BERNARD J. BARRETT, State Bar No. 165869 LOUIS V. TRAEGER, State Bar No. 38714 ORIGINAL 2 MYRNA D. MORGANSTERN, State Bar No. 72011 FILED COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION 10900 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 400 APR - 2 2002 Los Angeles, CA 90024 Telephone: (310) 443-4700 4 RICHARD W. WIEKING CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Facsimile: (310) 443-4745 5 6 7 n ECEIVED 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT CALIFORNIA 9 APR - 1 2002 10 COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING Case No. C 00 3202 RICHARD W. WIEKING COMMISSION, CONSENT ORDER OF PERMANEDE RICT OF CALIFORNIA 11 Plaintiff. INJUNCTION AND OTHER EQUITABLE 12 VS. RELIEF AGAINST DEFENDANT ABDULLA ALSAFARI, a/k/a VINCENT 13 ABDULLA ALSAFARI, 2/k/2 VINCENT ALSAFARI, a/k/a VINCENTA ALSAFARI. ALSAFARI, a/k/a VINCENTA ALSAFARI, a/k/a VICENTA ALSAFARI, a/k/a VICENTA ALSAFARI, 14 INDIVDUALLY AND d/b/a INDIVIDUALLY AND d/b/a YENTRADING.COM; FINDINGS OF FACT 15 YENTRADING.COM, 16 Defendants 17 18 I 19 INTRODUCTION 20 Defendant Abdulla Alsafari a/k/a Vincent Alsafari, a/k/a Vincenta Alsafari, a/k/a Vicenta 21 Alsafari, individually and doing business as ventrading.com, having signed his Consent to this 22 Order of Permanent Injunction and Other Equitable Relief; Findings of Fact ("Order"), which 23 Consent has been filed with the Court and is incorporated herein by reference, the Court finds 24 that: 25 1. On September 6, 2000, plaintiff Commodity Futures Trading Commission 26 "Commission") filed a complaint against defendant Abdulla Alsafari a/k/a Vincent Alsafari, 27 a/k/a Vincenta Alsafari, a/k/a Vicenta Alsafari ("Alsafari"), individually and d/b/a 28 ventrading.com alleging violations of the Commodity Exchange Act ("Act"), as amended,

7 U.S.C. §§ 1 et seq. (1994), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, 17 C.F.R. §§ 1.1 et seq. (1999). Pursuant to the agreement of Alsafari and the Commission, on September 6, 2000, the Court granted the Commission's request for a Statutory and Temporary Restraining Order and request for expedited discovery.

- 2. On January 23, 2001, this Court entered the parties' Stipulation to Preliminary
  Injunction ("Preliminary Injunction") extending the injunctive relief imposed in the Statutory and
  Temporary Restraining Order until the trial on the permanent injunction, currently set pursuant to
  the Court's Order of August 13, 2001, for November 16, 2001.
- 3. To settle this action prior to a trial on the merits or further judicial proceedings, Alsafari consents to this Consent Order Of Permanent Injunction And Other Equitable Relief; Findings of Fact ("Order"). Alsafari also: (1) acknowledges service upon him of the summons and complaint in this action; (2) admits this Court's personal and subject matter jurisdiction over him and this action; (3) admits that venue properly lies with this District; and (4) waives the entry of findings of fact and conclusions of law in this action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 52, except as provided in Part II. below.
- 4. By consenting to the entry of this Order, Alsafari neither admits nor denies the allegations of the Commission's complaint or the Findings contained in Part II. of this Order, except as to jurisdiction and venue. However, Alsafari agrees and the parties to this Order intend that the allegations of the Commission's complaint and all of the Findings of Fact made by this Court and contained in Part II. of this Order shall be taken as true and correct and be given preclusive effect without further proof only for the purposes of any subsequent bankruptcy proceeding filed by, on behalf of, or against Alsafari for the purpose of determining whether his restitution obligation and/or other payments ordered herein are excepted from discharge.

