## Commodity Futures Trading Commission CEA CASES

NAME: LAWRENCE S. SHEPARD

**DOCKET NUMBER: STIPULATION 132** 

DATE: DECEMBER 14, 1970

DOCUMENT TYPE: STIPULATION OF COMPLIANCE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

BEFORE THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

In re: Lawrence S. Shepard

Stipulation of Compliance Under the Commodity Exchange Act No. 132

The Secretary of Agriculture has reason to believe that Lawrence S. Shepard has violated the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C., Chapter 1) and the regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture promulgated thereunder (17 CFR, Chapter 1). No complaint with respect to such violations has been issued and the said Lawrence S. Shepard is desirous of disposing of the matter by entering into a stipulation of compliance as authorized by section 0.4(a) of the Rules of Practice under the Commodity Exchange Act (17 CFR, Part 0). Therefore, the said Lawrence S. Shepard for the purposes of this stipulation of compliance and administrative proceedings under the Commodity Exchange Act and for such purposes only, stipulates the following facts are true:

- (1) Lawrence S. Shepard an individual whose address is 110 N. Franklin St., Rm. 421, Chicago, Illinois 60606 is now and was at all times material herein a registered floor broker under the Commodity Exchange Act and a member of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, a duly designated contract market under the Commodity Exchange Act.
- (2) The futures transactions hereinafter referred to relate to pork belly futures contracts on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange. Each of such contracts called for the delivery of 30,000 pounds of pork bellies. Such contracts could have been used for hedging transactions in interstate commerce in pork bellies, or for determining

the price basis of transactions in interstate commerce in pork bellies, or for delivering pork bellies, sold, shipped, or received in interstate commerce.

(3) On February 14, 1969, Lawrence S. Shepard acting for his personal account at Imperial Securities, Inc., sold one contract of March pork bellies to Stuart N. Gimbel who was also acting for his own account at Imperial Securities, Inc. Such transaction between these two brokers who were both qualified to trade for the same clearing member was reported as being made with another floor broker.

On February 14, 1969, Lawrence S. Shepard, acting for the account of a customer of Imperial Securities, Inc., sold four contracts of March pork bellies to Stuart N. Gimbel who was acting for his personal account at Imperial Securities, Inc. Such transaction between these two brokers who were both qualified to trade for the same clearing member was reported as being made with another floor broker.

On February 17, 1969, Lawrence S. Shepard, acting for his personal account at Imperial Securities, Inc., bought three contracts of March pork bellies from Leonard B. Feldman who was also acting for his own account at Imperial Securities, Inc. Such transaction between these two brokers who were both qualified to trade for the same clearing member was made with the assistance of

another floor broker who entered into a wash and accommodation transaction with them.

On February 17, 1969, Lawrence S. Sheapard acting for his personal account at Imperial Securities, Inc., sold two contracts of March pork

bellies to Leonard B. Feldman who was also acting for his personal account at Imperial Securities, Inc. Such transaction between these two brokers who were qualified to trade for the same clearing member was reported as being made with another broker.

On February 17, 1969, Lawrence S. Shepard, acting for the account of a customer of Imperial Securities, Inc., purchased one contract of March pork bellies from Leonard B. Feldman who was acting for his personal account at Imperial Securities, Inc. Such transaction between these two brokers who were qualified to trade for the same clearing member was reported as being made with another broker.

On February 10, 1969, Lawrence S. Shepard, acting for the accounts of customers of Imperial Securities, Inc., purchased five contracts of March pork bellies from Michael F. Winner who was also acting for the account of a customer of Imperial Securities, Inc. Such transaction between these two brokers who were qualified to trade for the same clearing member was made with the assistance of another floor broker who entered into a wash and accommodation transaction with them.

The Commodity Exchange Authority has advised Lawrence S. Shepard that his actions as described above, were in violation of section(s) 4c and 4g of the Commodity Exchange Act and section(s) 1.35 and 1.38 of the regulations under the Commodity Exchange Act.

The said Lawrence S. Shepard agrees to desist from such acts and practices in the future. He further understands and agrees that this stipulation, which the Secretary of Agriculture is accepting only as to the acts and practices set forth above, shall be admissible as evidence of such acts and practices in any future proceeding based upon acts or practices occurring subsequent to the date of his signing of this stipulation of compliance which may be brought against him by the Secretary of Agriculture under the provisions of the said Act. He also understands that it is the practice of the Commodity Exchange Authority to issue press releases on stipulations of compliance and to make them a matter of public record.

Done at Chicago, Illinois this 14 day of Dec 1970 [SEE SIGNATURE IN ORIGINAL]

Witnessed by:

[SEE SIGNATURE IN ORIGINAL]

[SEE SIGNATURE IN ORIGINAL]

LOAD-DATE: June 16, 2008