. The proposed rule change is designed to facilitate OCC's ability to appropriately safeguard Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions using OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account. The proposed rule change would apply equally to all Clearing Members in that all Specified Cash Margin Assets that are non-customer margin assets and cash Clearing Fund contributions of Clearing Members would be eligible to be maintained in OCC's Federal Reserve Bank Account. Therefore, the proposal does not favor or disfavor any Clearing Member or group of Clearing Members compared to others.

For the foregoing reasons, OCC believes that the proposed rule change is in the public interest, would be consistent with the requirements of the Exchange Act applicable to clearing agencies, and would not impact or impose a burden on competition.

(C) Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants or Others

Written comments on the proposed rule change were not and are not intended to be solicited with respect to the proposed rule change and none have been received.

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<sup>22</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(I).

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

(A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or

(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an e-mail to [rule-comments@sec.gov](mailto:rule-comments@sec.gov). Please include File Number SR-OCC-2020-010 on the subject line.

Paper Comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-OCC-2020-010. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The

Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet website (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of OCC and on OCC's website at <https://www.theocc.com/Company-Information/Documents-and-Archives/By-Laws-and-Rules>.

All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-OCC-2020-010 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.<sup>23</sup>

Secretary

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<sup>23</sup> 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

**EXHIBIT 5**



**Rules**

Underlined text indicates new text

~~Strikethrough~~ text indicates deleted text



*Chapter VI - Margins*

\* \* \*

**Rule 604 – Form of Margin Assets**

(a) – (c) [No change]

(d) Funds and securities held by or subject to the instructions of the Corporation as margin shall, subject to the rights of the Corporation in respect thereof, remain the property of the respective Clearing Members for whose accounts such funds and securities are held. Funds and securities deposited in respect of a segregated futures account shall be held in accordance with the provisions of Section 4d of the Commodity Exchange Act and regulations thereunder. All other funds held by the Corporation as margin (other than funds invested by the Corporation pursuant to subsection (a) of this Rule and funds credited by the Corporation to a Liquidating Settlement Account pursuant to Chapter XI) shall be deposited to the credit of the Corporation in an account or accounts, designated as Clearing Member margin accounts, with such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select. Such funds shall not be commingled with funds of the Corporation or used by the Corporation as working capital. To the extent that funds held by the Corporation as margin are invested by the Corporation in securities pursuant to subsection (a) of this Rule, the Corporation shall maintain records clearly identifying such securities as held in trust for Clearing Members. The Corporation shall have the right to commingle funds and securities held as margin for the account of any Clearing Member with funds and securities held as margin for other Clearing Members.

(e) – (f) [No change]

*. . . Interpretations and Policies:*

.01 – .17 [No Change]

.18 Notwithstanding the requirements in the third and fourth sentences of Rule 604(d), any such funds that are held by the Corporation as non-customer margin assets and deposited to the credit of the Corporation in an account at a Federal Reserve Bank may be deposited in accounts that are not designated as Clearing Member margin accounts and may be commingled with cash Clearing Fund contributions.

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*Chapter X - Clearing Fund Contributions*

\* \* \*

**Rule 1002 – Clearing Fund Contribution**

(a) – (b) [No change]

(c) *Investment of Cash.* Cash contributions to the Clearing Fund may from time to time be partially or wholly invested by the Corporation for its account in Government securities, and to the extent that such contributions are not so invested they shall be deposited by the Corporation in a separate account or accounts for Clearing Fund contributions in approved custodians, provided that such account or accounts may commingle the Clearing Fund contributions of different Clearing Members. Interest earned on cash deposits held at a Federal Reserve Bank shall accrue to the benefit of Clearing Members (calculated daily based on each Clearing Member's pro rata share of Clearing Fund cash deposits), provided that each such Clearing Member has provided OCC with all tax documentation as OCC may from time to time require in order to effectuate such payment, and all other interest earned on investments will accrue to the benefit of the Corporation.

(d) – (f) [No change]

*. . . Interpretations and Policies:*

.01 – .03 [No Change]

.04 Notwithstanding the requirement in the first sentence of Rule 1002(c), cash Clearing Fund contributions deposited in an account of the Corporation at a Federal Reserve Bank may be commingled with non-customer margin assets as provided in Interpretation and Policy .18 to Rule 604.