  Alsafari also shall provide immediate notice of any bankruptcy proceeding filed by, on behalf of, or against him in the manner required by Part V., paragraph 1 of this Order.
- 5. By neither admitting nor denying the allegations of the complaint or findings in the Order, Alsafari agrees that: (1) he will not take any action or make or permit to be made any public statement denying, directly or indirectly, any allegation in the complaint or finding

contained in this Order or creating, or tending to create, the impression that the complaint or this Order is without a factual basis; and (2) no agent or employee of Alsafari acting under his authority or control shall take any action or make or permit to be made any public statement denying, directly or indirectly, any of the findings in this Order or creating, or tending to create, the impression that this Order is without factual basis, and Alsafari shall undertake all steps necessary to assure that all of his agents and employees understand and comply with this agreement. Nothing in this provision affects Alsafari's: (1) testimonial obligations; or (2) right to take legal positions in other proceedings to which the Commission is not a party.

- 6. Alsafari waives: (1) all claims that he may possess under the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 5 U.S.C. § 504 and 28 U.S.C. § 2412, as amended by Pub. L. No. 104-121, §§ 231-32, 110 Stat. 862-63, and Part 148 of the Commission's Regulations, 17 C.F.R. §§ 148.1 et seq., relating to or arising from this action and any right under EAJA to seek costs, fees, and other expenses relating to or arising from this proceeding; (2) any claim of Double Jeopardy based upon the institution of this proceeding or the entry in this proceeding of any order imposing a restitution obligation, civil monetary penalty or any other relief; and (3) all rights of appeal from this Order.
- 7. Alsafari consents to the continued jurisdiction of this Court for the purpose of enforcing the terms and conditions of this Order and for any other purposes relevant to this action.
- 8. Alsafari affirms that he has read this Order and agrees to this Order voluntarily, and that no promise or threat of any kind has been made by the Commission or any member, officer, agent, or representative thereof, or by any other person, to induce his consent to this Order, other than as set forth specifically herein.
- 9. This Court, being fully advised in the premises, finds that there is good cause for the entry of this Order and that there is no just reason for delay. This Court therefore directs the entry of Findings of Fact and the entry of a final order of permanent injunction and other equitable relief, pursuant to Section 6c of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 13a-1, as set forth herein. This

Order fully disposes of all controverted issues between the Plaintiff Commission and the Defendant in this action.

II.

## FINDINGS OF FACT

- 10. Since at least January 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint, by means of advertisements in one or more newspapers, Alsafari has solicited members of the public to invest in a system purportedly enabling them to make profits trading futures contracts in Japanese yen ("the System"). These advertisements, some of which were published in the San Francisco Chronicle and San Francisco Examiner, include various guarantees of profits, such as \$900 in daily profits, \$10,000 in monthly profits, or \$6,000 in monthly income with an investment of \$8,000.
- 11. On July 24, 1998, Alsafari registered his domain name, <u>www.yentrading.com</u>, and thereafter advertised the system on the Internet. On September 23, 1999, Alsafari registered a second domain name, <u>www.currencytradingg.com</u>, at which Alsafari published the same material published at <u>www.yentrading.com</u>.
  - A. Fraudulent Representations that Alsafari Engaged in Trading His Own Account
- 12. From July 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint, Alsafari falsely represented on his website that he was engaged in foreign currency futures trading in his own account, including but not limited to the following representations:
- (a) "This trading system is traded daily by the instructor [Alsafari], so all profits and losses generated are from actual trades and NOT simulated representations...." [Emphasis in text.]
- (b) Monthly trading for the period between February 1998 through November 1998 resulted in profits of between \$10,913 and \$23,550, and such results were from "actual trading."
- (c) Daily and weekly trading for the period December 1998 through January 1999 and daily trading for April 6, 1999 resulted in gross profits of between \$87.50 and \$1,650 per contract, and such results were "taken from the instructor's [Alsafari's] own trading day."
- 13. In addition, since January 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint, Alsafari fraudulently represented during demonstrations of the System at his home and at various

hotels, and during telephone conversations with purchasers and prospective purchasers of the System, that he was making actual profits trading pursuant to the System.

- In fact, from at least January 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint, including the time for which Alsafari reported profits based on the use of the System for trading in his own account, Alsafari never made a single trade in any futures contract. Prior to that time, from the opening of his own trading account with a deposit of \$3,500 in July 1997 through December 1997, Alsafari traded Swiss franc and Japanese yen futures contracts and lost all but \$337.50 of his initial deposit.
  - B. Fraudulent Guarantees and Other Misrepresentations Concerning Trading Profits
- 15. On his website Alsafari guaranteed that purchasers of the System would make money trading pursuant to the System, and otherwise misrepresented the likelihood and magnitude of profits with limited risk from trading pursuant to the System, including but not limited to the following misrepresentations:
- (a) "Using this system, these profits [\$15,187 per month for a "beginning" trader and \$50,625 per month for a "more advanced" trader] were and are being made, consistently with currency day trading, month after month and day after day by people currency day trading the Yen from their homes just like you ...guaranteed."
- (b) "[D]aily profits are better than 90% of actual trades and losses are limited to only \$62.50 per trade/contract."
- (c) "Effective risk management has provided our students with a consistent 13:1 ratio of profit to loss, which means that for every 13 profitable trades, students encountered only 1 trade of limited losses ...."
- 16. In fact, none of Alsafari's clients has reported making profits trading Japanese yen futures pursuant to the System, and Alsafari had no reasonable basis for any guarantees or claims of profit or of limited risks in trading foreign currency futures contracts pursuant to his System.
- C. Fraudulent Guarantees of Refunds to Purchasers and Misrepresentations that No

  Purchaser Has Ever Requested a Refund
- 17. From January 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint, during demonstrations of the System at his home, at various hotels, and during telephone conversations

with purchasers and prospective purchasers of the System, Alsafari guaranteed a refund of the purchase price of \$3,500 if the purchaser of the System failed to trade profitably. From July 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint, Alsafari represented on his website that "if you don't make money using this system...you get your money back. Guaranteed." [Ellipsis in text.]

- 18. Since January 1998, at least 26 individuals each paid \$3,500 or a portion thereof to purchase the System or a portion thereof. Purchasers received a document signed by Alsafari guaranteeing a full refund subject to certain conditions.
- 19. Alsafari referred purchasers of the System to various introducing brokers through which purchasers have opened trading accounts and traded Japanese yen futures contracts using the System.
- 20. Purchasers of the System were unable to profitably trade Japanese yen futures contracts using the System, as guaranteed by Alsafari. In addition, at least one purchaser of the System never received any materials in consideration for his \$3,500 purchase.
- As a result of their trading losses or failure to receive materials, at least 10 purchasers of the System requested a refund of their \$3,500 purchase price in accordance with the guarantee made by Alsafari.
- 22. Although Alsafari promised a refund of the \$3,500 purchase price to every purchaser, Alsafari failed, with one exception, to refund the entire purchase price to the purchasers who requested a refund.
- 23. Despite the requests for refunds made by purchasers of the System, Alsafari has represented on his website from July 1998 through the filing of the Commission's complaint that he never received a request for a refund from any purchaser of the System.

III.

## PERMANENT INJUNCTION

- 24. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that defendant Alsafari is permanently enjoined and restrained from directly or indirectly:
  - a. violating Sections 4b(a)(i) and (iii), 7 U.S.C. § 6b(a)(i) and (iii), by, in or in connection with any order to make, or the making of any contract of

sale of any commodity for future delivery (including but not limited to foreign currencies), made, or to be made, for or on behalf of any other person if such contract for future delivery is or may be used for (A) hedging any transaction in interstate commerce in such commodity or the products or byproducts thereof, or (B) determining the price basis of any transaction in interstate commodity in such commodity, or (C) delivering any such commodity sold, shipped, or received in interstate commerce for the fulfillment thereof—

cheating or defrauding or attempting to cheat or defraud other persons; or willfully making or causing to be made to other persons false reports or statements thereof or willfully deceiving or attempting to deceive other persons;

- b. violating Section 40(1) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 60(1), while acting as a commodity trading advisor, and by use of the mails or other instrumentalities of interstate commerce, directly or indirectly, employing devices, schemes or artifices to defraud customers, or engaging in transactions, practices, or courses of business conduct which operate as a fraud or deceit upon customers;
- violating Section 4.41(a) of the Regulations, 17 C.F.R. § 4.41(a) (2000),
  by advertising in a manner which: (1) employs a device, scheme or artifice
  to defraud participants or clients or prospective participants or clients; or
  (2) involves any transaction, practice or course of business which operates
  as a fraud or deceit upon participants or clients or prospective participants
  or clients.

d. The injunctive provisions of this Order shall be binding upon Alsafari, any person insofar as he or she is acting in the capacity of officer, agent, servant, or attorney of Alsafari, and any person who receives actual notice of this Order by personal service or otherwise insofar as he or she is acting in active concert or participation with Alsafari.

IV.

## ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF RESTITUTION AND CONTINGENT CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES

- 25. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED THAT Plaintiff is awarded judgment against Defendant Alsafari for restitution of customer funds in the amount of \$60, 425.68 ("Restitution Obligation"), which includes a principal amount of \$55,000 plus prejudgment interest in the amount of \$5,425.68 as of September 28, 2001. Post-judgment interest shall accrue on the Restitution Obligation at the rate provided for by 28 U.S.C. § 1961, assessed pursuant to Part IV., Paragraph 31 below of the payment plan.
- 26. The persons to whom restitution shall be made ("Customers") are identified in the list of customers filed concurrently herewith under seal and incorporated herein by reference as "Exhibit A", which includes the names and last known addresses of the customers identified to date who are owed restitution. Exhibit A includes the Commission's calculation of the total amount of restitution owed each customer, based in part upon information obtained by the Commission from Alsafari and from other sources. Omission from Exhibit A shall in no way limit the ability of any customer to seek recovery from Alsafari or any other person or entity. Further, the amounts contained in Exhibit A shall not limit the ability of any customer from proving in a separate proceeding that a greater amount is owed from Alsafari, and nothing herein shall be construed in any way to limit or abridge the rights of any customer that exist under state or common law.
- 27. The National Futures Association shall be designated as Monitor ("Monitor") for the period beginning with the date of entry of this Order and continuing until distribution of the last payment required by this Order.

Defendant Alsafari shall pay the Restitution Obligation as follows: an annual payment to an account designated by the Monitor on or before July 31 of each calendar year (the "Annual Payment"), beginning in calendar year 2002 and continuing for ten years (or until restitution is paid in full, if that happens first). At the end of the ten-year payment period, Defendant's only remaining restitution obligation shall be pursuant to Part IV., paragraph 25. The amount of Defendant's Annual Payment shall consist of a portion of: (1) his adjusted gross income (as defined by the Internal Revenue Code) earned or received by Defendant during the preceding calendar year, plus (2) all other net cash receipts, net cash entitlements or net proceeds of non-cash assets received by Defendant during the preceding calendar year. The Annual Payment will be determined as follows:

2 | Total Adjusted Gross Income plus Net Cash

Percent of Total to be Paid by Defendant:

Receipts:

\$0 -- \$25,000

0%

18 | \$25,000--\$50,000

\$50,000 - \$100,000

20% of the amount between \$25,000 and \$50,000

20% of the amount between \$25,000 and \$50,000 plus 30% of the amount between

\$50,000 and 100,000

\$100,000 and up

20% of the amount between \$25,000 and \$50,000 plus 30% of the amount between \$50,000 and \$100,000 plus 40% of the amount above \$100,000

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29. Such funds shall be distributed as restitution payments to the customers in the amounts calculated by the Monitor unless, at its sole discretion, based upon the amount of funds available for distribution, the Monitor decides to defer distribution. If, at the end of the ten-year period, any part of the Annual Payments has not been distributed, the Monitor shall either distribute

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the funds in the account or make a recommendation to the Commission that the funds instead become a civil monetary penalty pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Act. In the event the Commission rejects the Monitor's recommendation, the funds shall be distributed as restitution.

- 30. Alsafari shall provide to the Monitor complete copies of his signed income tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), all IRS 1099 forms, and all other schedules and attachments (e.g., IRS Form W-2), as well as any filings he is required to submit to any state tax or revenue authority, on or before June 30 of each calendar year, commencing with June 30, 2002 and ending on June 30, 2011. If, during the same time period, Alsafari elects to file a joint tax return, he shall provide all documents called for by this Paragraph 30, including the signed and filed joint tax return, plus a draft individual tax return prepared on IRS Form 1040 containing a certification by a licensed certified public accountant that the "Income" section (currently lines 7-22 of Form 1040) truly, accurately and completely reflects all of the Alsafari's income, that the "Adjusted Gross Income" section truly, accurately and completely identifies all deductions that Alsafari has a right to claim, and that the deductions contained in the "Adjusted Gross Income" section are equal to or less than 50% of the deductions that Alsafari is entitled to claim on the joint tax return; provided, however, that Alsafari may claim 100% of the deductions contained in the "Adjusted Gross Income" section that are solely his. Such individual tax return shall include all schedules and attachments thereto (e.g., IRS Forms W-2) and Forms 1099, as well as any filings required to be submitted to any state tax or revenue authority. If Defendant does not file a return, he shall provide his sworn financial statement on June 30 and December 31 of each calendar year, starting on December 31, 2002 and continuing through and including June 30, 2012. The financial statements shall provide:
  - a. A true and complete itemization of all of Defendant's rights, title and interest (or claimed in) any asset, wherever, however and by whomever held;
  - b. An itemization, description and explanation of all transfers of assets with a value of \$1,000 or more made by or on behalf of Defendant over the preceding six-month interval; and
  - c. A detailed description of the source and amount of all of Defendant's income or earnings, however generated.

- 31. Based on the information contained in Alsafari's tax returns (and, to the extent they are provided, his sworn financial statements) and further instructions to be issued by this Court regarding the method of calculating distribution of any funds to Customers, the Monitor shall calculate the Annual Payment to be paid by Defendant for that year and the specific amounts payable to each of the Customers. If the Monitor determines that an Annual Restitution Payment is due, then the Monitor will increase the amount of the remaining restitution payments by post-judgment interest calculated to the date of payment based on the total remaining obligation pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1961. On or before July 31 of each year, the Monitor shall send written notice to Defendant with instructions to immediately pay the Annual Payment to the Monitor.
- 32. Alsafari shall immediately notify the Commission and the Monitor if he makes or has previously made any agreement with any Customers obligating any payments to that Customer outside of the plan set forth in this Order. Alsafari shall also provide immediate evidence of any such agreement, and evidence of any payments made pursuant to such agreements, in the manner required by Part V., paragraph 39.
- Defendant's financial income and earnings, status of assets, financial statements, asset transfers and tax returns, and shall provide such additional information and documents with respect thereto as may be requested by the Monitor or the Commission. Defendant shall also cooperate fully and expeditiously with the Monitor and the Commission in carrying out all other aspects of his obligations described in this Order.
- 34. Defendant shall not transfer or cause others to transfer funds or other property to the custody, possession, or control of any member of his family or any other person for the purpose of concealing such funds or property from the Court, the Monitor or the Commission.
- 35. Pursuant to Rule 71 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, each Customer is explicitly deemed an intended third-party beneficiary of this Order, such that each Customer may seek to enforce any part of Defendant's Restitution Obligation imposed by the Order that is not satisfied at the end of the operation of the ten-year payment plan set forth in Paragraphs 25 through

29, to ensure continued compliance with any provision of this Order and to hold Defendant in contempt for past violations of any provision of this Order.

- 36. Any failure by the Defendant to carry out any of the terms, conditions or obligations under any paragraph of this Order shall constitute an Event of Default. If any Event of Default occurs, the Commission (or its designee) shall be entitled to:
  - a. an order requiring immediate payment of any unpaid Annual Restitution

    Payments, or, at the Commission's option, the entire unpaid balance, or
    any unpaid portion, of the restitution amount set forth above in paragraphs

    25 through 29 above and a civil monetary penalty; and/or
  - b. move the Court for imposition of all other available remedies, including,
     but not limited to, an order holding Defendant in contempt for violation of
     this Order.
- 37. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default based upon a claim or cause of action that Defendant failed to make any Annual Restitution Payments when due, Defendant will be barred from asserting any defense, including expiration of any statute of limitations, waiver, estoppel or laches, where such defense is based on the alleged failure of the Commission to pursue such claims or causes of action during the pendency of this civil action, during the negotiation of the Defendant's Consent to this Order or while this Order remains in effect. The only issue that Defendant may raise in defense is whether he has made the Annual Restitution Payments as directed by the Monitor. Any motion by the Commission for entry of an order pursuant to this paragraph requiring payment of less than the full amount of the Restitution Obligation, set forth in paragraph 25 through 29 above, or any acceptance by the Commission of partial payment of the Annual Restitution Payments made by the Defendant, shall not be deemed a waiver of the Commission's right to require Defendant to make further payments pursuant to the payment plans set forth above, or, in the event of a further Event of Default, a waiver of the Commission's right to require immediate payment of the entire remaining balance, or any unpaid

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portion, of the Restitution Obligation set forth in paragraph 25 through 29 above. and civil monetary penalty.

Based upon Defendant's representations in his Financial Disclosure Statement and 38. other evidence provided by Defendant to the Commission regarding his financial condition, the Court is not ordering payment of restitution and a civil monetary penalty other than as required by paragraphs 25 through 37 above. This determination is contingent upon the accuracy and completeness of Defendant's Financial Disclosure Statement, other evidence provided by Defendant regarding his financial condition, and other information provided to the Commission. If at any time following the entry of this Order, the Commission obtains information indicating that Defendant's representations to the Commission concerning his financial condition or accounting were fraudulent, misleading, inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect as of the time such representations were made, the Commission may move this Court for an order requiring Defendant to make immediate payment of his entire Restitution Obligation and a civil monetary penalty, or of any portion thereof, the amount of which shall be determined by the Commission. In connection with any such motion, the only issues shall be whether the financial information provided by Defendant was fraudulent, misleading, inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect as of the time such representations were made. In its motion, the Commission may move this Court to consider all available remedies, including, but not limited to, ordering Defendant to pay funds or transfer assets or directing the forfeiture of any assets, and the Commission may also request additional discovery. Defendant may not, by way of defense to such motion, challenge the validity of their Consent or this Order, or contest any of the Findings of Fact set forth in this Order, assert that payment of restitution and/or a civil monetary penalty should not be ordered, or contest the amount of the restitution to be paid. If in such motion, the Commission moves for, and the Court orders, payment of less than the full amount of the Restitution Obligation or the full amount of civil monetary penalty, such motion will not be deemed a waiver of the Commission's right to require Defendant to make further payment pursuant to the payment plans set forth above.

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1 OTHER PROVISIONS 2 39. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT: 3 Notices: All notices required by this Order shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt 4 requested, as follows: 5 Notice to Commission: a. Director, Division of Enforcement 6 7 Commodity Futures Trading Commission 1155 21<sup>st</sup> St. NW 8 9 Washington, DC 20581 10 Regional Counsel 11 12 Commodity Futures Trading Commission 13 10900 Wilshire Blvd. Suite 400 14 Los Angeles, CA 90024 15 16 b. Notice to Monitor: 17 Vice President, Compliance 18 National Futures Association 19 200 West Madison Street 20 Chicago, IL 60606 21 22 Notice to Defendant Alsafari: C. 23 Abdulla Alsafari 24 201 Huron Avenue 25 San Mateo, CA 94401-1218 26 27 28

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- 40. In the event that Alsafari changes his residential or business telephone number(s) and/or address(es) at any time, he shall provide written notice of the new number(s) and/or address(es) to the Monitor and to the Commission within ten (10) calendar days thereof.
- 41. This Order incorporates all of the terms and conditions of the settlement among the parties hereto. Nothing shall serve to amend or modify this Order in any respect whatsoever, unless: (1) reduced to writing; (2) signed by all parties hereto; and (3) approved by order of this Court.
- 42. The failure of any party hereto or of any customer at any time or times to require performance of any provision hereof shall in no manner affect the right of such party at a later time to enforce the same or any other provision of this Order. No waiver in one or more instances of the breach of any provision contained in this Order shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of such breach or waiver of the breach of any other provision of this Order.
- 43. This Order shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs, beneficiaries, and administrators of the parties hereto.
- 44. Upon being served with copies of this Order after entry by this Court, Alsafari shall sign an acknowledgment of such service and serve such acknowledgment on this Court and the Commission within seven (7) calendar days. Upon being served with copies of this Order after entry by the Court, the Commission shall serve a copy of the Order upon the Monitor and all persons identified in Exhibit A within seven (7) calendar days.
- 45. If any provision of this Order or the application of any provisions or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of this Order and the application of the provision to any other person or circumstance shall not be affected by the holding.

| 1  | 46. This Court shall retain jurisdiction of this cause to assure compliance with this |
|----|---|
| 2  | Order and for all other purposes related to this action.                              |
| 3  | APR X 1 2002  |
| 4  | Done and ordered this day of 2001, at San Francisco, California.                      |
| 5  | <b>SUSAN ILLSTON</b>  |
| 6  |   |
| 7  | Susan Illston   |
| 8  | UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  |
| 9  |   |
| 10 |   |
| 11 | Consented to and  |
| 12 | approved for entry by:  |
| 13 |   |
| 14 | Abdulla Alsafari  |
| 15 | In Propria Persona//  |
| 16 | Dated: $Q/-05//$ , 200 $Q$  |
| 17 |   |
| 18 | Reviewed and approved by:   |
| 19 | Myma D. Merganstein   |
| 20 | Myrna D. Morganstern Attorney for Plaintiff Commodity Futures Trading Commission      |
| 21 | ,   |
| 22 | Dated: December 10, 2001  |
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## PROOF OF SERVICE

I certify and declare that I am over the age of 18 years, employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, not a party to the above-entitled action, and am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made. My business address is 10900 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 400, Los Angeles, California 90024.

On March 29, 2002, I served a true copy of CONSENT ORDER OF PERMANENT INJUNCTION AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF AGAINST DEFENDANT ABDULLA ALSAFARI, a/k/a VINCENT ALSAFARI, a/k/a VINCENTA ALSAFARI, individually and d/b/a YENTRADING, COM; FINDINGS OF FACT by sending it via FEDERAL EXPERESS in a sealed envelope with all fees fully prepaid to the following:

Abdulla Alsafari 222 Judson Avenue San Francisco, CA 94112.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on March 29, 2002, at Los Angeles, California.

LeKeshia Williams

PROOF OF SERVICE